

TALCUM

15c. TINS FOR

5 Cents

LAWRASON & CO.

THE NAPANEE

U M 20 Jan 07 No 23 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

NAPANEE

Madill Bros

NAPANEE

SUMMER TIME NECESSITIES

Now is, or should be the time to make the necessary preparations for the summer time wearing apparel. Our Mr. Madill having returned from a flying visit to Montreal, and having secured an excellent variety of the most predominating materials, etc., which will be placed on Special Sale from time to time. In order to allow the buying public to realize more readily our strength and powerful buying facilities. We advise with EMPHASIS the necessity of reading Madill's adds and consider the savings you save, by shopping at this the most popular store.

Thursday 24th May, (Victoria Day) this
Store will be Closed.

SATURDAY SPECIAL.

A hand-bag special of real merit, just a little different from all other Yohisi, a Japanese import, not leather but a composition consisting of hemp and rice and lesser quantities of collodion, logwood and lacquer. So dexterously combined as to defy the exact proportions used, being the first of its kind in Canada. YOHISI will be a leader. As an introduction this special item for Saturday will reveal wonders, in the (Bag) world. See our Special Window Display of Yohisi Bags, and be on hand Saturday morning at 10 a.m. 49c. EACH the regular price is 75c, in colors of Brown and Black. Introduction price.....

See Our Holiday Display Window.

The Corset Department.

A Department of great importance to the well dressed lady of to-day. Stop, think for a moment the necessity of a good and perfect fitting Corset. Think for a moment the necessity of coming to this store for the greatest selection. Space will not permit details regarding our Corset Stock, but we may say that the most particular can be suited from our select and well assorted stocks.

Crompton's E. T. and B. & I.

Visit this the Dress Goods & Silk House



NEWS IN GENERAL.

Five miners were blown to pieces at Shenandoah, Pa.

Red Cross receipts for the California earthquake sufferers amount to \$2,125,000.

For the theft of \$30,000 from Forepaugh-Sells' circus in 1904 W. T. Spait was arrested.

Galvanized roofing, Plumbing and Heating.

MADOLE & WILSON.

Senator Forget reports that French capital is being sent to Canada for investment owing to the unrest in that country.

Two young children named Creamer wandered away from home at Peacock Settlement, N. B., were lost in the woods and are given up for dead.

"Herpicide" guaranteed to cure Dandruff, stops hair falling, and prevents baldness, 10 cents an application, at

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP
A. WILLIS.

The well-known farm of Wm. A. Warner about a mile from Trenton was sold last week to James Valteau of Brighton township for \$12,000. It contains 53 acres, about 30 of which is in orchard and 4 in vineyard and has good buildings.

It is said that the new steamer now running on the Deseronto route, the Jessie Bain, makes the distance between Deseronto and Picton, including stops at the various docks, in one hour and ten minutes. This is considerably better time than that made by the Deseronto before she went to the bone yard.

E. LOYST has a carload of good potatoes, Royal Household flour, all other grades. Bran, Shorts, Cream Equivalent, Flax Seed, Oil Cake, Rock Salt, barrel and sacks fine and coarse, Groceries. Highest price paid for eggs and hides. One price to all.

Mallorytown, May 14—Gaunt and pretty well exhausted, Challabran, the escaped lunatic-murderer, quietly accepted arrest at the hands of County Constable Wilbur Mallory on the main road between Mallorytown and Kingston, early Monday evening. At midnight he was taken back to the penitentiary by Detective Foster. He still wore prison trousers. Other garments he had on had been stolen, he also told the officers a location in the bush where they might recover a fur coat which he had taken from the home of Capt. Carnegie at Rockwood. A silver spoon with the Carnegie initials was found on him.

Deseronto, May 12—During the fierce electrical storm which passed over this section of the country to-night, the English church, situated on the Mohawk reserve, about one mile west of Deseronto, was completely demolished. The lightning struck the north-west corner of the structure, igniting the frame-work, and unfortunately a heavy wind from the west fanned the flames the entire length of the building. Relief was sent out from Deseronto, but as there was no water within reach they could offer no resistance to the flames. A stained glass window presented by Dr. Oronhyatekha was entirely destroyed, but nearly all the fixtures were removed. This church was a very old one and has a very interesting history. The congregation

Visit this the Dress Goods & Silk House



SATURDAY SPECIAL.

Dress Muslins,

Dress Muslins.

500 yards Neat, Dainty, Vistal Dimity Muslins in 10 distinct patterns, Dots, Scroll and Floral designs. This is a Madill Special, not old stock, but specially purchased for this sale. Guaranteed 15c. quality. Our price on Saturday **9 1/2 c. YARD**

Watch this Space from Time to Time.

CARPETS.

Are you thinking of New Carpets? If so it will pay you to think of Madill's also, whatever we show you will be this season's importations, and all exclusive patterns. Never had we so large a range of patterns before, and we never did so large a Carpet business. Come to the ground floor department, where lots of room and light prevail, and when you're selecting Carpets take plenty of time, exercise your best judgement, and pay enough to get something good. You'll find us always prepared to meet your wants.

We have lately imported from Japan almost enough Matting for all of Napanee. Prices range from 15c. a yard.

NEW Gloria Silks for Dusters and Suits, New Embroidered Waists, New Check and Overcheck, Summer Coats, New Gloves, New Ribbons, New Muslins, New Persian Lawns, New Belts, New Trimmings When you want the latest and newest come to Madill's.

MADILL BROS.



Gettin' Wisdom

is a comparatively easy task if you start it while you are young. Don't allow your children's eyes to be ruined for all time because "they look too 'ded' with glasses on."

We'll tell you the truth as to whether they need glasses or not, and charge you nothing for the telling.

Headaches in children are suspicious. We are also the best people to guarantee the quality of our frames, it being part of our Jewelry business to acquire that ability and knowledge.

F. CHINNECK'S

THE STORE OF QUALITY,
Near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

Lawn Mowers and Garden Hose,
MADOLE & WILSON.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP \$3,000,000
RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED
PROFITS - - - - - \$3,722,000
TOTAL ASSETS - - - - - \$39,000,000

Savings Bank Department

Interest paid on deposits of One Dollar and upwards, and compounded half yearly.
Interest allowed on

Cheese Factory Accounts

Advances made on Farmers' Sale Notes. Drafts and Letters of Credit issued upon all parts of the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

Farmers Attention!

We wish to contract for

50 ACRES OF TOMATOES

for which we will

PAY HIGHEST PRICE

For particulars call at E. W. Loyst's Feed Store, Napanee.

COLLIER BROS.

231

S. CASEY DENISON,

Will be pleased to have your trade in

Groceries, Provisions,
Flour, Feed, Salt, Straw,
Pressed Hay, Etc.
PRICES ALL YS RIGHT.

TEA CANVASSERS WANTED.

It will pay you to investigate my goods prices, and complete outfit of samples and instructions. A trial order solicited. ALFRED TYLER, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ont. Apply Box E Express Office, Napanee.

Well the ONE BRIGHT SPOT IN NAPANEE

Certainly was an easy guess, so many guessed it was the

King Edward Barber Shop

-AND-

Cigar Store, Napanee.

Mr. C. H. Keld being the winner, as he was the first to hand in the correct answer to LAWRASON'S.

Try the KING EDWARD and convince yourself as to First-Class Work and all the latest city improvements.

All our 10c. Cigars 4 for 25c.

Maximum light at minimum cost procured by using our improved gas lamps.
MADOLE & WILSON.

fixtures were removed. This church was a very old one and has a very interesting history. The congregation have in their possession a communion set presented by Queen Anne. Many of the chiefs and their families of this tribe of Mohawks have been buried within its burial grounds. The storm was the worst that has occurred in this vicinity for some time.

If You Want Good Paint.

Buy Ramsay's Paints—they are easy of application because they are simply good old fashioned pure Linseed Oil Paints put together with machinery made for paint making. The Floor Paint dries hard with a good gloss and wears better than most of the mixed Paints. Price 35 cents per imperial quart. Sole agent for Napanee—T. B. WALLACE, at the Red Cross Drug Store.

VENNACHAR

A belt of snow a few miles wide and about two inches thick, fell in this vicinity on the 9th.

F. H. Wensley was here last week, buying cattle for his ranch.

R. W. Conner made a circle on the 10th and 11th via Matawatchan, Camel Chute and Plainfield, buying cattle and lambs, procuring a large number of the latter.

John Card has returned to his home at Plevna.

W. H. Henry has returned to his home in Kingston, after a few days' visit with the family of Frederick Ball.

Miss Ethel Beebe and Miss McDonald Swamp Road, visited at the home of G. M. Beebe's.

Robert Conner is visiting at Mrs. E. W. Sweetnam's.

Mrs. A. H. Gregg and James Sallans who were on the sick list last week, are able to be about again.

Robert Gregg made a business trip to Wensley, Saturday.

Rev. A. H. Huffman, Arden, supplied the Methodist pulpit.

Use Prism Brand Floor Enamel. It dries quickly, has a varnish gloss, and is true to color. The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

YARKER.

Miss Edith Baxter and Mrs. A. W. Benjamin are in New York.

Miss J. Nasmith, of the Holiness Movement, in Yarker, said farewell to her people and friends on Tuesday night. She has been with us here for over two years, and we all regret her departure from here, as she has been a faithful worker for the cause of God. Miss James, Napanee, left with her.

Rev. Mr. Farnsworth, has been attending the district meeting of the Methodist church in Napanee.

E. W. Benjamin has a gang of men at work sawing hub timber. The wheel factory hands are all working overtime now, owing to press of orders.

A. Smith and family, have gone to Rochester, N. Y.

M. Cambridge has sold his bakery and dwelling to a Mr. Allen, Marlbank. Mr. Cambridge has moved into the terrace for a few months.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Kelly, visiting at Stanley Shultz, returned to their home in Watertown, N. Y.

F. E. Benjamin intends leaving for the west.

Screen doors and windows, refrigerators,
MADOLE & WILSON.

Painting, White.

If you intend painting white either inside or outside, use Sherwin-Williams Gloss White. It will cover more surface, wear longer, remain whiter, and cost you less than any other white paint. It will not chalk off like Pure White Lead. Ask us for prices before painting. The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper, Sole agent for Napanee.

THE EXPRESS.

Summer is Coming!

Better lay in a supply of Talcum Powder now while we are selling the regular size tins at 5c.

LAWRASON & CO.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

DA—FRIDAY, MAY 18th 1906



THE LATE D. W. ALLISON.

Universal regret was expressed in town on Tuesday afternoon, when it was learned that Mr. David W. Allison had passed away at his home in Adolphustown. Deceased had been in failing health for the past few months and his death was not unexpected. A couple of years ago he was severely injured at Picton races, and since that time had never enjoyed his usual robust health. D. W. Allison was a grandson of Benjamin Allison, the first of the Allison family to settle in Canada, and his late residence now stands but a short distance from the spot where the pioneers first landed.

Deceased has for many years been a prominent figure in the life and times of the Township of Adolphustown and in fact the whole County of Lennox. In a number of political contests in Lennox he was the Liberal standard bearer and was elected to the Dominion Parliament in 1883 and again in 1891 and by his death Liberalism loses one of its most staunch supporters in this county. In 1781 he was elected warden of Lennox and Addington county and made an excellent presiding officer, assisting materially in the important work of consolidating the county debt.

Socially he was held in the highest esteem. He was a member of the Masonic craft, having received the highest degrees obtainable in this country.

He married Amelia Elizabeth Embury, a member of one of the oldest families in the township. His hospitality was unbounded, and his home the centre of social life in that community. Mr. Allison was a member of the Methodist church, and one of its liberal supporters.

Deceased was born and bred in Adolphustown and with the exception of a few years spent in Michigan his whole life was spent in this county.

Some time after leaving school the late Mr. Allison entered commercial pursuits, and how successful his exertions were is best learned by looking at the position which he held in the industrial life of the country. By his keen business tact he amassed a fortune which he employed by promoting the prosperity of the community in various active pursuits. Every enterprise which promised to be of public advantage received his encouragement and support. He was extensively engaged in the manufacture of lumber and salt in the Saginaw Valley, Mich., and held important interests in mineral lands. In addition to such enterprises Mr. Allison engaged in farming upon

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.
30-3-m

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,

Napanee, May 14th, 1906.

A special session of the Council was held Monday evening. Mayor Lowry presiding. Councillors present—Meng Graham, Kinnerly, Normile.

At eight o'clock the members of the School Board made their appearance, it being the regular meeting night of the board, and the council vacated, and finished the remainder of their business in the police court office.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was read from R. S. Kelsch, Montreal, in which he suggested that the rate for electricity be 15 cents per kilowatt, instead of 10c. per kilowatt, and that a discount of 33 per cent be allowed on all bills paid when due. Fyled for future reference.

A communication was read from Allis-Chalmers-Bullock Co., Montreal, asking payment of one-third of their account, as per contract for electrical goods supplied for electric light system. The total amount of their account is \$5480.00. Laid on table.

A price list for electrical supplies from C. W. Bongard Co. was ordered fyled for future reference.

A communication was read from the Robb Engineering Co., Amherst, N. S. in which they advised the council as to where they might secure the services of an efficient engineer for electric light system. Laid on the table until the next meeting of council.

In reference to the purchase of a hose wagon for use of fire brigade, the Canadian Fire Engine Co., of London, Ont. quoted prices as follows: \$350 for wagon which would carry 1000 feet of hose and up to date in every particular or \$300 for wagon without fixtures for carrying Babcock chemical engines; for a single set of harness from \$45 to \$50. Laid on table.

The Hugh Cameron Co., Toronto, quoted \$425 as the price for an up-to-date hose waggon. Laid on table.

The tenders of R. Light and Rathbun Co., for plank, etc., was referred to the Street Committee to report at next meeting of council.

The Fire, Water and Light Committee reported as follows: account of Chas. Anderson correct; the account of the Gas. Co. correct; coal used to heat town hall during winter of 1904-1905, eleven tons. Coal used during winter months of 1905-1906, fifteen tons, a difference of four tons; recommended that the extra coal burned last winter be charged to Eastern Methodist church; as to amount of gas consumed in town hall would suggest waiting awhile so that committee could make better comparison. Report adopted.

The Poor and Sanitary committee reported recommending that no action be taken in reference to removal of John Wickham, to Kingston. Adopted.

Councillors Normile and Meng moved a motion in reference to surplus water running over sidewalks from gangways along Dundas street. The question was left in the hands of the town solicitor, and if it can be legally attended to, the property owners responsible will be asked to take such steps as will do away with this undesirable nuisance. The motion carried.

WHEN and WHERE

WHEN you should buy your New Spring Hat is something for you to decide.

WHERE you should buy it is also in your own hands.

But we owe it to our great gathering from the style starting points to tell you something about it—to suggest that before you buy you see what's here.

Exclusive styles in Ready-to-Wears.—We are opening up to-day the latest designs in New York Sailors.

Our stock of Gloves, Hosiery, Corsets, Ladies' Vests is well assorted with all the leading lines.

All the latest Novelties in Belts, Collars, Scarfs, Veilings, Etc.

We invite attention also to our line of Fine Ladies' Blouses in Washable Silk and Muslin.

We are also agents for the New York Silk Waist Company.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION

—ON—

MAY 29th, at 11 a.m.,

ON THE PREMISES.

The Large Frame Dwelling, with half of Lot No. 20, on the corner of Mill and West Streets, known as "THE DETLOR PROPERTY."

And immediately afterwards the Brick Store and Dwelling, on the corner of Dundas and West Streets, known as "THE CLAPP PROPERTY."

Terms of Sale 10% of the purchase price at time of sale, balance on easy payments to suit purchaser.

For further particulars apply to

H. WARNER, Napanee, or J. A. GOULD, Kingston.

23b

E. S. LAPUM, Auctioneer.

F. CHINNECK, NAPANEE—White Orpington Eggs, good quality, for \$1.00 per 13—great layers. Good Breeding Stock for sale now. 22c

SELECTED WHEAT LANDS IN WESTERN Canada near transcontinental railroad. Exceptional investments, absolutely safe and profitable. Full particulars on application. Denny & Pringle, Melita, Man., or Kenosha, Wis.

large received his encouragement and support. He was extensively engaged in the manufacture of lumber and salt in the Saginaw Valley, Mich., and held important interests in mineral lands. In addition to such enterprises Mr. Allison engaged in farming upon an extensive scale, and was some years ago the largest land owner in the county of Lennox and Addington.

Besides his wife, four children are left, viz: Dr. David Allison, Williams-town, N. Y.; May L. Allison, Oshawa; John B. Allison, Custom's Collector at Napanee, and Raymond J. Allison, at home. The remaining brothers are: Cyrus Allison, Parma; Joseph Allison, Adolphustown. John and Henry died some years ago. The sisters are: Mrs. Guasulas, and Mrs. Mallory, Adolphustown; and Mrs. W. Briden, Kingston.

The funeral took place yesterday and the remains were placed in the splendid Mausoleum which deceased erected years ago on the bay shore. It is solid cut stone, which is nearly as indestructible, either by time or the elements, as it is possible to make, and there the remains of himself and family will be placed when their career here is ended.

The following gentlemen from Napanee attended the funeral: Jas. Daly, D. H. Preston, F. Burrows, T. B. Geyman, J. L. Boyes, T. Symington, M. S. Madole, C. M. Warner, and Dr. Leonard.

For Marking Linen.

WALLACE'S RED CROSS DRUG STORE sells and indelible ink for marking Linen that makes a jet black mark, is easy to use and does not wash out. Price is 25c.

AMHERST ISLAND.

Saturday night's electrical storm did considerable damage to the frame dwelling of Henry Filson, Amherst Island. The lightning played down the chimney, to the first floor. By a queer freak several spots in the front room carpet were burned; plaster was knocked off the walls; part of the foundation of the house knocked out and the roof around the chimney burned. Mr. and Mrs. Filson, sitting in the dining-room, received a severe shock.

The great curative powers of this remarkable remedy is attracting much attention and everywhere it has been introduced it is winning its way among the people. It is a

Tuck's Bone Oil powerful, penetrating oil which we believe has a larger percentage of cures of rheumatism to its credit than any other remedy ever offered for this dread disease. It acts directly on the bone—the lodging place of rheumatism—dispels the poisonous acid from the joints to be carried out the system in the natural way and by its splendid work has proved that the surest and quickest method of getting relief from the torturing pains of rheumatism, as well as the common sense way, is by a direct attack on the affected part. For the small ills of life it is invaluable.

Mr. W. H. Thomas of Lombardy writes as follows:—I was subject to stiff neck. Suffered for years and have been as long as two weeks at a time unable to turn my head without turning my whole body. I doctored and got relief only to have the trouble return again. In August last I had a severe attack and I tried Tuck's Rheumatism Bone Oil having been reading in the papers about how good it was for rheumatism &c. Three applications completely cured me and I have had no return of the trouble since. I recommend Tuck's Bone Oil to everyone.

W. H. Thomas, Lombardy, Ont.
For rheumatism, lame back, neuralgia, sprains, coughs, colds, quinsy or bronchitis, in short for any and all kinds of inflammation there is nothing to equal Tuck's Bone Oil. A bottle should be on the shelf in every home. For sale by all medicine dealers at 50c a bottle or sent prepaid by the Tuck Bone Oil Co., Limited, Smith's Falls, Ontario.

gangs along Dundas street. The question was left in the hands of the town solicitor, and if it can be legally attended to, the property owners responsible will be asked to take such steps as will do away with this undesirable nuisance. The motion carried.

Mr. F. Ruttan, tax collector appeared before the council in reference to some errors in the collector's roll. Referred to Court of Revision to adjust.

The question of securing the services of a competent engineer for the electric light works was left over until the next session of council.

The account of the Allis-Chalmers Bullock Co. was referred to the Finance Committee.

Moved by Com. Meng, seconded by Com. Kimmerly, that the Clerk write the G. S. W. Tel. Co. stating that the council was willing to pay \$20 per year for use of some of their poles on Dundas street (about 42) for electric light purposes, but were not willing to assume any debt contracted by any other company agreed.

The account of Madole & Wilson was referred to the Finance Committee to report at next meeting of council. Council adjourned.

YOU MUST VOTE OR BE DISQUALIFIED.

Ottawa, May 15.—The Committee on Election Laws having at previous meetings heard representatives from Manitoba and other persons interested in the conduct of elections, this morning commenced the actual work of revising the existing laws with a view to securing cleaner elections.

The clauses as adopted by the committee for recommendation to the house are as follows: **COMPULSORY VOTING.**

(1) Any person who does not vote at an election at which he is qualified to vote shall be disqualified from voting at any similar election for a term of six years. (2) No person shall, however be so disqualified if he has been prevented from voting by illness or by any other good or sufficient reason, and any such person may obtain from a Judge of any court of record, upon satisfying such Judge upon oath or affirmation that he had a good and sufficient reason for not voting, a certificate of franchise annulling the disqualification which certificate may be in the form K. (3) Any person who, while disqualified under the provisions of this section, votes or attempts to vote in any election shall be liable to a fine of not less than fifty dollars and costs, and not more than one hundred dollars and costs; or in default of payment of such fine and costs, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding three months, and not less than one month, with or without hard labor.

Sections 9 and 113 of Dominion elections act 1900 are hereby repealed, and the following is substituted for section 113:

The hiring or paying for, or promising to pay for, any horse, team, carriage, cab, or other vehicle, or for any boat, steamboat or other vessel, by any candidate or agent, or other person on his behalf, to convey any voter or voters to or from the polls, or to or from the neighborhood thereof at any election, or the payment by any candidate or his agent, or other person on his behalf of travelling or other expenses of any voter in going to or returning from any election, are unlawful acts. (2) Every candidate or other person so offending shall forfeit the sum of one hundred dollars to any person who sues therefor. (3) Every person demanding or receiving from any candidate or his agent, or other person in his behalf, payment for the use of any horse, team, carriage, cab or other vehicle, or for any boat, steamboat, or other vessel, for conveying voters aforesaid, shall forfeit the sum of one hundred dollars to any person who sues therefor.

Wire Fencing from 30c per rod. Cheaper than you can buy wire and put it up at BOYLE & SON.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

CHINNECK, NAPANEE—White Orpington Eggs, good quality, for \$1.00 per 15—great layers. Good Breeding Stock for sale now. 22c

SEALED TENDERS FOR THE BUILDING of an Anglican Church, at Morven will be received up to 4 p.m. on SATURDAY, MAY 19th, at my office, where plans and specifications can now be seen. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. 22b F. F. MILLER, C. E.

EXECUTORS SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

The Executrix of the last Will and Testament of James Watson late of the Township of Richmond, Farmer, will offer for sale by public auction at the Court House in the town of Napanee on Monday the 21st. day of May, A. D. 1906, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the following lands, being Lot number Five in the Third Concession of the Township of Sheffield in the County of Lennox and Addington lying south east of White Lake and the road allowance between Lot Five and Six in the said Third Concession containing about 150 acres. Upon the premises are erected a frame dwelling house and a frame barn. The farm is under a good state of cultivation and well adapted for stock raising and is situated about 2 1/2 miles from Tainworth and one mile from Erinsville. Conditions of Sale will be made known at time of sale.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS apply to JOHN ENGLISH, Vendor's Solicitor. DATED at Napanee this 23rd. day of April A. D. 1906.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON. IN THE ESTATE OF JAMES WATSON, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 1897, Chapter 123, section 38, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of James Watson, late of the Township of Richmond in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, deceased, are required on or before the 23rd. day of May A. D. 1906, to send by post prepaid or to deliver to John English, Solicitor for the Executrix of the said James Watson, their names and addresses and a full statement of particulars of their claims and nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 23rd. day of May A. D. 1906, the said Executrix of the said James Watson, the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice and that the said Executrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received at the time of the said distribution.

JOHN ENGLISH, Solicitor for the Executrix. DATED at Napanee, this 23rd. day of April, A. D. 1906. 20d

IT'S DELICIOUS!

What's Delicious?
A Cup of Malagama Black Tea. Try half pound package, which will only cost you 20 cents, and which we think you will want more of after trying.
For sale by THE COXALL CO.

SELECTED WHEAT LANDS IN WESTERN Canada near transcontinental railroad. Exceptional investments, absolutely safe and profitable. Full particulars on application. Denny & Pringle, Melita, Man. or Kenosha, Wis.

WANTED, by Chicago wholesale house, special representative (man or woman) for each province, Canada. Salary \$20.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging. Address Manager, 132 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the hearing and determining of appeals against the assessment of the Village of Bath, for the year 1906, will be held in the Town Hall, Bath, on SATURDAY, MAY 26th, 1906, at 7:30 p.m.
MAX. ROBINSON, Clerk of the Municipality of Bath.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the first sitting of the Court of Revision for the Municipality of Denbigh Abinger and Ashby, for the year 1906, will be held at the Vennachar School house, on SATURDAY, JUNE 2nd, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
All persons having complaints entered with the Clerk are required to attend said court.
PAUL STEIN, Township Clerk.

Denbigh, May 9th, 1906.

FINE FARM FOR SALE—John M. Hawley offers for sale, his farm of 200 acres, situated at Hawley, 2nd concession, South Fredericksburgh. This is one of the very best farms in the county, well drained and fenced, and free from foul seed. 160 acres under good cultivation, 10 acres woodland, 30 acres new land ready to stump. Good orchard, 4 splendid wells. Fine brick residence, lawn and shade trees. 2 large barns, tenant house, new poultry house, hog house, etc. Very convenient to church, school, post office and blacksmith shop. 8 miles from Napanee, 4 miles from Bath, and 3 miles from station. For further particulars enquire of
16-3m JOHN M. HAWLEY.

ATTEND THE BEST.

Ambitious young men and women who are contemplating a Commercial Education in Shortland, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, etc., or Civil Service course, will find the

Frontenac Business College

Kingston, Ontario,
the best equipped and most up-to-date business training institution in Eastern Ontario.
Students may enter at any time, and all graduates are assisted to good paying situations. Write for catalog and rates.
W. H. SHAW, T. N. STOCKDALE, President, Principal.

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, Toronto.
Authorized Capital \$2,000,000.
President, Edward Gurney; General Manager, G. de C. O'Grady.

To accommodate the people of Napanee and district, The Crown Bank of Canada will be open **SATURDAY EVENINGS** from 7 to 9.

INTEREST PAID ON EPOSITS 4 TIMES A YEAR AND CALCULATED FROM DATE OF DEPOSIT.

Farmer's notes discounted — farmers' sales notes collected.

A General Banking business transacted.
Your Account is Solicited.
BURNETT LAING, Acting Manager.
Napanee Branch.

No Adulteration

Is used in the preparation of

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CEYLON GREEN TEA.

THE TEA THAT OUTCLASSES ALL JAPANS.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

LEAD PACKETS ONLY.

40c. per lb. and 60c. per lb.
AT ALL GROCERS

Finest Climate In Canada.

THE BEST LAND
in Canada for
MIXED FARMING

THAT'S
CENTRAL
ALBERTA.

Write Secretary,
Board of Trade,
EDMONTON, ALBERTA,
For Information About It.
Please Mention this Paper

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Only weariness can sweeten rest.
To revenge a wrong is to repeat it.
Where no love is lost no life is found.
Souls are not cemented by soft saw-

der.

You never find truth by losing the temper.

Straight lacing will not cure crooked living.

Delight is never found in flight from duty.

Fruits of faith come from roots in character.

There are no riches where the heart can find no rest.

He seals himself to-night who sins against the light.

Only through personal character comes permanent civilization.

He cannot control the output of his life who does not guard its inlets.

A man is often best known for the things he thinks he keeps to himself.

There is no virtue in the good turn that you hope to turn into a good trade.

An imperfect deed of right is better than the most complete analysis of it.

It takes the gold a long time to learn not to pray to be delivered from the fire.

The best life is that which immediately and implicitly obeys the best it knows.

Tapering off a bad habit is often only the whittling of the kindling for a new start.

Some men think they are flying to glory when they are only fleeing from the chores.

The man who lets greed block up the windows of his soul always talks about this as a dark old world.

You cannot measure your fidelity to your friend by the facility with which you find fault with him.

It is worth while to remember that it is a good deal easier to learn a thing than it is to forget it.

You may buy a million with your manhood; but you cannot redeem it with many millions, when once it is sold.

There is only one man on earth who thinks that a holy tone is a heavenly tune and that is the man who is making the noise.

.... AN AMUSING STORY.

How a Bishop Took Advantage of King's Promise.

Winchester Cathedral, which, according to an official statement, is in peril of becoming a ruin, was the scene of a serious collapse quite early in its history. On October 7, 1107, the centre tower fell, and the monkish chroniclers attributed the collapse to the fact that the building of the structure, twenty years previously, on the site of the Saxon Cathedral. The King granted the Bishop as much wood from the Forest of Hempage as he could cut in four days and nights. The Bishop gathered together a small army of men and cut down the whole forest!

CRIPPLING SCIATICA.

A Sure and Certain Way to Cure This Terrible Torture.

There is just one sure, scientific cure for sciatica, rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, headaches — you must drive the pain from your blood and nerves with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Liniments never cure nerve and blood diseases. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike right straight at the cause because they actually make new blood. Through the blood they conquer the painful poison, soothe the nerves, loosen the muscles and banish every ache and pain. Mr. Thos. J. Etsell, Walkerton, Ont., says: "When I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I had been off work for three months. The cords of my right leg were all drawn up and I could only limp along with the aid of a stick. The pain I suffered was terrible. Only those who have been afflicted with sciatica can understand the misery I was in both day and night. I took six boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills before they helped me, but after that every day saw an improvement, and by the time I had used fifteen boxes, every vestige of the pain had disappeared. I have no hesitation in pronouncing Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the best medicine in the world for sciatica."

Every dose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills makes rich, pure, health-giving blood. That is why they cure headaches and backaches, indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, anamia, heart palpitation, and the ills that afflict women only. But be sure you get the genuine pills with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around each box. Imitations are worthless—often dangerous. All medicine dealers sell these pills or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL
AND HIS PEOPLE.

KAI WANG;

A TALE OF SOUTHERN
CHINA.

CHAPTER VI.

That remarkable man, Kai Wang, who cunningly devised the wonderfully ugly images before which half of the Chinese swarming millions daily prostrated themselves, had long since mastered the English tongue—indeed, save for an occasional lapse into the flowery style of his people, he used better grammar than many whose lives had been spent within the confines of old London.

In fact, the Oriental pagan had been around the world, connected with the English and American embassies, and discovered a thousand facts connected with his country's backward position in the race of nations.

Perhaps he had also learned that poor old China would never amount to a row of pins until her people began to recognize the truth, and think less of their gods and their dead ancestors, occupying their minds more with the present and future conditions.

Some people may even be so uncharitable as to question the genuine nature of Kai Wang's desire to lead his people in better ways, but it must be remembered that the Mongolian race does almost everything from the opposite standpoint taken by Christian nations, and, seen through Chinese spectacles, Kai Wang's procedure was the most rational in the world; he believed that by making his idols more and more hideous he could by degrees smother the desire for worship. Larry had argued in vain—Larry, who, recognizing the perverse nature of John Chinaman, believed the Celestials adored ugliness even as other nations worshiped beauty, and that by the time the genius of his friend produced a masterpiece of hideous deformity, before which all other monsters must hide their diminished heads in shame, the Chinese empire would rise up as a man and plunge deeper into their idolatry because of it.

And Larry had long since concluded that a native of the Flowery Kingdom was about as tough a specimen of the genus homo, when it came to argument, as could be found.

He now turned the search-light of his intellect upon the elucidation of the new problem, and in his most diplomatic manner besought Kai Wang to relieve the suspense by which he was well-nigh overwhelmed.

Thus adjured, the master mechanic of the idol manufactory broke the mysterious silence that had brooded over him since Larry's homecoming, and proceeded to pour out a tale that might have made a Munchausen blush for envy.

Larry knew how to sift the sand for shining particles of precious gold, even as might an experienced Balleret miner, and by thus reducing to plain English the magnificent court language which the accomplished Kai Wang dispensed by the yard, the result might be summed up briefly as follows:

Kai Wang had a visitor during his absence.

This in itself was not so strange, for there was seldom an hour of the day that the front office of the god-maker was not occupied by some representative of a Chinese trading company desirous of holding a monopoly of a certain brand of brass or china deity in favorite use among the communities of their section—indeed, many a time since

avenue of escape, and then he launched forth.

Kai Wang actually showed signs of emotion when repeating the wonderful story of how the present Emperor, having outlived his usefulness in the eyes of the potent power behind the throne, might some day in the near future be secretly deposed or disposed of—it mattered very little which—and a new Pharaoh be placed upon the throne who would not know Joseph—otherwise Kai Wang. A wise man usually gets in out of the wet, and it behooved the rich maker of premium gods to forswear his allegiance to the fortunes of Li Hung Chang, now on the downward grade, and form a new alliance with these in the confidence of that remarkable woman whose word was really law in the vast provinces of the empire.

Startling as this announcement might seem, it was, as wise Kai Wang well knew, but the forerunner of the supreme demand up to which the astute Russian led by graduated stages.

When he believed the proper time had arrived to spring his mine, he did so with a considerable display of fireworks.

He informed the merchant that suspicion had been aroused concerning his loyalty—that it was even said he had been in league with those who were arrayed against their real sovereign, the Empress, and concerned in an attempt that had been made some time in the last moon to smuggle the prisoner Emperor away, so that he could head an insurrection against the authorities. Kai Wang's experience as an aide to the great English fighter, General Chinese Gordon, during the famous Tai-Ping rebellion, had made him an authority in such weighty matters.

Finally, it was also suspected that he had been harboring one of the base conspirators, a dangerous foreign fanatic, who would set all China by the ears if allowed his own sweet will, and whom the authorities desired to suppress, smother, cause to disappear.

Then came the demand—would Kai Wang prove his loyalty to the Queen Dowager by delivering up the body of this pernicious mischief maker, together with what seditious documents he might perchance have upon his person, so that the seeds of rebellion might not be scattered broadcast and bring about serious disasters?

About this time it may be assumed there was a smile that was childlike and bland upon the disguised features of the little wearer of the yellow jacket.

Larry could appreciate a joke, and he felt greatly flattered at the discovery that he was an object of so much solicitude to this high and mighty representative of the Great Bear. The recollection of the precious papers that reposed so snugly within the consulate safe gave him still more solid satisfaction; they might do with him as they pleased, physically; but his work could not be disturbed; he felt very much as did Bismarck when his enemies at home began to disturb him, even to hostile threats. "They may hang Bismarck, but I am content if the rope will only bind united Germany closer to the Prussian throne," he boldly declared, to the admiration of a patriot-loving people.

Kai Wang refused to commit himself—the yawning trap was too evident, and he was ready to meet the emer-

with many millions, when once it is sold.

There is only one man on earth who thinks that a holy tone is a heavenly tune and that is the man who is making the noise.

Some men never find anything they can stick to until they get in the slough of despond.

AN AID TO MOTHERS.

Baby's Own Tablets is the very best medicine in the world for curing the minor ailments of babies and young children. It is the best because it is absolutely harmless. It is the best because it never fails to effect a cure. A few doses relieves and cures constipation, indigestion, colic, diarrhoea and simple fevers. It breaks up colds—thus preventing croup—expels worms and brings teething without tears. Not one particle of opiate or poisonous soothing stuff is in this medicine. Mrs. Hugh B. Denton, Scotchtown, N.B., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and have always found them a satisfactory medicine." You can get the Tablets from any medicine dealer or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TRAINING FOR DUELS.

Frenchmen Practice on Each Other With Hollow Bullets.

Parisians have been enabled by the invention of a hollow bullet to "train" for duels under the realistic condition of shooting at and being shot by, a living instead of practicing at an inanimate target, which does not fire back.

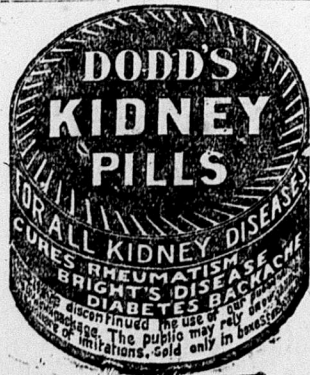
Dr. Deidiers is the inventor, and he has opened a club called, "La Societe l'Assaut au Pistolet." Forty of the best "shoots" in Paris fired in pairs at one another one morning last week in the Jardin de Paris.

Of 272 shots fired, 202 hits were recorded. Commandant Ferrus and Mr. Winans each made full scores, and in the final round shot each other over the heart. While all wore goggles and some padded blouses and gloves, Mr. Winans shot in his buttoned frock coat. The bullet is harmless, and can be used several times, but the blow on the ball of the thumb of one of the contestants required surgical treatment.

The training is of unique value for a real duel. Men who never missed a "dead" target were quite disconcerted by the raising of their opponent's arm to fire.

WIFE ATE DOG'S MEAT.

A remarkable charge was made against a husband the other day at the Marblebone, (London), Police Court. His wife was granted a separation order. Mrs. Bryant, wife of a draughtsman, living at Ranelagh road, Leytonstone, said her husband had kept her so short of money that on one occasion she actually had to eat dogs' food. On several occasions she declared he had concealed himself in the dark and then jumped out upon her to frighten her, besides which he had tried to strangle her, had kicked her, and smacked her, and had set a dog upon her.



NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

It is understood that a fleet of American warships will visit Portsmouth this summer.

Mr. Keir-Hardie recently entertained the Labor party and others to dinner in the House of Commons.

The Socialists have been utterly routed at the Edmonton District Council election by the Moderates.

Clubs have been formed at Tilbury and North Woolwich exclusively for the use of Japanese sailors.

The King has consented to open the new Building of the Hearts of Oak Benefit Society on Saturday, May 26.

Fifty thousand tons of coal, believed to be for the use of London gasworks, will shortly be shipped to London from Rotterdam.

As the result of swallowing a half penny about a month ago, Beresford Drake, a little boy of eight, died in the Bristol Infirmary.

Rotherham Borough Council declined by twenty votes to nine to reinstate Miss Turner, the pupil teacher who refused to take off her engagement ring.

A tradesman named Whitehouse was fined for obstruction at Rowley. When he was served with a summons he exhibited it in his shop window for four days, causing further obstruction.

At West Mersea a Roman watch-tower which was discovered some time ago is being broken up and the massive bricks of which it is comprised are being used for borders for gardens and even for the metalling garden paths.

Postage on letters from this country to the Bechuanaland and Rhodesia has been reduced to 1d. the half ounce, but at present no reduction will be made for letters travelling in the opposite direction.

Among the articles left in train on the S. E. and C. Railway, which are now being sold by auction, are seven leopard skins, a bow and arrows, a portable pulpit, a bootmaker's platform, and several bottles of champagne.

To get rid of the plague of rats which still continues at the Elton Union Workhouse, the wife of a bishop has suggested that the master should procure a mongoose, an animal which had effectually cleared the bishop's palace of a similar plague.

Having received from a lady a claim for the loss of a goose "by drowning," Tavistock Rural District Council have appointed a committee to inquire into the circumstances.

As compared with the 15s. formerly earned daily by each horse drawn omnibus between Nottingham and Sneinton, the corporation's new motor-omnibuses earn about £8 10 s. each.

Some 7,000 men from eleven of the collieries in the Aberdare district gave notice on Saturday to terminate their contracts at the end of this month, and it is feared that a strike will result.

JUMPS TO HER DEATH.

School Girl Prefers Suicide to the Disgrace of Expulsion.

A mysterious tragedy has occurred in a training college for women teachers at Versailles, France. A girl named Emilie had been for over two years one of the best pupils in the college, and was as popular with the professors as with her fellow-students.

But about a fortnight ago a change was noticed in the attitude of the principal and the professors towards her, and finally the head mistress informed her that she was expelled. Crying bitterly, the girl rushed upstairs to her room, opened the dormitory window and jumped out, being killed instantly upon the pavement of the courtyard.

Burial has been forbidden by the authorities until an enquiry has been made.

was not occupied by some representative of a Chinese trading company desirous of holding a monopoly of a certain brand of brass or china deity in favorite use among the communities of their section—indeed, many a time since Larry's secret advent under that hospitable roof a clash had occurred between rival claimants, and once it had even been necessary to call in the imperial police to quell the disturbance, which threatened to wreck the stock in trade of Kai Wang, and have the offenders haled before the yamen, or court of justice.

Fancy this thing in the presence of such an assemblage of gods as the most famous joss house in all China could not boast; evidently there are times when reverence is due the graven image, and others when the great joss only represents so much money invested in more or less precious metal.

This visitor who dropped in upon Kai Wang was no ordinary individual; he came not to spend his hoarded taels for a monstrosity that was warranted to scare all lesser devils from out his domicile, if properly propitiated.

When Kai Wang first mentioned the fact that his caller was a Russian, Larry's ears became more than ever alert, and his nostrils dilated much after the manner of the thoroughbred war-horse as it scents the well remembered odor of battle smoke.

Just then, after his recent experience in the Forbidden City of Peking, a Russian acted upon Larry as the sight of a head is said to influence the valiant Irishmen who visit Donnybrook Fair; he had an overpowering desire to hit hard.

Instinctively he knew who this Russian was, and thought he could suspect the motive of his visit.

Thank fortune he turned up just an hour too late, since the valuable documents, signed and sealed by the wretched Emperor in due fashion, were being snugly deposited in the safe of the British consul's office at that identical time.

So much for the sleuthhounds of Peking.

It had taken them as long to track Larry to the house of Kai Wang in Canton as Avis consumed in her journey from London through the Suez Canal, around India and the Straits of Malacca, up the China Sea. In this respect they bear some resemblance to some of our own wonderful detectives who consume so much time in pursuing an ignis fatuus, and quibbling over minor points that concern only their standing in the case, that the criminal reaches the uttermost parts of the earth ere they discover that he is a badly-wanted individual.

The diplomatic representative from the land of the Neva knew what manner of reputation Kai Wang had among his fellows as a shrewd, up-to-date man of the times, and instead of brusquely demanding whether it was true that the other sheltered a wounded foreign devil, he beat around the bush, approaching the subject half a dozen times much as a lightweight boxer might dance up to his antagonist and then drop back again without an exchange of blows; because the coveted opportunity was hardly ripe.

By degrees the Russian became confidential, and sought to sound Kai Wang as though desirous of ascertaining just where his sympathies lay in the diplomatic battle that was on between the party of the Dowager Empress and that represented by Li Hung Chang and the puppet Emperor.

But Kai Wang refused the bait, knowing full well where Count Petroskey's sympathies lay, since the Empress favored the Russians, while the progressive party, led by the grand old viceroy, lately home from his triumphal tour of the world, was dead set upon cultivating more intimate relations with the Anglo-Saxon race.

Baffled after a long period of fencing, the representative of the Czar finally found himself compelled to grow bolder.

He hedged himself in with rare cunning, so that these was always an

Russian throne, he boldly declared, to the admiration of a patriot-loving people.

Kai Wang refused to commit himself—the yawning trap was too evident, and he was ready to meet the emergency; indeed, long ago he had discounted this very climax.

He solemnly declared his enemies had prevaricated; some rival house desired to injure his great and ever-growing trade in the favorite forty-five cash family gods which, thanks to him, had been placed at such a low figure that it was now possible for each and every household to have one or a dozen of these beauties in every room.

His actions were ever open and above-board to all men—he had of late been honored by the presence under his roof of a powerful, though slightly eccentric mandarin from one of the provinces about Kwangsi, who was more deeply concerned with regard to the purchase of a cargo of household gods which he could retail at a profit to the villages in his jurisdiction, than in any change of dynasty; indeed, it was quite immaterial in his section who reigned, since one ruler cost them in tithes and taxes just as much as another, and they had never been fully recognized since the "long-haired" rebels overran the southern country.

The Russian being unable to accomplish his purpose either by cajolery or threat, finally retreated in disgust, but Kai Wang never for a moment suspected that in so doing he gave up the quest.

Russians are not built that way—they seem to possess some of the persistent qualities that mark the pursuit day and night of the gaunt, gray wolf of the Siberian steppes, once upon the trail of game.

The leader of Cossacks was sure to be heard from again, nor would he leave the habitation of Kai Wang unwatched.

"You have returned—the news is communicated speedily to His Excellency. Perhaps this night there will come to my humble abode a swarm of miserable vermin who live by the knife but what need have I to fear when my watch dog never sleeps—the electric current which charges every window and door so that no man dares seek an entrance twice. But as for you, my illustrious brother, perhaps it is ever time you sought the protection your flag will throw about you."

Which was a gentle way of intimating that Kai Wang doubted his ability to hold out longer against the combined forces of the opposition, and would be relieved if Larry were able to take his future into his own hands.

"Yes," declared the sapient and shrewd little mandarin; "I shall have to skip by the light of the moon; but remember, oh wise and sagacious Kai Wang, I go, not because this Russian blunderer inspires me with such a thing as fear, since I have only contempt for his lack of sense; but my promise is given to stand by Dr. Jack's widow and even, if necessary, to aid and abet her in the mad design of entering where angels fear to tread—the inner sanctuary of the walled city of Peking—so that she may weep over the spot where those devils of Black Flag wound up the earthly career of the noblest Roman of them all, prince or good fellows and bravest of the brave.

Larry was improving—a little more study of Oriental methods and he could give odds to the most seductive flatterer whose lips had ever come in contact with the Blarney stone.

Whatever the purveyor to the worshipping demands of a credulous public thought of this bold avowal, he made no sign, nor did Larry doubt that when the time for action came, bold Kai Wang, Gordon's old aide, would be found as willing to dare all in the service of Dr. Jack's widow as he had been to accomplish great things for the hero himself.

Larry had not studied him these weeks for naught. Though disdainful to show any haste in the matter of decamping, the little dude was quite ready to make a change in his Chinese address.

He had heard such amazing stories of these adroit Celestial thieves and thugs, who could steal a sheet from under a man without arousing the sleeper, that he believed he would rest easier if surrounded by people of his own race.

The disguise was removed, and Larry was as happy as a schoolboy at being again free to stir his thoughts by sundry affectionate forays in the direction of his ears; nobody would ever suspect what agonies he had suffered at being deprived of this privilege, and also the chance to suck the head of his cane.

He had made a small package of his belongings, and was ready to accept Kai Wang's guidance, for the merchant had solemnly promised to spirit him away without the knowledge of those spies who might be about, when the silence of the night was suddenly broken by a chorus of shrill cries in front of the repository of idols, and the clamor was of such a nature that it was easy to believe an angry mob had taken possession of the narrow street.

(To be continued).

WOMEN WHO SUFFER SHOULD READ THIS

SHE WAS CURED OF FEMALE TROUBLES BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

They Made a New Woman of Her and She Blesses the Day She First Heard of Them.

Newmarket, Ont., May 7.—(Special).—The case reported below is another of the many thousands of instances of Dodd's Kidney Pills coming to the rescue of weak, suffering women. Mrs. M. Doner, of this place, says:—

"For more than three years I suffered from weakness and female trouble brought on through my kidneys failing to act properly. I was bothered with a pain in the small of my back, headaches, dizzy spells, heart flutterings, depression, loss of sleep, poor appetite and a terrible dragging sensation as if a weight was fastened round my loins. I tried doctors and took all kinds of medicines, but nothing seemed to do me any good. Then a neighbor told me of Dodd's Kidney Pills and advised me to try them. I did so and after taking six boxes I am entirely cured."

IVORY SALES IN LONDON

TUSKS BY THE ACRE AT BIG STEAMSHIP DOCKS.

One Piece that Weighed Over 200 Pounds—Climate Affects the Goods.

One of the sights of London is the great ivory floor at the London docks, where, previous to and during the periodical sales, ivory may be seen literally by the acre, for the tusks are laid out in lots on the floor of one of the great warehouses for inspection by intending purchasers. For weeks previous to the actual sale the special staff of the ivory department has been busy preparing the various consignments and arranging them according to the sizes and quality and classing them into the various grades, each of which have some particular use for which it is especially adapted.

There is practically no waste in the manufacturing of articles from ivory. The smallest chip is not thrown away, but carefully preserved to be utilized for some purpose. Even the shavings from the turning down of a billiard ball

the exact weight marked upon it. Extra large tusks are exceptional, for in the majority of instances in which a tusk grows to an exceptionally large size the other belonging to the same animal is found to be deformed or have been injured or broken off, thus encouraging an abnormal growth.

The record single tusk, sold some years ago, turned the scale at the enormous weight of 204 pounds. The idea that innumerable elephants are shot to supply the market with ivory is incorrect, as the majority is what is known as dead ivory; that is, tusks of animals that have died from natural causes in the bush, many of them perhaps centuries ago. Climatic and other influences cause the color of the ivory to vary from pure white to dark brown. The latter, however, is only a surface discoloration that can be removed by scraping. Climate, however, affects the substance to a very great degree, rendering some hard and brittle, and in other cases increasing the liability to crack and split. Some of the ivory that arrives from the northern part of Central Africa is exposed to the sun throughout its long journey on camels across the desert, and has to be bound up in rawhide to protect it and prevent it from splitting. Trifling as a defect in the surface may appear to the uninitiated, it may reveal to the expert the presence of disease within, or may enormously reduce the value of the tusk by rendering it unsuitable for some particular class of work.

BLINDED BY WAVY TREES.

Hundreds Employed in English Factory Have Odd Grievance.

Two hundred and thirty people, employed at a lace factory at Long Eaton, near Nottingham, England, have a remarkable grievance.

Opposite to the factory is a cemetery, in which there are several ornamental trees, and the workpeople complain that they are losing their eyesight owing to the "blinking" light caused when the branches of the trees wave in the wind. One old man declares that he is nearly blind, and it is impossible for him to see to do his work on a windy day.

The grievance is not a new one. In 1898 it was raised, and a poll of the ratepayers was taken on the question whether the trees should be cut down. The vote was in favor of the trees being allowed to remain.

Two years ago the subject was revived, but nothing was done to remedy the grievance, and now the Urban District Council has again been approached with the view of having the trees felled.

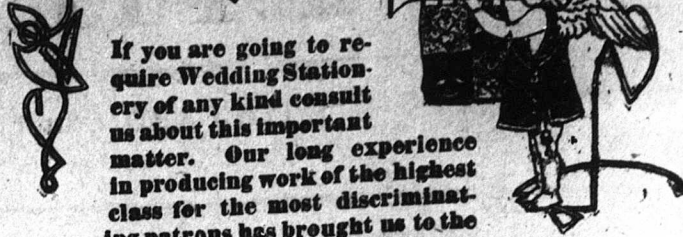
Some of the councillors say that if blinds were fitted to the factory the waving of the trees would be harmless to the workpeople.

HOW PRIESTS LIVE IN SIBERIA.

The best paid clergy in Siberia get about \$600 a year, while the poorer clergy have often to beg for their bread. They have much to do. There is always a service between four and five in the morning. There are two other services in the day. There must be a service on the birth of a child and at the death of anyone in the parish. All new buildings, schoolhouses, bridges, and boats must be blessed; children beginning at a school term are blessed, and in time of pestilence or peril there must be continuous prayer. All priests must fast 226 days in the year, and monastic priests are never to eat meat. A priest cannot indulge in theatre-going, drinking, card-playing, or dancing.

Some persons have periodical attacks of Canadian cholera, dysentery or diarrhoea, and have to use great precautions to avoid the disease. Change of water, cooking, and green fruit, is sure to bring on the attacks. To such persons we would recommend Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial as being the best medicine in the market for all summer complaints. If a few drops were taken in water when the symptoms are no-

Wedding Invitations



If you are going to require Wedding Stationery of any kind consult us about this important matter. Our long experience in producing work of the highest class for the most discriminating patrons has brought us to the point where we are regarded as authorities. The correct style in stationery, as dictated by fashion, is always on hand at "The Bookshop," and our engraving is above criticism.

It is worth while finding out what extremely high-grade Wedding Stationery we turn out at desirable prices.

In asking for prices please state probable quantity.

Wm. Tyrell & Co.

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Two thousand designs suitable for all classes of work such as Churches, Schools, Stores, Halls. Also special designs for Houses, Kitchens, Dining-Rooms, etc. Nothing has ever been devised to equal Pedlar's Steel Ceilings for Farm Houses. Cheap as lath and plaster and will never crack or fall off.

Avoid Accidents by Using Pedlar's Steel Ceilings.

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Head Office and Works, Oshawa, Ont., Canada

LANDS In Western Canada

Two cornering sections, selected lands in Saskatchewan, only 8 miles from two railways, C.P.R. & G.T.R. Strong soil, 80 per cent. plough land, spring creek, no sloughs. About 40 miles N.E. of Indian Head. Price \$10.50 per acre. Write for map and full particulars.

R. PARSONS, 91 Wellesley Street, Toronto, Canada.

SEEMS OBVIOUS NOW.

"Do you think two can live as cheaply as one?"

"Before my marriage I thought they could."

"And afterward?"

"Afterward I found they had to."

AN IDEAL NECESSARY.

It is the perpetual effort to attain the ideal that enlarges the whole life. The moment the ambition begins to wane, or tends to become sordid or selfish, the

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and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 156, Montreal.



SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND GET OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

particular use for which it is especially adapted.

There is practically no waste in the manufacturing of articles from ivory. The smallest chip is not thrown away, but carefully preserved to be utilized for some purpose. Even the shavings from the turning down of a billiard ball have a market value for use in inlaid work. Consequently the lots in an ivory sale by no means consist of tusks and sections of tusks alone, but include the residue from

MANY PREVIOUS SALES.

Buyers purchase the particular class that they require for their own individual industry and subsequently return what in most other material would be waste to be resold to manufacturers of a different class of goods.

Though there is "no waste," oddly enough the most important consideration, from a buyers' point of view, is "how much waste" will a certain lot produce in the course of transforming it into his own particular line? Thus, a lot that would be dear to one would be a gift to another, and vice versa. The most valuable class of ivory is that suitable for making billiard balls. To conform to the requirements the tusk must be perfectly sound and solid, without the slightest suspicion of a crack or flaw, and moreover, they must measure only a trifle more than the regulation size billiard ball or they will cut to waste, from the manufacturers' point of view. On the arrival of a consignment of unworked elephant ivory from abroad the first preparation for the sale floor consists of a thorough cleaning of the interior or hollow part of the tusk. This is done by means of wads attached to long sticks. The exact length of the hollow is thereby revealed, and in addition cracks and flaws that cannot be observed on the exterior are at times disclosed. Soundness is the one thing that sways every class of buyer; flaws mean waste; waste means resale at a lower figure per pound.

The increasing scarcity, combined with the increased demand for articles manufactured or adorned with ivory, has had the inevitable effect of increasing the price of the raw material. To take

BILLIARD-BALL IVORY,

for instance, in 1870 the price was \$250 per hundred-weight, whereas in 1905 the same class of ivory was sold for \$835. In bulk ivory averages about \$10,000 per ton. Each lot is carefully weighed and

FOR BOTH

One disease of thinness in children is scrofula; in adults, consumption. Both have poor blood; both need more fat. These diseases thrive on leanness. Fat is the best means of overcoming them; cod liver oil makes the best and healthiest fat and

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is the easiest and most effective form of cod liver oil. Here's a natural order of things that shows why Scott's Emulsion is of so much value in all cases of scrofula and consumption. More fat, more weight, more nourishment, that's why.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
Toronto, Ont.

50c. and \$1.00 # # # # All druggists

articles, and have to use great precautions to avoid the disease. Change of water, cooking, and green fruit, is sure to bring on the attacks. To such persons we would recommend Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial as being the best medicine in the market for all summer complaints. If a few drops were taken in water when the symptoms are noticed no further trouble will be experienced.

Wife: "Never mind if you have failed, dear. I have \$1,000 saved up from the pin-money that you have given me from time to time." Husband (joyfully): "You make me feel easier. What a help!" Wife: "Help! I should say so. Why, on this money I can keep up my wardrobe for a year or two to come."

In Heart Disease It Works Like Magic—For years my greatest enemy was organic Heart Disease. From uneasiness and palpitation it developed into abnormal action, thumping, fluttering and choking sensations. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave instant relief, and the bad symptoms have entirely disappeared. It is a wonder-worker.—Rev. L. S. Dana, Pittsburg, Pa.—153

Lady Caller: "Is Mrs. Newcome at home?" Irish Maid-servant: "Wait a minute, mum, till I get a look at you. If you've a big nose and a scar near the right eye, she isn't."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Minnie: "What frauds these beggars are! I met a blind man who said, 'Please give me a penny, beautiful lady.'" Mamie: "Yes, he said that to make you think he really was blind."

The Kinks and Twists in Rheumatics Rugged Road.—For 4 years the wife of a well-known Toronto physician was on crutches from Rheumatism Scourge, and not until she began using South American Rheumatic Cure could she get a minute's permanent relief from pain. Four bottles cured her. Write for confirmation if you're sceptical.—154

Wife (wearily): "Woman's work is never done." Husband (struggling with a buttonless shirt collar): "That's just what I thought."

TONS OF IRON consumed each year in medicine. In "Ferrovin," the best tonic, it is so cleverly manipulated that the weak and sickly get all possible nourishment and benefit from it.

When a girl deliberately lets a young man see her with her hair in curl papers it is time for him to transfer his affections.

Parents buy Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator because they know it is a safe medicine for the children and an effectual expeller of worms.

Lady: "Are you not ashamed to be begging on the streets?" Beggar: "Well, yes. I'd sooner do it in the pulpit or at a church bazaar, but fate is against me."

Stumbling Wrecks!—Undone and overdone! Discouraged and desolate! Emaciated nerve wrecks! Not one of you is too deep down in the mire of disease but the story of such a potent remedy as South American Nerve can reach you and lift you back to good health. It's nature's trusted lieutenant, gentle, but firm and unflinching. It never fails.—156

Haven't you noticed that the man who tells you how you can make a fortune in a short time is seldom able to show a bank balance of more than three figures?

Do Not Delay.—When, through debilitated digestive organs, poison finds its way into the blood, the prime consideration is to get the poison out as rapidly and as thoroughly as possible. Delay may mean disaster. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will be found a most valuable and effective medicine to assail the intruder with. They never fail. They go at once to the seat of the trouble and work a permanent cure.

AN IDEAL NECESSARY.

It is the perpetual effort to attain the ideal that enlarges the whole life. The moment the ambition begins to wane, or tends to become sordid or selfish, the individual begins to shrivel.

LAZY OLD SORES, painful and disgusting, will not linger long after treatment with Weaver's Cerate has been begun. Also, cleanse the blood with Weaver's Syrup.

Willie: "It's always in damp places where mushrooms grow, isn't it, papa?" Papa: "Yes, my boy." "Is that the reason they look like umbrellas, papa?"

Where can I get some of Holloway's Corn Cure? I was entirely cured of my corns by this remedy and I wish some more of it for my friends. So writes Mr. J. W. Brown, Chicago.

Wise: "Haven't you got a job yet?" Potter: "No; I'm still waiting for something to turn up." Wise: "Huh! Your sleeves are what you need to turn up."

The Great Serpent of All Diseases.—Kidney disease may well be called the "boa constrictor" disease, unsuspecting and unrelenting, it gets the victim in its coils and gradually tightens till life is crushed out, but the great South American Kidney Cure treatment has proved its power over the monster, and no matter how firmly enmeshed, it will release, heal and cure.—158

denance and I'll take the sap out of you. Do you understand?" said the teacher. "I twig," said the boy, and then the regular order of business proceeded.

Prevent Disorder.—At first symptoms of internal disorder, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills should be resorted to immediately. Two or three of these salutary pellets, taken before going to bed, followed by doses of one or two pills for two or three nights in succession will serve as a preventive of attacks of dyspepsia and all the discomforts which follow in the train of that fell disorder. The means are simple when the way is known.

WISDOM'S WHISPERS.

Humility often exists more strongly in the imagination than in reality.

Building castles in the air requires little in the way of capital investment. Make the best use of what you have and thus prepare for what may possibly come afterward.

Continual fault finding creates dissatisfaction without bringing any satisfactory result.

Politeness is a quality which produces a stamp that is as distinct as it is pleasant.

The wrongdoer foolishly hugs the delusion that forgiveness will follow discovery.

Beauty has a convincing way of making its influence felt without much effort, but it is not always lasting.

Having your own way is sometimes a victory that is useless as well as barren.

Some people ask questions which call for a great scholar's knowledge to answer.

Hold the head high in the midst of adversity, so that others may not adversely criticize.

POLICE COURT AT A TAVERN.

The only place in the country where the police court business is conducted at a public house is at Blofield, Norfolk, England. This has been going on for 100 years, and the brewers have made no charge to the authorities for the use of the room. A new court house is now ready for occupation, and the magistrates are leaving their old quarters with a feeling of regret.

CHAPTER XXIII.

The cottage Leroy occupied was about to be taken again by its proprietor. The middle of September approached, and

THE PETERBOROUGH CANOE CO. LTD.
Successors to Ontario Canoe Co.
PETERBOROUGH, CANADA.
The Best and Cheapest
Canoes, Skiffs, Launches
SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND GET OUR PRICES BEYOND BEATING

MILLIONS IN COBALT

LIMITED number of Founder's Shares for sale at 25 cents per share, par value \$1.00. Fully paid and non-assessable. Best value on market. PROPERLY, 40 acres Patented Mining Lands. Perfect Title. BOOKLET "Millions in Cobalt" free on request.

The S. S. Nesbitt Co.,
FISCAL AGENTS
Confederation Life Building, Toronto.
AGENTS WANTED

46-YEAR-OLD BABY.

The death has just occurred at Westbury Workhouse, Wiltshire, England, of a forty-six-year old baby. The child was born in Westbury, and at the age of twelve months its further development, both physically and mentally, was arrested. Throughout its life it was attired in baby's frock clothes, and continued to act and play, and had to be fed and taken care of, precisely as an infant.

Church bells are necessary to remind some people that they have religion.

Housekeeper: "Do you love children?" Applicant: "It all depends on the wages, ma'am!"

Merchant: "Your former employer tells me you were the quickest clerk in the place." Applicant for situation (doubtfully): "Yes sir?" Merchant: "He says you could put the books into the safe, lock up, and start for home in just a trifle over a minute and twenty seconds."

A Wide Sphere of Usefulness.—The consumption of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has grown to great proportions. Notwithstanding the fact that it has now been on the market for over thirty-one years, its prosperity is as great as ever, and the demand for it in that period has very greatly increased. It is beneficial in all countries, and wherever introduced fresh supplies are constantly asked for.

Mrs. Hilly: "Is Mrs. Swagger at home?" Servant: "No, ma'am; she went out to call on you." Mrs. Hilly: "How very fortunate for us both."

MRS. HUNTER'S STORY

Says she and her Husband Agree Perfectly. Both Quite Well Again.



Mrs. I. Hunter, of 111 Raglan Road, Kingston, Ont., has written for publication a statement of her case as follows:

"I have suffered with kidney and liver trouble and chronic constipation for some time. I was subject to dizziness, bilious headache, nervousness, drowsiness, pains in the back and side, and a tired, weary feeling nearly all the time."

"I tried almost every remedy, was treated by doctors and druggists with little or no benefit."

"Finally, a friend advised me to try Dr. Leonard's Anti-Pill, and the results have been truly wonderful."

"My husband has used Anti-Pill for rheumatism and was benefited greatly. We agree that Anti-Pill is a most wonderful medicine and heartily recommend it."

This is a very strong recommendation. Anti-Pill is undoubtedly the greatest of family remedies. All druggists, or the Wilson-Pyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

NEW ERA FOR RUSSIA

The Czar's Speech at the Opening of Parliament.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The inauguration of Russia's National Assembly on Thursday passed off well in two widely contrasting scenes. In the white marble hall of St. George in the Winter Palace the elect of the people listened in the dignity of silence, amid a dazzling display of military and official grandeur, to the Czar's brief speech accepting them henceforth as part of Russia's body politic. Then they proceeded to their own chamber in the Taurida Palace, where they re-affirmed, with enthusiastic cheers, their determination, as expressed by Prof. Mouromtzeff, in returning thanks for his election to the Presidency of the House, "to support their work for the wellbeing of the people on two bases, namely, respect for the prerogative of the Constitution, and the necessity for completing the rights of the Duma."

Although the Czar passed six hours in the capital of Thursday, it cannot be said that he went among his people. He disembarked from his yacht at the palace steps and so re-embarked on his homeward journey to Peterhof. Thus he never set foot outside the front gate of the palace, where there was a magnificent display of cavalry, the finest guards regiments parading in the brilliant sunshine, which was all the crowds outside the barriers got for waiting.

The pageant within the Hall of St. George, where the Czar addressed the new delegates, was completely dominated by the presence of the peasant members of the Duma. The gathering of brilliant uniforms was greater than at any time since the coronation of Nicholas II. Assembled in the centre of the picture were the highest clergy of the Orthodox Church, in gorgeous gold canonicals and mitres studded with diamonds, while beside them stood the crimson-robed members of the Imperial choir.

PEASANTS NOT AFFECTED.

But all this display did not affect the emotions of the 150 peasants who were ranged along the hall on the left of the throne. Some of them crossed themselves regularly during the lengthy prayers which preceded the speech from the throne, but none of them joined the vigorous and long-sustained applause of the courtiers on the right of the throne, and few joined in the deep obeisances made to the Czar when he returned through the hall to his apartments.

His Majesty, although visibly nervous,

spoke with a steady voice, which was well heard. He seemed to be thoroughly relieved when the ceremony was over.

From quite early morning the streets were scenes of great animation. Houses were decorated with flags, church bells rang, and Te Deums were sung throughout the city. The morning newspapers published special articles joyfully welcoming the new era.

THE CZAR'S SPEECH.

Standing in front of the throne, the Czar read his message to the Duma. It was as follows:

The supreme Providence which gave me the care of our Fatherland moved me to call to my assistance in legislative work elected representatives of the people. In the expectation of a brilliant future for Russia, I greet in your persons the best men from the empire, whom I ordered my beloved subjects to choose from among themselves.

A difficult work lies before you. I trust that love for your Fatherland and your earnest desire to serve it will inspire and unite you.

I should keep inviolate the institutions which I have granted, with the firm assurance that you will devote all your strength to the service of your country, and especially to the needs of the peasantry, which are so close to my heart, and to the education of the people and their economical welfare, remembering that to the dignity and prosperity of the State, not only freedom, but order founded upon justice, are necessary.

I desire from my heart to see my people happy, and hand down to my son an empire secure, well organized, and enlightened.

May God bless the work that lies before me in unity with the council of the empire and the Imperial Duma. May this day be the day of the moral revival of Russia, and the day for the renewal of its highest forces.

Approach with solemnity the labors for which I call you, and be worthy of the responsibilities put upon you by the Emperor and people. May God assist us.

NO ENTHUSIASM.

The reading lasted but three minutes. No reply was made to the Emperor's address. When he had concluded the assemblage dispersed, the members of the Duma making no sign of approval or disapproval of what they had listened to.

session, the closing speech from the throne was probably one of the longest on record. It was as follows:

"Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly.

"In relieving you from labors of an unusually important and arduous nature I have to thank you for the close attention you have given to your public duties, as well as for the beneficial legislation that has been enacted. The work undertaken and accomplished is of such extent, variety, and value as to make the session now closing without a parallel in the history of this Province in that respect.

"It is with much gratification I observe that the Legislature has joined with the Parliament of Canada in extending an invitation to their Majesties the King and Queen to visit this country and I need hardly remark that the people as a whole enthusiastically second the efforts of their representative bodies in extending this invitation.

"We have been favored since the opening of the session by a visit from his Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught, who, as a nephew of our Grac-

and growing mining development of Ontario is calculated to effect a useful and opportune purpose in simplifying the law, facilitating the work of the prospector and encouraging the investment of capital. An important feature of the mining policy is the decision of my Government to operate for the benefit of the people of Ontario the rich mineral deposits which have been discovered in what is known as the Gillies limit. The expressions of general approval by which this announcement was met showed in an unmistakable way the minds of the people on the subject.

"By providing that the veterans' land grants may be commuted by a money payment, a serious obstacle to the settlement of the unoccupied parts of the Province has been removed. I am glad to learn also that another impediment to settlement has been disposed of by the surrender of 525,000 acres of land, or about twenty-two townships, granted by this Legislature as a subsidy to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway.

THE POWER QUESTION.

"The two valuable reports on the question of electrical power, submitted by the Hydro-Electric Commission for your consideration, have resulted in a measure which is designed to secure cheap power to all parts of the Province of Ontario, and this without injury to the rights of bond-holders and others who have invested money in the development of electrical energy. It is impossible to overestimate the great advantages that will accrue to all kinds of industries and the development that will ensue from the general application of electric power at reasonable rates. On all hands it is agreed that it means to the Province of Ontario an industrial revolution. It is satisfactory to know that in a session in which so much important work has been undertaken, you have been able to deal carefully and wisely with this most important question.

"With pleasure I observe the healthy state of the public finances, which show a substantial surplus for the past year. In this connection the floating of the new loan on very favorable terms might be mentioned as indicating the undoubted credit of the Province. The liquidation of half of the sum borrowed by the industries at Saul Ste. Marie on the guarantee of the Province, and the extension of part of the guarantee for the further period, point to the eventual removal of this obligation.

"I have to thank you for the liberal appropriation you have made for the public service, which will be expended with a proper regard to economy and efficiency.

"In dismissing you from your duties, I desire again to thank you for the great public service you have rendered and to join with you in expressing the hope that the blessing of Almighty God will continue to rest upon our country and our people."

Hon. Dr. Pyne, in the absence of the Provincial Secretary, then declared the House prorogued, and the distinguished gathering dispersed.

BANDITS CAUGHT.

Arrest of Men Supposed to Have Robbed C. P. R. Train.

A despatch from Vancouver says: Advice was received on Monday night from Kamloops to the effect that three men answering closely the description of the robbers were arrested near Quichenawnicola Lake on Monday by Mounted Police, after a desperate resistance, in the course of which one robber was shot in the leg.

Mail Clerk McQuarrie on Monday saw men arrested at Vernon, and found that Christie, one in custody there, while like one of the robbers, was not the leader, as supposed. He failed to recognize the other two.

Christie was caught in the mountains at Outlet Trail, leading from Campbell Meadows, which the robbers entered from the Kamloops side. Jas. Moir and W. Wilson also arrested at Vernon, are

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, May 15. — Flour — Ontario wheat patents are quoted at \$3.10 bid in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents are quoted at \$4.40 to \$4.50, Toronto, and strong bakers' at \$4 to \$4.10, Toronto. Bran is nominal at \$17 to \$17.50 outside in bulk.

Wheat—No. 2 white, 80½¢ bid on C.P.R. outside, No. 2 mixed offered at 81½¢ outside, with 81c bid. No. 1 Northern Manitoba offered at 84c Point Edward, with 83½¢ bid. No. 2 Northern offered at 82½¢ Point Edward, with 82c bid.

Barley—No. 3 extra offered at 84½¢ on a 9c rate to Portland, now there, without bids.

Peas—No. 2 wanted at 79c outside, while 80c was bid east, with sellers at 81c east.

Oats—No. 2 white, 36c bid main line outside, and they offered at 36½¢ at 78 per cent. points, buyers' sacks, with 36½¢ bid; 38c bid to arrive Toronto for 20 cars, while 4,000 bushels offered at 39c in store, Toronto.

Buckwheat—No. 2 offered at 51½¢ on C.P.R., and 50c bid outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Choice stock, \$4 to \$4.25 per bbl, and inferior qualities, \$3 to \$3.25.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at \$1.80 to \$1.85, and prime at \$1.70 to \$1.75.

Honey—Strained honey quoted at 8½ to 9c per lb, and combs, \$1.75 to \$2 per dozen.

Hops—The market is dull at 14 to 17c per lb.

Hay—Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted at \$9.50 to \$10 on track, Toronto, and No. 2 at \$7 to \$7.50.

Straw—\$5.50 to \$6 per ton.

Potatoes—Ontario stock, 75 to 85c per bag, and Eastern, 85 to 90c per bag on track.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 17 to 18c; chickens, 14 to 15c; live chickens, 9 to 10c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 17 to 18c; large rolls, 15 to 16c; good to choice dairy tubs, 15 to 17c, and inferior at 13 to 14c. Creamery prints sell at 19 to 20c, and solids at 18 to 19c.

Eggs—Sales at 16½¢ per dozen in case lots. Splits, 13 to 13½¢.

Cheese—The market is quiet, with prices unchanged. New are quoted at 11 to 11½¢ per lb.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are nominal. Bacon, long clear, 12 to 12½¢ per lb in case lots; mess pork, \$21 to \$21.50; short cut, \$23.

Hams—Light to medium, 14½ to 15c; do, heavy, 14c; rolls, 12 to 12½¢; shoulders, 11½¢; backs, 15½ to 16c; breakfast bacon, 15c.

Lard—Tierces, 11½¢; tubs, 11½¢; pails, 12c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 15.—Grain—There are no new developments in the local grain situation. 39½¢ for No. 4 oats in store; 40½¢ for No. 3, and 41½¢ for No. 2. Flour—The demand for flour continues fairly good from all sources; the tone of the market is steady, and prices show no changes. Manitoba spring patents, \$4.40 to \$4.60; strong bakers' \$4 to \$4.10. Winter wheat patents, \$4.10 to \$4.30; straight rollers, \$3.80 to \$4; do, in bags, \$1.80 to \$1.90; extra, \$1.35 to \$1.45. There was no change in the mill feed market, business being quiet and prices steady; Manitoba in bags, \$18.50 to \$19; shorts, \$20.50 to \$21 per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, \$19.50 to \$20; shorts, \$20.50 to \$21; milled mouillie, \$22 to \$23 per ton. Decisions—Barrels

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE AT TORONTO IS DOING.

ONTARIO INVITES THE KING.

Hearty concurrence has been expressed by the Provincial Legislature in the various invitations extended by the Parliament of Canada, Provincial Assemblies, and municipalities to their Majesties the King and Queen to visit Canada. A resolution to this effect will be forwarded by the Lieutenant-Governor to his Excellency the Governor-General for transmission to the Colonial Secretary's office in London.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

The supplementary estimates were presented and proved to be an addition of \$662,850.46 to the main estimates of \$5,625,543, the total estimated Provincial expenditure thus being \$6,288,393.46, while the expenditure for 1905 was \$5,

of \$202,553.50 to the main estimates of \$5,625,543, the total estimated Provincial expenditure thus being \$6,288,393.46, while the expenditure for 1905 was \$5,396,016. The items for civil government accounted for \$6,648; legislation, \$10,250; justice, \$45,786; education, \$149,790; public institutions, \$3,379; hospitals and charities, \$55,789; agriculture, \$14,150; colonization, \$2,100 (of which \$3,000 is for the Salvation Army); public buildings, including \$100,000 for additional normal schools, \$151,353; public works, \$21,750; colonization roads, \$30,600; repairs, charges on Crown lands and refunds, \$69,319, and miscellaneous, \$101,035, including automobile law enforcement, \$3,000; game protection, \$4,000; expenses entertainment of Prince Arthur, \$1,035.19; gratuities, \$10,000; William Sherring, Hamilton, victor of 25-mile Marathon race at Athens, Greece, \$500; town of Berlin, towards expenses of experimental sewage farm, \$1,000; grant to British Medical Association (expenses), \$5,000; to cover error in total, main estimates, \$3,100; wolf bounty, \$2,000; Hydro-Electric Commission, \$10,000; Railway and Municipal Board expenses, \$8,000; visit of English, Irish and Scotch Bowling Association, \$400; towards payment commutation volunteer veterans' land grants, \$50,000. The Medical faculty of Queen's College for the promotion of medical education gets \$50,000, and the special grant for public and separate schools in counties is \$60,000. For revision of statutes an item of \$30,000 appears. Alexandra School, for new cottage and alterations, gets \$20,000. Ottawa Central Fair Association, for dairy purposes, is granted \$4,000, and the Ontario Agricultural College gets \$4,000 for a glass house for insects, physics and botany. Cobalt will be civilized with a \$1,000 lock-up, and the expenses of preliminary operations in the Gillies timber limit, including surveying, purchase of machinery, etc., are provided for to the amount of \$25,000.

CASH AID TO RAILWAYS.

Premier Whitney made an announcement of the Government's policy with reference to grants to railways. It had been decided, he said, to grant \$3,000 per mile, for 25 miles, or \$75,000 in all to the Bruce Mines & Algoma Railway, commencing thirteen miles north of Bruce Mines. This was done to enable the opening up of the copper mines in the Bruce Mines district. A grant of \$5,000 a mile was to be made to the Canada Central Railway Company, or any company which would do the work, for a railway from Little Current to a point thirteen miles from Sudbury, where it will connect with a line already laid, a distance of fifty-three miles. At \$5,000 per mile the latter means a grant of \$265,000, and the two grants would therefore total \$340,000.

PRESIDENT LOUDON RESIGNS.

The Premier announced that he had received a letter some time ago from President Loudon of the University of Toronto, in which that gentleman said he had decided to resign. Both the Premier and the Hon. Mr. Ross spoke warmly of President Loudon's work for the university.

BILLS PASSED.

The power bill was read a third time and passed without discussion and without a vote. The university bill, the mines act, the county Councils act, and the education act were among many other measures read a third time. An amendment to the city of Toronto's bill giving the city power to sell feed in the cattle market was defeated in committee.

LEGISLATURE CLOSED.

Prorogation of the second session of the Eleventh Legislature of the Province of Ontario took place this morning. The hour set was eleven o'clock, and promptly at three minutes past his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor entered, supported by the Premier. Only a few members were in their seats and probably one hundred people in the galleries. The whole ceremony did not take more than twenty minutes. As a very large amount of important legislation has been put through during the

session, we have been favored since the opening of the session by a visit from his Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught, who, as a nephew of our Gracious King, has been received with every evidence of loyalty and devotion to the Crown by the people of Ontario, and who, in his individual capacity, made a very favorable impression on all who had the pleasure of coming in contact with him.

MEASURES APPROVED.

"Among the measures that it is my privilege to sanction, I am glad to notice there are several which have in view the interests of agriculture, the basic industry of this Province. The provision by which the grants to Agricultural Societies will be paid in accordance with the work actually done for agriculture is calculated to have a helpful effect. The enactment of a law providing for the appointment of dairy inspectors should prove of advantage to the butter and cheese industry. The measure for the protection of bees should likewise be satisfactory to the farmers of Ontario. I notice also that you have taken steps to bring to the Agricultural College the assistance of its graduates by providing that they will be represented on the Advisory Board.

"By the repeal of the County Councils' Act and the re-establishment, with some modification, of the system which formerly prevailed, more equitable and satisfactory conditions have been brought about whereby the continuity of our municipal institutions is restored.

"The bills providing for the establishment of a Railway and Municipal Board, and the bill respecting steam electric and street railways are timely and comprehensive measures. The proper regulation and steam and electric railways, the limitation of franchises, the control of rates and the enforcement of agreements, cannot fail to be in the public interest and to meet with general approval. I join with you in the confident hope that the operation of these enactments will tend to beneficial results.

MORE REVENUE.

"The bill regarding the taxation of railways, whereby the former tax is doubled, will assist the Province materially in carrying on its charitable institutions and at the same time yield revenue to the municipalities.

"By the enactment of the bill amending the Liquor License law more effective restrictions have been placed around the liquor traffic. It is gratifying to know that the Province and the municipalities share equally in the increased revenue that this measure will yield. The clauses of the bill tending towards the permanence and efficiency of local option have met with very general approval from moderate men.

"In regard to the very important subject of education, two measures have been enacted. The bill respecting the Department of Education provides for the appointment of a superintendent of education and also for the establishment of an advisory board which will be representative of the matured opinion of the educationists of Ontario. The other bill affecting education, viz., the Public School Act, brings about a reform of a deep-seated character by securing to the public the services of teachers of higher qualifications and by securing to the teachers more adequate remuneration.

CONTROL OF UNIVERSITY.

"I notice with pleasure, the fruition of the efforts of my Ministers to effect the reorganization of the University of Toronto and its establishment on a satisfactory and permanent financial basis. By the able report of the University Commission laid before the House during the present session, a plan was suggested which has in the main commended itself to your judgment. The reorganization of the University under the control of governors appointed by my Ministers, who are directly responsible to this Legislature, and the providing for the financial interests of the great institution, are advance steps of the very first importance in regard to education.

"The measure regarding the great

at Outlet Trail, leading from Campbell Meadows, which the robbers entered from the Kamloops side. Jas. Moir and W. Wilson also arrested at Vernon, are not thought to have taken part in the robbery, but are believed to be confederates of the desperadoes.

Bloodhounds from Oregon, which lately did excellent service in running down outlaws, arrived at Kamloops on Saturday night and are now on the trail. The detachment of Mounted Police from Calgary, under the command of Commissioner Perry, was sent out to Campbell Creek immediately on arrival.

ESCAPED CONVICT CAUGHT.

Trailed Through Leeds County and Finally Arrested

A despatch from Brockville says: Chahabran, the life convict, who escaped on Monday night of last week from the Kingston Penitentiary, was recaptured on Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock about nine miles west of Brockville. The prisoner, in leaving the penal institution, headed eastward, and the first trace of him was obtained the following Wednesday, when it was learned he had taken dinner the day before with Manley Cross, the lighthouse keeper, four miles east of Gananoque. From that on he worked down this way along the river front, closely followed by Detective Foster, of the Dominion Police Force, who traced his movements closely. Several times it seemed as if Foster had him coralled, but each time he managed to get away. Foster was aided in the search by the whole countryside, the woods being scoured by day and the bridges and leading crossroads watched by night.

A STRANGE DISEASE.

Ten Members of Guelph Family Dead Since October.

A despatch from Guelph says: Crown Attorney Peterson commenced an investigation on Monday in connection with recent deaths in a family named Foster, who reside on the town line. Every member of the family has been down with what the medical men pronounced pneumonia of a severe type. Three of them, the father, son, and a sister of Mr. Foster's, died within a few days of one another, the latter expiring on Sunday. Two other members of the family died a few months ago, and, altogether, there have been ten deaths among connections since October. Monday morning a double funeral of John Foster, jr., son, and Mrs. Healey, sister, took place. It is thought there may have been something in well water which the family had been drinking or other conditions which would render them so highly susceptible to this disease.

PARDONED, THEN EXPIRED.

Convict Was Being Moved From Kingston Penitentiary to Hospital.

A despatch from Kingston says: A pathetic occurrence was the death, in an ambulance on Friday afternoon of a pardoned convict, who was being removed from the prison to Hotel Dieu. William Ross, aged 48, of Port Hope, was serving a second term of five years. He was affected with heart disease, and a pardon reached here on Friday. He was hurried out of the penal institution, but before he had gone many yards from the prison gate, on his way to the hospital, death came, and his sufferings were over.

RATES WILL ADVANCE.

Chicago Fire Insurance Companies So Decide.

A despatch from Chicago says: The Tribune of Wednesday says:—Fire insurance rates in Chicago, on all less desirable risks, will be advanced 25 per cent. or more to reimburse companies that have suffered loss in the San Francisco fire.

prices steady; Manitoba hogs, \$18.50 to \$19; shorts, \$20.50 to \$21 per ton Ontario bran, in bags, \$19.50 to \$20 shorts, \$20.50 to \$21; milled mouillie \$28 to \$29 per ton. Provisions—Barrels heavy Canada short cut pork, \$22.50 light short cut, \$21.50; barrels, clear-fa backs, \$22.50; compound lard, 7½ to 7¾c; Canadian pure lard, 11½ to 12¾c kettle-rendered, 12½ to 13¾c; hams 13½ to 15c; breakfast bacon, 16 to 17c Windsor bacon, 15 to 15½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$10.25; alive, \$7.75 per 100 lbs. Eggs—New laid, 15½ to 16c per dozen. Butter—Choice creamery 18½ to 18¾c. Cheese—Colored, 10¾ to 11c; white, 11 to 11¾c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Duluth, May 15.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 81c; No. 2 Northern, 79c; May 80¾c; July, 80¾c; Sept., 78¾c.

Minneapolis, May 15.—Wheat—May 87c; July, 79c; Sept., 77¾c; No. 1 hard, 81¾c; No. 1 Northern, 80¾c; No. 2 Northern, 79¾c. Flour—First patents \$4.10 to \$4.20; second patents, \$3.90 to \$4; first clears, \$3.50 to \$3.60; second clears, \$2.45 to \$2.55. Bran in bulk \$15.25 to \$15.50.

Milwaukee, May 15.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83 to 84c; No. 2 Northern, 81 to 82c; July, 79¾c asked. Rye—No. 1, 61½ to 62¾c. Barley—Sample, 40 to 54c. Corn—Cash, No. 3, 47½ to 48c; July, 45½c bid.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, May 15.—Another fairly heavy run of stock was offering at the Western Cattle Market to-day.

Export Cattle.—Choice, \$4.90 to \$5.10, medium to good, \$4.50 to \$4.75; bulls \$3.50 to \$4; cows, \$2.75 to \$4.25.

Butcher Cattle.—Picked lots, \$4.60 to \$4.80; good to choice, \$4.40 to \$4.60; fair to good, \$3.75 to \$4; common, \$2.50 to \$3; cows, \$3 to \$4; bulls, \$3.25 to \$4; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.

Stockers and Feeders.—Short-keep feeders, \$4.75 to \$4.85; heavy feeders, \$4.40 to \$4.90; medium, \$2.50 to \$3.50; bulls, \$2 to \$2.75; good stockers run at \$3.75 to \$4, light at \$3.25 to \$3.70; rough common, \$2 to \$2.75, and bulls, \$1.75 to \$2.50.

Milch cows — \$30 to \$60 each.

Calves — 3½ to 6c per lb. Sheep and Lambs — Export ewes are quoted at \$5 to \$5.25; bucks, \$4 to \$4.50; culls, \$3.50 to \$4; grain-fed yearling lambs are unchanged at \$6.75 to \$7.25, and barnyards at \$4.50 to \$5.50, and spring lambs are steady at \$3 to \$5 each.

Hogs — \$7 per cwt. for selects and \$6.75 for lights and fats, fed and watered.

SHOCKS IN BRITISH ISLES.

Earthquakes Reported, but No Great Damage is Done.

A despatch from London says: At the time of the 'Frisco disaster certain seismographists expressed the opinion that the earthquake would, in due course, make its appearance on this side and that Edinburgh, which stands in the danger zone, practically being built upon extinct volcanoes, would be visited. The earthquake has been here. From Devon, Cornwall, from the Channel Islands, and from some parts of Scotland, but not from Edinburgh, have come reports of how the earth had been quaking on different days in the past week, but the earthquake has dealt gently with this country, and, beyond a slight rattling of crockery and glassware, and as it is reported, the displacing of some balls on the putting green of the golf courses, the earthquake passed off, leaving Great Britain as it was and where it was.

CANADA'S INVITATION TO KING.

Strathcona, Senator Scott and Sir John Carling Likely to Present It.

A London despatch says: The Tribune understands that Canada's invitation to the King will be presented personally by a commission, consisting of Lord Strathcona, Senator Scott, and Sir John Carling, the latter two having welcomed the King as Prince of Wales in 1860.

TURKISH SULTAN DYING.

It Is Very Doubtful If He Will Live Many Months.

A despatch from Constantinople to the Manchester, England, Guardian affirms in explicit terms that, despite official denials, the gravest apprehensions are felt as to the health of the Sultan. The correspondent says that the Sultan almost every day has fits of fever, during which his temperature rises to over 102 degrees. When the attacks, which are very short, are over, he is completely prostrated, his temperature suddenly falling below 97. He passes nearly the whole of every day in his harem, and his advisers scarcely dare speak to him about affairs of State. He pays no attention to the remonstrances of his physician, and refuses to take the remedies that are prescribed for him. Ibrahim Pasha, the Sultan's chief adviser, dare not reveal to his Majesty the true state of his health. It is doubtful whether he will live more than five or six months.

CONTRADICT PROF. MAVOR.

Saskatchewan Legislature Discuss His Report.

A despatch from Regina says: Prof. Mavor's famous report on the resources of the west was discussed in the Legislature on Friday, and a resolution passed declaring it to be misleading and damaging, and endorsing the condemnation it had previously received from western official sources. The discussion developed the fact that while Prof. Mavor had argued Canada could produce only 165,000,000 bushels of wheat, there are in Saskatchewan alone 73,000,000 acres of excellent land, which on the average of the last eight years could produce a billion bushels. If only a quarter is cultivated enough can be grown to feed Great Britain and supply home consumption. It was stated that Prof. Mavor had not endeavored to gather information, and did not know what he was talking about.

FAREWELL TO CANADA.

Prince Arthur Sailed From Montreal on Thursday Morning.

A Montreal despatch says: At day-break on Thursday morning the Allan Royal Mail steamer Virginian, flying the Royal Standard, sailed from this port with Prince Arthur of Connaught, who has completed a visit of over six weeks in Canada, during which he has traveled seven thousand miles and visited every province of the Dominion. The last day of the Prince's stay in Canada was occupied with a round of visits. During the early part of the day he visited a number of the local institutions, including the Bank of Montreal. Later he was entertained at Luncheon at the Hunt Club by Sir Montagu Allan, and in the afternoon he formally opened the Horse Show in the presence of a large gathering of spectators. After dining at Sir Montagu Allan's, he paid another visit to the Horse Show in the evening and later was escorted to the Virginian. The Prince expressed the utmost gratification at his reception, and his thanks to the Canadian people for the warm welcome he had met in every portion of the Dominion.

WITHIN THREE-MILE LIMIT.

Two United States Vessels Seized off Nova Scotia Coast.

A despatch from North Sydney, C.B., says: Two American fishing schooners the Raymah, Capt. Hogan, owned by the Atlantic Maritime Company, of Boston, and the Parthia, Capt. Sessler, owned by Sylvanus Smith, Gloucester, were seized on Tuesday afternoon off Cape North by the Government cruiser Canada and the Customs protective cruiser Gladiator. They were brought to this port on Wednesday morning. The captains are charged with fishing within the three-mile limit. They are being detained here pending instructions from

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

Stratford Horse Show will be held on August 8th and 9th.

Work on the new steel plant at Welland has been started.

Vulgar picture postcards are to be debarred from the mails.

The London Street Railway Company will increase its capital stock to \$750,000.

Mrs. Alexis Carriere, the oldest known resident in the west, is dead at St. Laurent, Man., aged 103.

The old Mohawk church near Deseronto was struck by lightning and burned on Sunday.

The Provincial Government has sold the Dryden pioneer farm in the Wabigoon district for \$2,000.

Saskatchewan will have a commissioner of railways who will be virtually a Minister without portfolio.

The Robitaille timber limits in Bonaventure, Quebec, have been sold to an American syndicate for \$600,000.

The new C.P.R. steamer Empress of Britain arrived at Quebec on Saturday night.

Temiskaming Railway net earnings for the quarter ending March 31 were \$38,364.

An attempt to run Sunday cars between Port Arthur and Fort William was stopped by the Fort William authorities.

Moose Jaw capitalists are organizing a brewing company, capitalized at \$100,000, that will employ seventy-five men.

Alumni of Knox College, Toronto, at a meeting voted in favor of the removal of the college to a new site near the University of Toronto.

The contract for a new flour mill costing a quarter of a million dollars has been awarded at Kenora, and building began immediately.

Hamilton has begun a crusade against the mosquito nuisance. Crude oil will be used on the stagnant pools in which they breed.

An inmate of the Lazaretto at Tracadie, New Brunswick, has been discharged as cured after being a member of a leper colony for eighteen years.

Wabash express No. 13 struck a buggy containing Mrs. Geddy, her young son and daughter, at Courtland, on Saturday instantly killing the two former.

The Saskatchewan Legislature on Wednesday extended an invitation to the King and Queen to visit the province should they consent to come to Canada.

Two boys fishing near Alexandra, on Saturday, found a human body in a sack in the water. Appearances indicated that death had taken place several months ago.

At Woodstock, on Friday, Auctioneer John Kenward of East Oxford was found guilty on three charges of forgery, and was sentenced to three years and six months in Kingston Penitentiary.

Hon. James Dunsmyth has been appointed Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, and Sir Daniel McMillan was appointed for a second term in Manitoba.

Under seal of the confessional \$1,635 was left at the Bishop's palace at Sherbrooke for le Banque Nationale. The amount was removed from a package of bills while being transferred to the Eastern Townships Bank on April 24.

Premier Rutherford, of Alberta, delivered the first provincial budget on Wednesday. The total appropriations amount to \$1,968,081, of which half a million is for bridges and trails. The premier estimates a surplus of a quarter of a million at the end of the fiscal year.

GREAT BRITAIN.

British imports increased during April

GREAT ZULU RISING.

Sanguinary Fighting is Expected Immediately.

A Durban despatch says: Serious news was received from the commander of the colonial forces on Friday morning. A Zulu impi (war expedition) several thousand strong is marching to join the rebels under Chief Bambaata. The colonial troops are hurrying forward to intercept the Zulus and prevent their junction with the rebel forces. Sanguinary fighting is expected immediately.

The Government has no knowledge of the reported annihilation of a detachment of mounted police by Zulus near Helpmakaar, and believes the report to be groundless.

Chief Kula, who is suspected of disaffection and was recently arrested, was placed in jail at Pietermaritzburg on Friday. It is presumed that it was the arrest of this chief which led to the rising of his followers. Natives captured by the colonial forces report that witch doctors are sacrificing children in order to render the rebels immune from British bullets. Before a battle they kill a girl and concoct "medicine" from her body with which they anoint the warriors.

GREAT FIRE IN PARIS.

More Than \$2,000,000 Damage Already Occasioned.

A despatch from Paris says: One of the most destructive fires that has ever occurred in Paris broke out in the Leather Market Friday night, and has not yet been extinguished. The firemen have been working unceasingly. No lives have been lost, but many poor families dwelling under the market have been forced to abandon their homes. Eleven hide and leather merchants had their warehouses and offices in the market. The value of their destroyed property is 10,000,000 francs. At 1 o'clock on Sunday morning the roof of the market fell. The fire then became more intense, reaching the oil and petroleum cellars.

LEFT SECURITIES IN CHURCH.

Free Baptist Treasurer Loses Suit Case With \$12,000.

A Lynn, Mass., despatch says: A suit case containing \$12,000 worth of bonds, stocks and other securities, many of which are said to be negotiable, was stolen on Thursday night from the High Street Free Baptist Church, where the Massachusetts Association of Free Baptist Churches have been holding its annual convention. The suit case belonged to Rev. W. T. Twort of Lawrence, the Treasurer of the organization, and the securities are the property of the association. Rev. Mr. Twort left the case in an ante-room while he went to supper. When he returned the suit case had disappeared and a raincoat belonging to Mr. Twort and containing about \$20 in cash was also missing. The police were notified at once, but up to midnight the thief had not been apprehended.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Stableman Perishes in a Fire Near Ottawa.

An Ottawa despatch says: Fire on Friday night destroyed the stables of the Balmoral Hotel at Gatineau Point, near here. Stevens Robertson, the stableman, was burned to death. He was sleeping in the hayloft, and, being in an intoxicated condition, had probably started the fire in attempting to light his pipe.

WAR ON CIGARETTES.

Peterborough Imposes \$200 License Fee on Dealers.

A Peterborough despatch says: At a meeting of the City Council on Tuesday night a by-law was passed imposing a license of two hundred dollars on all retail dealers in cigarettes, other than hotels and liquor shops. The hotel men have agreed, it was stated, not to handle

DOMINION PARLIAMENT

NOTES AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE OTTAWA HOUSE.

THE INDEMNITY BILL.

Mr. W. F. Maclean's proposal to abolish increased indemnity to members of Parliament was brought up. The discussion was participated in by many members on both sides of the House, including Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Borden. The consensus of opinion was that the public criticism of the indemnity was unjustifiable. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, however, spoke of the necessity for either amending or removing the measure giving a pension to Ministers. Only ex-Ministers who were in need of the pension were entitled to the pension. Mr. Borden argued strongly in favor of the indemnity of \$2,500 for members of Parliament. He reviewed the increasing length of the sessions and the demands made on the members' time, showing that if a member's time and work for so long a session were not worth \$2,500 it was not worth a cent, and he should not be re-elected. The bill was finally voted down. The vote was 167 to 9.

LORD'S DAY MEASURE.

The Special Committee of Parliament on the Government's Sunday observance legislation received reports from the transportation interests and representatives of the Lord's Day Alliance, showing that these parties found it impossible to reach any common understanding as to the provisions that the law should contain. The railway representatives reported that "the alliance were not prepared to make any practical suggestions, that it was no use prolonging the conference, as no tangible results could be obtained."

Rev. J. G. Shearer, on behalf of the alliance, submitted a report, which offered some further concessions to the transportation interests. These amendments were as follows:

"1. Allowing all trains and vessels in transit when the Lord's Day begins to proceed to their destination.

"2. Loading and unloading merchandise at intermediate points from passenger boats or trains.

"3. Keeping track and yards free from snow, ice and any other work required for the safety of the traffic.

"4. Loading and unloading of ocean vessels when otherwise they would be unduly delayed beyond their sailing date, or in imminent danger of losing one trip by closing of navigation.

"5. Work of yard crews, handling freight during limited hours. The work of canal employes during limited hours might also be conceded. In view of some necessary Sunday work, it was suggested that provision be made for holiday on another day of the week for the transportation employes who had to work on Sunday, and that double pay be allowed for Sunday work."

BRANCH LINES.

The Grand Trunk Pacific Branch Lines Company announced that they were willing to have an agreement as to these branches binding it not to divert trade from Canadian to American channels. They have also dropped the applications for proposed branches to Halifax, St. John, and Calgary, to the southern boundary of Manitoba, and from Fort William to Toronto. This bill stands till a later meeting of the committee, in order that the members might become fully acquainted with the measure in its new form.

MUST BE AMENDED.

The plans filed by Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann for the construction of their proposed line between Georgian Bay and Montreal were discussed before the Minister of Railways. Mr. Drinkwater, of the C.P.R., wanted fuller information about the western end of the proposed line and the western section was held over accordingly. The entrance to Ottawa, planned to be made through one of the finest parks and showing 13 level crossings, was laid over. The Minister

ada and the Customs protective cruiser Gladiator. They were brought to this port on Wednesday morning. The captains are charged with fishing within the three-mile limit. They are being detained here pending instructions from the Dominion Government.

TOOK VESSEL FROM UNDER FORTS.

The German Ambassador's Prompt Reply to Turkey.

A despatch from Constantinople says: The arbitrary detention of a German sailing ship, the Odysseus, by the Turkish authorities recently threatened friction between Turkey and another European power, but the energetic action of the German Ambassador quickly solved the difficulty. The Odysseus was discharging her cargo at Chibuklu when she was boarded by the authorities and removed to Kavak, where she was anchored beneath the batteries, the Turks falsely claiming that the vessel had explosives on board. The Ambassador protested urgently, but unavailingly, whereupon he took a few sailors from the German guardship here, the Loreley, boarded the Odysseus, hoisted the diplomatic flag, and took the ship under the guns of Kavak to her dock at Chibuklu, where a watch was kept over her while she completed the discharge of her cargo. On returning to the Embassy the Ambassador found a State Council awaiting him with apologies and explanations.

SUICIDE'S BODY FOUND.

Saskatchewan Man Disappeared From Home Last Fall.

A despatch from Strassburg, Sask., says: On Monday, while W. Schroeder was hunting for his cattle, he came across a man's body on a bluff about three miles south of the town. Upon investigation he found it to be that of Adolph Schmidt, who disappeared from his home in October last. Mr. Schroeder reported the matter to Coroner Hotham and an inquest was held on Tuesday. After hearing the evidence the jury brought in the verdict that deceased came to his death by hanging himself while temporarily insane.

CUT OUT BOY'S TONGUE.

He Was Dared to Touch One of the Frost Pipes.

A despatch from Millville, New Jersey, says: Albert Travis, while playing at the Millville ice plant on Thursday, was dared by a boy companion to touch one of the frost pipes with his tongue. "I never take a dare," he said, and touched the white pipe with his tongue. In a moment he was writhing in pain. His companions laughed, thinking he was playing a joke. One of the engineers, hearing the cry, found the boy on his knees almost unconscious. Young Travis' tongue was terribly swollen and frozen fast to the pipe. All efforts to release him were futile and his father was summoned. Learning there was only one way to save his son, he spoke to the engineer, and turned away while the man opened a sharp blade of his pocket knife and cut off the lad's tongue. Before Dr. Chas. B. Neal could arrive the boy had almost bled to death. It is now thought his dare will cost his life.

STRANGLED TO DEATH.

A Young Russian Jew Caught in an Elevator.

A St. John, N.B., despatch says: His neck pinned between the edges of the elevator and the floor, a young Russian Jew strangled to death within the course of a very few minutes in a Dock Street clothing establishment a little after 6 o'clock on Tuesday evening. Nobody saw the fatality, which occurred in the clothing manufacturing house of David Ashkins, No. 36 Dock Street. The dead youth, so far as could be learned, had no relations in the city. He was known by no other name than that of Himan or Hyman, and arrived about three weeks ago from Warsaw, Poland.

million is for bridges and trails. The premier estimates a surplus of a quarter of a million at the end of the fiscal year.

GREAT BRITAIN.

British imports increased during April \$18,857,000; exports, \$14,469,000.

Trials of the C.P.R. steamer Empress of Ireland will take place in a fortnight. Hamar Greenwood, M.P., will preside at the Colonial Society's London dinner, May 24.

UNITED STATES.

James E. Burke, a blacksmith, will probably be the Democratic candidate for Governor of Vermont.

J. L. Yarnall, aged 80, murdered his wife, aged 72, then killed himself on Friday at Philadelphia.

In a rear-end collision on Friday on the Norfolk & Western Railroad four men were killed.

The celebrated Ferris wheel was destroyed by dynamite at St. Louis, on Saturday.

A million dollar fund has been started to rebuild the Methodist churches in San Francisco.

Besides stopping the sale of soda water, cigars, ice cream, etc., on Sunday, Mayor Reed of Portsmouth, Virginia, will not allow railway clerks to work on that day.

Jacob Luckstone, chief clerk of the registry department at the New York general postoffice, attempted suicide here, after being questioned about the loss of \$2,000 from the mails.

Elizabeth Gates, 114 years, the oldest person in Georgia, died at Brunswick on Tuesday. She had been married three times and leaves four children, 23 grandchildren, and 19 great-grandchildren.

The brokerage firm of Harrison, Snyder & Co., of Philadelphia, announced that defalcation amounting to at least \$100,000 had been committed by Edwin S. Greenfield, a confidential clerk. The firm have filed a petition in bankruptcy.

Twenty-one students of Butler College, of Indianapolis, Ind., were suspended on Tuesday. They went to the home of Prof. R. B. Moore, threw several buckets of water on him and hurled a brick through the window. The students objected to certain new rules laid down by the professor.

William Cox and his son-in-law, William Carney, of Smithfield, Ohio, quarrelled on Wednesday over the possession of two cats. As Carney was leaving the yard Cox seized a shotgun and shot him dead. He then turned the weapon on himself and fired the second load into his breast, dying almost instantly.

GENERAL.

A meeting of Russian members of Parliament was dispersed on the order of the St. Petersburg Chief of Police.

Germany has interested itself in valuable coal concessions on the island of Laut. The probable object is to establish a naval base.

BUSH FIRES AT NELSON.

The Country East, West and South Is Overrun.

A despatch from Nelson, B. C., says: Bush fires are raging with unabated violence in every direction in this district, and the atmosphere is filled with dense smoke. Reports from the surrounding country, east, west and south, all show extensive fires in progress. Unless a heavy rain follows quickly the loss will be very great.

CHINA PAYS INDEMNITIES.

Missionaries Recompensed for Loss of Property.

A Hong Kong despatch says: The Viceroy of Canton has paid to the American Consul at Canton, Julius G. Lay, the sum of \$60,000 as indemnity for the mission buildings, the personal property of the missionaries and the claims of converts, as a result of the destruction of property during the rioting at Lienchow in October last. The money will be transferred to the Presbyterian Mission Settlement at Lienchow.

A Peterborough despatch says: At a meeting of the City Council on Tuesday night a by-law was passed imposing a license of two hundred dollars on all retail dealers in cigarettes, other than hotels and liquor shops. The hotel men have agreed, it was stated, not to handle cigarettes. The by-law goes into force on July 1st.

DOUBLE-TRACKING C. P. R.

Work on the Line Between Montreal and Smith's Falls Commenced.

A despatch from Kingston says: The Contract for double-tracking the C.P.R. between Montreal and Smith's Falls has been let, and the work has already commenced. Mr. Drinkwater, Winchester, roadmaster, will supervise the work, and Edward Myers, Smith's Falls, will act as roadmaster.

OIL AT MANITOU, MAN.

Sample Examined Reported to be First-class—Deeper Boring.

A Manitou, Manitoba, despatch says: Indications of oil on the farm of R. M. Lea, seven miles south of this town, so impressed the people that a sample was sent to a Toronto expert, who in his report stated that it was the highest quality of oil. A machine to go further down with the boring is expected in a few days. Lea's farm is a large one near the Pembina mountains, and on many adjoining farms there are indications of oil.

DRAGGED UNDER HARROW.

Mr. E. B. Parker Accidentally Killed Near Magnetawan.

A despatch from Magnetawan says: E. B. Parker, a highly respected farmer, and late bailiff of the Fifth Division Court of this district, was accidentally killed about noon on Thursday. Mr. Parker was harrowing a field near his residence, when his team ran away, dragging him along the ground, causing injuries from which he died. His daughter, witnessing the sad affair, rushed to her father's assistance, and succeeded in extricating him. After raising himself up and smiling he fell back and expired almost immediately.

CHARGE OF MURDER.

George McLean Arrested at Rat Creek, Alberta.

A despatch from Edmonton, Alta., says: A charge of murder has been preferred against Geo. W. McLean, companion of Mary Fortier, the young woman who was found dead near Rat Creek on Friday. McLean, who has been held in custody by the police since his release from the hospital, had his preliminary hearing before Magistrate Wade on Tuesday. The coroner's jury implicated McLean as a party to the young woman's death.

ZULU VICTORY.

Detachment of Natal Mounted Police Practically Wiped Out.

A Durban despatch says: An unconfirmed report is current to the effect that the rebellious Zulus have practically wiped out a detachment of the Natal Mounted Police near Helpmakaar.

CAR OF HORSES BURNED.

A Harrowing Mishap Near Treherne, Manitoba.

A Treherne, Man., despatch says: Mr. Teece, here with a car of horses from Omaha, sold a few and on Friday reshipped the balance to Strassburg, but about three miles west of here the car was discovered to be on fire. The car was cut out, and with the engine a race was made to Holland, but all that could be done was to place the car on a siding, where it burned to the trucks with horses valued at two thousand. The car next to the horses also had an end burned out, but it was saved by the trainmen.

of the C.P.R. wanted fuller information about the western end of the proposed line and the western section was held over accordingly. The entrance to Ottawa, planned to be made through one of the finest parks and showing 13 level crossings, was laid over. The Minister intimated, however, that it could not be approved. The section between Montreal and St. Andrew's and between Hawkesbury and Ottawa was approved. The section between Hawkesbury and St. Andrew's stands over in order that an arrangement may be made to keep north of the Carillon and Grenville road.

TUBERCULOSIS LIST.

Before the Parliamentary Committee on Agriculture Dr. Ruiherford, chief veterinary of the Agriculture Department, made a statement of considerable interest to dairy farmers. It had not been demonstrated, he said, that the tuberculosis and other tests were absolutely certain in their results. Therefore, he did not approve of making their application compulsory. In the meantime he was making experiments of his own on the subject, but for the present his advice to farmers was to give their animals plenty of fresh air. It had been shown that good ventilation was one of the best means of keeping herds free of disease.

DREDGING.

Mr. Bennett was informed by Mr. Fisher that the dredging at Port Arthur and Fort William, from 1902 to 1905, cost the following amounts: Port Arthur, 1902, \$19,042; 1903, \$25,964; 1904, \$40,336; 1905, \$52,841. Fort William: 1902, \$8,402; 1903, \$56,275; 1904, \$61,822; 1905, \$126,383. Tenders had been called for in 1902 and 1903, and also in 1905 and 1906. In other cases the work had been a continuation of work done under previous tenders.

THE ROSS RIFLES.

Col. Worthington was informed by Sir Frederick Borden that 16,500 Ross rifles had been manufactured by the Ross Rifle Company since its organization, of which 1,000 went to the North-West Police, 500 to the Department of Marine, 330 to the 3rd Regiment, R. C. A., 267 to rifle associations, 330 to the 6th Regiment, Canadian Artillery, and 2,000 to the permanent forces. The actual cost of the rifle to the department was \$25, the cost of the British army rifle was \$24, and the British weapon cost the Australian Department of Defence \$26.58. A few rifles had been rejected as unfit for service, but the number of these was steadily decreasing. None of them had been retained. During 1904 and 1905 10,500 rifles had been manufactured. No part of the rifle was manufactured in the United States.

TELEPHONE LINES.

Mr. Roche was informed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier that the Government had considered the memorial sent to the Governor-General-in-Council by the Province of Manitoba praying for an Act to expropriate the telephone lines in that province. No conclusion, however, had yet been reached in regard to the matter, as there was a serious doubt in regard to the jurisdiction of Parliament. The matter was under the consideration of the Department of Justice.

GERMAN TAX ON TRAVEL.

Reichstag Adopts New Graduated Stamp Duty on Railway Tickets.

A despatch from Berlin says: The Reichstag on Tuesday adopted a new sliding stamp duty on railway tickets, the lowest being one and a quarter cents; and the highest \$2. Tickets costing less than fifteen cents are not to be taxed.

GARRISON WITHDRAWN.

Sultan Ordered Troops to Evacuate Tabah.

A despatch from Constantinople says: The Turkish garrison at Tabah, whose presence there led the British Government to issue an ultimatum to the Porte, which expired at midnight on Sunday, has been withdrawn by order of the Sultan.

My Hair is Scraggly

Do you like it? Then why be contented with it? Have to be? Oh, no! Just put on Ayer's Hair Vigor and have long, thick hair; soft, even hair. But first of all, stop your hair from coming out. Save what you have. Ayer's Hair Vigor will not disappoint you. It feeds the hair-bulbs; makes weak hair strong.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's
SARSAPARILLA.
PILLS.
CHERRY PECTORAL.

WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY

Kingston Whig.

The mail is lauding the Whitney government for the great things it has essayed in legislation. Any big ideas that were expanded during the recent session originated with the commission and at a cost of thousands of dollars.

Stratford Beacon.

The Whitney government's power scheme is like an electric light that blazed for awhile, then spluttered, and finally went out. It differs in no important detail from the Ross government's bill of 1903.

London Advertiser

The Whitney Government has tried to pose as a champion of the people, fighting the corporation dragon, but its mock heroics will deceive nobody, now that the performance is over. The Beck bill is a "sell" on the municipalities, which have been led to hope for a helping hand from the Government.

Toronto Star.

"I never knew there was so much vituperation in the English language until I heard Dowie talk for half an hour about the other denominations to four thousand of his deluded people in Chicago," said Rev. C. O. Johnston, in Wesley Methodist church.

The preacher gave Dowie credit for great executive ability, and a great faith in himself. He preached the doctrine of divine healing, but Mr Johnston thought that the words of encouragement Dowie spoke to his patients, and which the latter believed, did more to cure them than the remedies he prescribed. Now, when Dowie himself is ill and likely to die, said the preacher, he has given up his delusions and believes in doctors as he has one to attend him.

Atkinson Globe.

Once upon a time a man married a woman who had inherited \$500 from a grandfather. This was all she ever received, but the man never got credit for his efforts the rest of his life. He built a new store. "Did it with his wife's money," the neighbors said. The home was made over and enlarged. "His wife's money did it," was the only comment. The little measly \$500 she inherited was given the credit for everything he did during life, and when he died and his widow put up a monument with his life insurance, "Her money paid for that," was said again. But this is what her money really went for: During her engagement, she bought herself a \$350 piano and a \$150 diamond ring, and in a few weeks lost the ring. There was always some regret that she didn't lose the piano.

Bobcaygeon Independent.

The god of the continent is the almighty dollar. It seems as if nothing higher can be grasped. "What is there in it?" that is the all-absorbing question. Should a man do something for honor the popular cry instantly is, Great Scott, here is a man who has done something for nothing! Pay him for it, pour some dollars into his clothes. And if it should be timidly mentioned that the man has been more than amply rewarded with the honor, the chances are the suggestion will be met with derision. Honor! Rats! Ten acres of honor could be swapped for a ten-cent lunch. The highest, noblest and holiest aim known to this great continent is a filthy, stinking rag, called

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Beau of Fort Sheridan.

Once a man who had the reputation of never having been beaten for the position of orderly came from another regiment. Private Haarscher and the newcomer, as luck would have it, were detailed for guard the same day. The whole garrison turned out to see which one the adjutant would pick for the coveted place. To all outward signs there was no difference in the neatness and soldierly appearance of the two men.

The officer spent about twenty minutes examining the rifles, belts, cartridge boxes and brasses of the two soldiers. There was absolutely nothing to choose between them in point of neatness of appearance. Finally, as a last resort, the adjutant unbuttoned the blouse of the new claimant for orderly honors. He found a somewhat faded but absolutely clean undershirt.

The officer passed to Haarscher and undid three buttons of his blouse. Haarscher had on a brand new suit of silk underwear that must have cost him a month's pay. It was the other man on that day who walked past post in the hot sun, while Haarscher did "rolling duty" in the shade in front of the commandant's quarters. He was a Frenchman through and through, and he was more proud of it than of anything else save the American citizenship which he had won by enlisting under the American flag.

Woodcraft.

Woodcraft holds the key to nature's

Albert College Belleville, ONT.

Business School founded 1877. Practical and thorough. Five complete courses. Many graduates occupying important places as book-keepers and shorthand reporters. \$37.00 pays board, room and tuition, electric light, use of gymnasium and baths, all but books laundry, etc., for 10 weeks—longer time at same rate. Special reduction to ministers, or to two or more entering at same time from same place. A specialist in book-keeping, who is also an expert penman, and a specialist in shorthand in constant attendance. The teachers in the literary department also assist in the work. The high character of the College is a guarantee of thoroughness. New Commercial Hall one of the finest in Ontario. Catalogue with specimen of penmanship FREE.

PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D.,
Belleville Ont

"Canada's Greatest Nurseries"

WANT
A LOCAL SALESMAN FOR
NAPANEE.

To sell High Class Nursery Stock in Fruits and Ornamentals. Largest List of New SPECIALTIES ever offered. START NOW AT THE BEST SELLING SEASON. Big Inducements, Liberal Pay, Handsome Free Outfit, Territory Reserved. WRITE FOR TERMS and Catalogue and send 25c for our ALUMINUM POCKET MICROSCOPE (magnifies 41 times) and 50c for our HANDY SAW just the thing for trimming trees (cuts iron as well as wood.)

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Fonthill Nurs. ric,
Over 600 acres,

TORONTO, ONT.

The ermine in his snow infested home turns white in the winter, but if he is taken for the winter to a warm climate

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald...	\$1.00
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$1.80

THE BACON HOG.

A pamphlet on the production of hogs in Canada for the British bacon trade, is ready for distribution from the office of the live stock commissioner at Ottawa. It is divided into fourteen parts, each dealing with a section of the bacon industry under the heads of standard type, undesirable hogs, breeds and breeding, rearing and finishing, cost of gain at different stages of growth, soft bacon, foods, gestation. Besides the personal experience of the commissioner and his staff every re-

growth, soft bacon, foods, gestation. Besides the personal experience of the commissioner and his staff, every reliable source of information within reach was drawn upon in securing data. The bacon industry of Canada is worth thirteen million dollars per year. To encourage and assist this valuable trade this bulletin has been prepared with great care.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

I, FRANK J. CHENEY, make oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1885.
(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation

MCINTYRE'S CORNERS.

A severe electric storm passed over here on Saturday night.

Mr. Fred Perry made a business trip through here on Monday last.

Mr. William Myles, of Switzerland, made a business trip on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Sharp visiting at A. Sander's on Monday.

Miss Abbie Price was visiting at Danson Smith's on Sunday.

Mr. Paul LaRue, of Ernesttown Station, shipped a carload of hogs on Tuesday last.

Mr. John Devson is at home on a visit to his parents.

Mr. Dames Barber purchased a new buggy at Perth.

A thief snatched the window of Birks & Son's Jewellers at Winnipeg, and snatched a tray of diamond rings. In running away he dropped all but three rings valued at \$1,250.

CAUGHT COLD ON THE C.P.R.

A. E. Mumford tells how Psychine cured him after the Doctors gave him up

"It is twelve years since Psychine cured me of lingering consumption." The speaker was Mr. A. E. Mumford, six feet tall, and looking just what he is a husky healthy farmer. He works his own farm near Magnetawan, Ont.

"I caught my cold working as a fireman on the C.P.R.," he continued. "I had night sweats, chills and fever and frequently coughed up pieces of my lungs. I was sinking fast and the doctors said there was no hope for me. Two months' treatment of Psychine put me right on my feet and I have had no return of lung trouble since."

If Mr. Mumford had started to take Psychine when he first caught cold he would have saved himself a lot of anxiety and suffering. Psychine cures all lung troubles by killing the germs—the roots of the disease.

PSYCHINE

(Pronounced Si-keen)

50c. Per Bottle

Larger sizes \$1 and \$2—all druggists.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, Toronto.

holiest aim known to this great continent is a filthy, stinking rag, called a dollar.

Ancaster Independent.

The smuggling craze along the border is just as bad with the women as the bargain hunting craze is with the woman in the big cities. If a woman was to smuggle all her life across the river, between Canada and the United States, she would not be a darned bit better off when she was seventy-five than if she had stayed at home and done her shopping quietly amongst the local merchants. And the woman who buys her goods at the nearest corner store is just as well off, and just as happy in life, as the fiend that is ripping, tearing and snorting from one bargain counter to another in the departmental stores. What these women want in their upper stories is about two ounces more of common sense.

Webster Beaten by a Woman.

In the somewhat famous case of Mrs. Bodgen's will, which was tried in the supreme court many years ago, Daniel Webster appeared as counsel for the appellant. Mrs. Greenough, wife of the Rev. William Greenough of West Newton, was a very self possessed witness. Notwithstanding Mr. Webster's repeated efforts to disconcert her she pursued the even tenor of her way until Webster, becoming quite fearful of the result, arose, apparently in great agitation, and, drawing out his large snuffbox, thrust his thumb and finger to the very bottom and, carrying a deep pinch to both nostrils, drew it up with gusto, and then, extracting from his pocket a very large handkerchief, he blew his nose with a report that rang distinct and loud through the crowded hall.

He then asked, "Mrs. Greenough, was Mrs. Bodgen a neat woman?"

"I cannot give you full information as to that, sir. She had one very dirty trick," replied the witness.

"What was that, ma'am?"

"She took snuff!"

Pathos In a Name.

A speaker at a Methodist conference told this story, which, he said, was related to him by Bishop Hartzell: "The bishop, while on a southern tour, met a dorky who was the father of sixteen children, the youngest of whom was scarcely out of arms, and on asking him what the youngster's name was received this reply, 'Judas Scariot, sah.' 'You don't mean to tell me that that is really his baptismal name, do you?' asked the bishop. 'Indeed, I do, sah. Ain't dat a Scriptural name?' 'Yes; but do you know who Judas Scariot was?' 'Course I does, sah; but doan de Scripture say it would have been better for Judas Scariot if he had never been borned?' 'Yes; but what has that to do with this poor little chap?' 'Dat's jest it, sah; dat's jest it. It would have been better for dis poor little chap if he had never been borned, and dat's why we calls him Judas Scariot.'"

His Finish Plain.

"Glad to meet you," said the polite cannibal chief to the new missionary. "I shall expect to see more of you tomorrow. We dine at high noon."

"Er—thanks, awfully. I shall be delighted—"

"Not at all. The pleasure will be all mine, I assure you."

Essay.

First Mail—Have you got an easy place to work? Second Ditto—I should say! It's no trouble to keep the house in order at all. I'm working for a bride and groom, and they never use anything but the cozy corner.

Woodcraft.

Woodcraft holds the key to nature's storehouse. A camper should know for himself how to outfit, how to select and make a camp, how to wield an ax and make proper fires, how to cook, wash, mend; how to travel without losing his course or what to do when he has lost it; how to trail, hunt, shoot, fish, dress game, manage boat or canoe and how to extemporize such makeshifts as may be needed in wilderness faring. And he should know these things as he does the way to his mouth. Then he is truly a woodsman, sure to do promptly the right thing at the right time, whatever befalls. Such a man has an honest pride in his own resourcefulness, a sense of reserve force, a doughty self reliance that is good to feel. His is the confidence of the lone sailorman who whistles as he puts his tiny bark out to sea.—Outdoors.

Wrongly Named Pests.

The origin of the so called San Jose scale is not certainly known, but it is reasonably sure that it was brought from China about 1870 on some plants imported by James Lick and placed on his property in the Santa Clara valley. By 1880 it had come to be recognized as a serious pest and in that year was found near San Jose and described by Professor Comstock, who named it *Aspidiotus perniciosus*. That name being too hard for most of us, the pest has become known the world over as the San Jose scale from the place where it was first found by Professor Comstock, very much to the disgust of the people of that city and vicinity, who do not suffer from it in any appreciable degree.

Everyday Miracles.

"Bullfinches fed on hemp seed turn quite black," said a naturalist. "Horses kept in coal mines for several years become covered with soft, thick fur like a mole. The mastiff of Tibet, who in the Tibetan highlands has a heavy coat of wool, loses his coat completely when he is brought down to the plains.

One Cold and Another

The season's first cold may be slight—may yield to early treatment, but the next cold will hang on longer; it will be more troublesome, too. Unnecessary to take chances on that second one. Scott's Emulsion is a preventive as well as a cure. Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

when colds abound and you'll have no cold. Take it when the cold is contracted and it checks inflammation, heals the membranes of the throat and lungs and drives the cold out.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists

Toronto, Ont.

50c. and \$1.00 - - - All druggists

turns white in the winter, but if he is taken for the winter to a warm climate he does not turn white at all. Quite amazing altogether are the changes that with food and environment we can effect on all living creatures, even on man."

Village of Cripples.

The strangest village in the world is undoubtedly the little hamlet of Jatte, near Culoz, in France, not far from the Italian frontier, where dwell about 200 deformed men, women and children, who in Paris go by the name of "Culs-de-Jatte." They are deprived of the use of their legs and thighs and push themselves along in primitive wooden carts with wooden wheels, which they propel by means of a flatiron shaped block of wood in either hand.

Last of the Aristocrats.

"The old French aristocracy dies with me," cried the Princess de Valmont on her deathbed. She was a bitter old soul, who, born of a long line of uncontaminated ancestors and married to a noble of equally supreme strain, had, through her husband's death in financial difficulties, to marry her five children to "abominable persons" of high character, but with the blight of trade or industry in their blood. Her last years were made mournful to her by this pitiful descent, and just before her grandiose last utterance, looking with a bitter smile at her children and grandchildren in years round her deathbed, she broke silence in the following terrible reflection: "We have here," counting on her fingers, "representatives of carriage making, wholesale grocery, confectionery, coal mining and the stock exchanges, and all grafted on the old tree of the De Valmonts."

The Best Guaranty of Merit Is Open Publicity.

Every bottle of Dr. Pierce's world-famed medicines leaving the great laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., has printed upon its wrapper all the ingredients entering into its composition. This fact alone places Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines in a class all by themselves. They cannot be classed with patent or secret medicines because they are neither. This is why so many unprejudiced physicians prescribe them and recommend them to their patients. They know what they are composed of, and that the ingredients are those endorsed by the most eminent medical authorities.

The further fact that neither Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart regulator and blood purifier, nor his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, overworked, broken-down, nervous women, contains any alcohol, also entitles them to a place all by themselves.

Many years ago, Dr. Pierce discovered that chemically pure glycerine, of proper strength, is a better solvent and preservative of the medicinal principles residing in our indigenous, or native, medicinal plants than is alcohol; and, furthermore, that it possesses valuable medicinal properties of its own, being demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic, and a most efficient anuifluent.

None of the above medicines contains alcohol, or any harmful, habit-forming drug, as will be seen from a glance at the formula printed on each bottle wrapper. They are safe to use and potent to cure.

Not only do physicians prescribe the above, non-secret medicines largely, but the most intelligent people employ them—people who would not think of using the ordinary patent, or secret medicines. Every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines has the strongest kind of an endorsement from leading medical writers of the several schools of practice. No other medicines put up for like purposes has any such professional endorsement.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them and nothing is "just as good." Easy to take as candy.

The Web of Venice.

In Venice one is as if caught in an immense network, or spider's web, which, as one walks in its midst, seems to tighten the closer about one. The streets narrow overhead, push outward with beams and stone balconies and many turning angles; seem to loosen their hold for a moment where a bridge crosses a narrow canal between high walls and over dark water and then tighten again in close lanes where the smells of the shops meet and fume about one's face. The lanes are busy with men in rough clothes and with women in shawls, bareheaded and with great soft bushes of hair, who come and go quietly, slipping past one another in these narrow spaces, where there is hardly room to pass, as the gondolas slip past one another in the narrow canals. The road is difficult to find, for a single wrong turning may lead one to the other end of Venice. This movement, the tangles of the way, the continual arresting of one's attention by some window, doorway or balcony put a strain upon one's eyes and begin after a time to tire and stupefy the brain. There is no more bewildering city, and as night comes on the bewilderment grows almost disquieting. —Arthur Symons in Scribner's.

Happiest People In Europe.

If it be in harmony with one's surroundings to work and to thrive a little and to rear children, to have liberty and security and be tolerant and self respecting constitute any measure of happiness, then the Swiss are by all odds the happiest people in Europe. Such, I think, is the judgment of all observers that have been much among them. You can test it by a simple reference. From every other nation in Europe there is emigration; from Switzerland little or none. At all times about 300,000 Swiss are in foreign countries learning languages or methods of combining travel with work, but they come home, always they come home. The typical Swiss never thinks of making permanent residence outside of Switzerland, or, if once thinking so, he changes his mind when he makes trial thereof.

A Few First Aid Hints.

The following first aid advice was given at a meeting of railway surgeons:

"Don't put your finger on an open wound; don't put a quid of tobacco on a wound, no matter how small it may be; don't use cobwebs or hornet's nest to stop bleeding; don't dose the patient with whisky, brandy, rum or gin; don't bind or cover a wound with a handkerchief or rag (if you cannot get a first aid packet use clean old muslin that has been dipped in boiling water for a few minutes); don't sit a patient up when he is very pale or weak; don't wash a wound, and don't remove blood clots."

These hints are meant for public instruction for those of the laity who may have occasion to extend first aid in case of accidents.

Professional Fees.

It is sometimes claimed that the surgeon or the physician is the only man who is paid for his mistakes, but that is clearly untrue. Lawyers receive fees for the cases that they lose, and other men are not "docked" whenever they fall short of complete success. The truth is that the idea of human compensation is based upon intelligent, honest effort and reputed skill. If all fees and salaries were contingent upon absolute perfection in the task undertaken they would have to be increased many times over, since absolute per-

Athletic Feats on the Moon.

Did you ever get to thinking that you would enjoy a sudden translation from the earth to the moon? If you have, did you ever figure on the wonderful feats of muscular strength with which you could astonish our luminary neighbors, providing gravitation would have no more effect accordingly there than here? Let us figure: The moon only weighs one-eightieth part as much as the earth. Gravitation must therefore be correspondingly less. If therefore a man weighed 140 pounds on this earth he would weigh but a fraction over twenty pounds according to the scales used on the moon. If, however, his muscles and frame remained the same as they were before being transferred to our silvery sister world he could "astonish the natives" with his astounding athletic and muscular feats. He would be able to shoulder an elephant of the regulation size and to yank a small mountain out by the roots. The buoyancy of his body would be so great that athletic feats would be easily accomplished. He could run a mile in something less than two seconds or could by a single bound leap over a wall twenty-four feet high without greater exertion than would be required here in clearing one only two feet in height.

Artist Ziem's Queer House.

Ziem, the artist, was a queer character. He lived in a house at the top of the Rue Lepic on Montmartre. His house was his castle in the literal sense of the word. It was difficult to obtain admission, for the painter had an upper window out of which he always looked when the bell rang and interrogated his would be visitors. He had a basket which he let down by a cord to receive packages or messages, and he slept in a wonderful swinging bed. His house was a veritable museum, illuminated Persian manuscripts being part of his collection. Some of these were worth thousands of francs, but it was impossible to persuade him to sell any of them. In place of a newel post on his stairway stood the prow of a gilded gondola, and, closely immured in his studio, he painted pictures of Venice and bade defiance to all who came to disturb his peace.

Virtues of the Old Sod.

On the very rare occasions that snakes have been found in Ireland explanation of the phenomena has always been forthcoming. One was brought in a bundle of shrubs, another in a packing case, and yet another—this time a dead one—was introduced by an English visitor. All have proved of alien extraction. Even science cannot disprove the Irish belief in St. Patrick as a pied piper. Here is an incident illustrative of this belief: A son of Erin emigrated to Australia and quickly made a fortune. He was happy except for one trial—snakes. "Oh, for an Australian St. Patrick!" he moaned. And then came an inspiration. He wired for a load of the soil of old Ireland. Only when he had strewn the precious mold around about his dwelling could he sleep in peace!—London Tribune.

Paint Brushes.

Everybody paints, whether he owns a house in the suburbs or rents a flat in the metropolis. And what troubles the mind most is the disposition of the brushes when the job is partly completed. Some folk leave them in the paint, some wash them in turpentine, some soak them in alcohol, some immerse them in linseed oil. An authority advises all amateur as well as professional painters to drop their brushes into a bucket or bottle of water and

Tea Flavor and Strength

THE greater body and richness of Indian tea when combined with the delicately flavored but thinner tea of Ceylon, produces that "rich fruity flavor" of Red Rose Tea—a tea that is strong and goes further—requires less to make a cup of equal strength than any brand of Ceylon tea alone.

Red Rose Tea combines the strength and richness of Indian tea and the delicacy and fragrance of Ceylon tea.

Red Rose Tea

is good Tea

T. H. Estabrooks
St. John, N.B., Toronto, Winnipeg

K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K Weak, Nervous, Diseased Men.

Thousands of Young and Middle Aged Men are annually swept to a premature grave through early indiscretions and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Blood Diseases have ruined and wrecked the life of many a promising young man. Have you any of the following symptoms: Nervous and Despondent; Tired in Morning; No Ambition; Memory Poor; Easily Fatigued; Excitable and Irritable; Eyes Blur; Pimples on the Face; Dreams and Drains at Night; Restless; Haggard Looking; Blotches; Sore Throat; Hair Loose; Pain in the Body; Sunken Eyes; Lifeless; Distrustful and Lack of Energy and Strength. Our New Method Treatment will build you up mentally, physically and sexually. Cures Guaranteed or no Pay.



25 YEARS IN DETROIT. BANK SECURITY. No Names Used Without Written Consent.

A NERVOUS WRECK—A HAPPY LIFE.

T. P. EMERSON has a Narrow Escape. "I live on a farm. At school I learned an early habit, which weakened me physically, sexually and mentally. Family Doctors said I was going into 'decline' (Consumption). Finally, 'The Golden Monitor,' edited by Drs. Kennedy & Kergan fell into my hands. I learned the truth and cause. Self abuse had sapped my vitality. I took the New Method Treatment and was cured. My friends think I was cured of Consumption. I have sent them many patients, all of whom were cured. Their New Method Treatment supplies vigor, vitality and manhood."

Consultation Free, Books Free. Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment.

Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, 148 Shelby Street, Detroit, Mich.

YOUR BRAIN HOLDS THE NERVE STRINGS

AND IF DISEASE TAKES HOLD OF THE NERVES THE BRAIN LOSES CONTROL OF ALL THE FORCES THAT CONTRIBUTE TO HEALTH AND MENTAL AND PHYSICAL COLLAPSE ARE AS CERTAIN AS SUNSET

South American Nervine

begins at the beginning to prevent and eradicate disease—it acts on the nerves that control the vital organs of the body, gives strength to the whole nervous system, fills the blood with that richness and purity that is so essential to health—because, remember this, that when these nerves become weakened and exhausted it means indigestion, torpid liver, stagnant kidneys, the heart flutters and becomes irregular and weak, the lungs fail to have the nourishment and weaken, and the climax, naturally enough, is debility—and the next stage may be consumption. All such dire consequences may be saved by the wonderful potency of South American Nervine.

South American Nervine is greatest blood purifier of modern medicine. South American Nervine is woman's best friend in very deed.

You persist and it never fails.

SOUTH AMERICAN RHEUMATIC CURE cures in from one to three days. SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE for diabetes, Bright's disease and all bladder troubles.

absolute perfection in the task undertaken they would have to be increased many times over, since absolute perfection or complete success is very rare in any line of activity.

Decapitating Words.

A writer in the London Chronicle says: "Our language's trick of decapitating words, as in 'bus,' 'phone' and 'wig,' is not at all a modern failing. Take the common words 'spend' and 'sport.' Our very early ancestors had the verb 'spendan,' and yet 'spend' is really a disgusting abbreviation of the Latin 'dis-pendere,' to pay out. 'Sport' is another very old English word, yet it is really 'disport'—'dis-port,' to carry apart, which acquired the metaphorical sense of pleasure or amusement precisely as 'divert' and 'transport.'"

The Coughing Habit.

An irritating cough is not always due to having a cold. It is very often a habit acquired during the period of having one and afterward is more of a nervous, reflex action. When you find you are getting into the habit of continually coughing—a dry, short cough—try to check the inclination, and more often than not the local irritation in your throat will disappear and the cough with it.

A Gigantic Spanish Palace.

The "eighth wonder," as it is usually called, is the gigantic palace of the Escorial, which stands in the ancient kingdom of Toledo, Spain. It is confessedly the most wonderful edifice in the world, whether in dimensions or riches. It has 1,860 rooms, 6,200 windows and doors, 80 staircases, 73 fountains, 48 wine cellars, 8 organs and 51 bells. Its circumference is 2,800 feet, or almost exactly a half mile. It was dedicated to St. Lorenzo, the saint who is said to have been broiled on a grid-iron, and on that account its foundations were laid off in imitation of the shape of that kind of a piece of kitchen utensil.

Silhouette.

Silhouette was the name of a French minister who endeavored to raise the revenues by taxing the nobility. In consequence he became very unpopular, and, the fashion of profiles in black coming in about the same time, they were called in derision silhouettes, the nobility claiming that they had their portraits done in black because they were too poor to have a full picture taken.

He Remembered.

Mrs. Jones—Do you remember that night in June, Henry, when you first asked me to marry you? Mr. Jones—If you refer to that first, last, single, solitary and only occasion upon which I ever asked you to marry me, I do—and you never gave me another chance, either.

An Unhappy Medium.

Housekeeper—You're a big, healthy man. Why don't you go to work? Tramp—Lady, I'll tell yer me trouble. I'm an "unhappy medium." Housekeeper—What do you mean by that? Tramp—Well, yer see, I'm too heavy for light work an' too light for heavy work.

He Started It.

"Why are you going about with a lantern and a cynical smile?" asked the bystander. "Don't interrupt me," returned Diogenes. "I am the original investigating committee!"

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

ity advises all amateur as well as professional painters to drop their brushes into a bucket or bottle of water and forget them. When needed again they will be as soft and pliant as when new. I have tried the trick and can recommend it.

The Houses of Parliament.

The fire, which destroyed the old houses of parliament broke out on Oct. 16, 1834. The present building, termed the palace of Westminster, was opened on Nov. 4, 1852. It stands on a bed of concrete twelve feet thick and covers an area of nine statute acres. It contains 1,100 apartments, 100 staircases and two miles of corridors and passages. The great Victoria tower at the southwest extremity is 316 feet in height.—London Standard.

Sharp and Well Set.

The mistress of the house was newly installed and looked it, but she had clearly defined ideas on industrial questions, and when the man who had called her to the door asked for a little something to eat she immediately looked toward the wood pile in the yard. "Well," she said, "if you will get that ax!" "Oh, I shan't need that," the man interrupted in a reassuring tone. "My teeth are all right."

Her Dearest Wish.

"Darling," he said, "now that we are married, what is your dearest wish?" She gazed into his eyes with a sweet, confiding look and said: "That you will try to have the jeweler take this engagement ring back so you can get me one with a diamond at least half as large again."

Inexperienced.

"Johnny, if you eat all six of these apples you won't have any appetite for your dinner." It is needless to state that it was Johnny's bachelor uncle who made the remark. No man with experience in grocery bills would have made such an error.

Friends.

Never judge a person by his relatives, but by his friends. One isn't responsible for his relatives. Be they good, bad or indifferent, they are thrust upon him, but friends are self chosen, and what they are so is the person.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

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TO THE
NORTH WEST

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Regina	36.00	Stettler	42.50
Moose Jaw	36.00	Edmonton	

GOING:			
June 5th, good to return until August 6th.			
June 19th,	"	August 20th.	
July 3rd,	"	Sept. 3rd.	
July 17th,	"	Sept. 17th.	

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SOUTH AMERICAN RHEUMATIC CURE cures in from one to three days.
SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE for diabetes, Bright's disease and all bladder troubles.

Sold by **F. L. Hooper.**

Removed the Growth.

DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, ONT.

DEAR SIRS,—During year 1890-91 I was troubled with a large lump growing on the right side of my neck near the ear. Had consulted several physicians and used everything I could hear of, all to no use. Was told to use

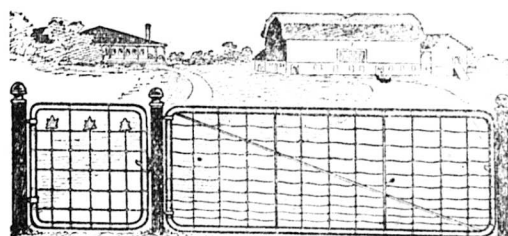
Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

I did, and before I had used half a twenty-five cent bottle was permanently cured. Since then I have used it for everything where outward application is required; am yet to learn of anything in reason that I cannot cure with it. No man has any idea of its value until he has used it; would not be without it under any circumstance

Respectfully yours,

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**FROST
STEEL
GATES**

The Frost Steel Gates are combined in one. A special feature is the frame of continuous steel tubing. This is easily stronger than a frame with elbow corners and malleable castings. The heavy wire filling insures against sagging.

The public is warned against buying gates that infringe against Frost Wire Fence Co. patent, as purchasers as well as users are laying themselves liable. For sale by

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TO THE PUBLIC—

Our Spring Goods have now arrived and we are able to show exceptional values and patterns in Crum's Prints, Sateen Prints, Dress Ducks, Organdies, Priestley's Lustrous and Silks.

We have a full supply of Groceries, Flour, and Feed, Patent Medicines, Boots and Shoes, and Hardware, in fact everything kept by a general store.

We are able to compete with any general store in the province.

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An Absolute Cure For DYSPEPSIA

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Belching of gas after eating, mean weakness.

By means of its muscles, the stomach should churn the food—changing solids into liquids—mixing in the gastric juice to start digestion.

If the stomach is weak—then food is not properly churned and mixed with enough gastric juice. Then you have indigestion and then dyspepsia.

Fruit-a-tives

OR "FRUIT LIVER TABLETS"

strengthen the stomach—just as juicy beef and eggs and milk strengthen the wasted frame of a patient getting over Typhoid.

FRUIT-A-TIVES contain the elements that give new—vigor new energy—to the muscles lining the stomach—stimulate the digestive glands and assure a copious flow of gastric juice for each meal.

More than that, FRUIT-A-TIVES correct the Constipation which usually attends stomach trouble—and by acting directly on kidneys and liver, put the whole system in healthy condition.

FRUIT-A-TIVES are a peculiar combination of fruit juices and tonics that are known all over Canada for their wonderful cures in all stomach, liver and kidney troubles.



50c. a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50.
Sent on receipt of price
if your druggist does not
handle them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES
LIMITED,
OTTAWA.

Before and After.

Mrs. Mann—Before we were married Charles used to bring me candy when he came to see me. Now I have to buy my candy myself or go without. Mrs. Grimes—That's just the way with the men. Mrs. Mann—But, then, I don't mind it. I buy better candy than he used to buy, and as it is his money, just the same as in the old days, the new arrangement is more expensive to him than the old one.

A Criterion of Age.

Birmingham—Your daughter is to marry a young man named Hill, I believe? Manchester—Yes. He belongs to one of the very oldest families in the country. Birmingham—I didn't know that he came from a particularly old family. Manchester—Oh, yes. You often hear people use the expression, "As old as the Hills."

Absentminded.

Smith—Brown is getting to be quite absentminded of late, isn't he? Griffin—Why, I haven't noticed it. Smith—Well, he is. The other day he happened to look in a mirror at home, and he asked his wife what she was doing with that fellow's picture in the house.

Not a Philanthropist.

A.—The man does a great deal for the poor, it is said. B.—Nonsense. He would not even give his daughter to me as my wife.

The universal and absolute law is that natural justice which cannot be written down, but which appeals to the hearts of all.—Victor Cousin.

Spoiled His Scheme.

Among the creditors of an insolvent firm was a New Yorker who had a balance of \$285 coming to him. This man wanted his money. He was a good talker and persuaded the firm to pay him off in case he could get the other creditors to grant an extension of time. So he called a meeting of the creditors and talked to them eloquently about the prospects of the firm getting on its feet again if it only had time. He seemed to have won out when a little old man in the back of the room rose and in a squeaky voice declared that he, for one, wanted his money and did not want to wait for it. "Don't you think it is rather selfish of you to interfere with this plan, in which all of the other creditors have agreed?" asked the first man. "We are willing to wait for the amount of our claims. Every one of us, including myself, believes that this firm should have plenty of time. How much is your claim, anyway?" In the same piping voice the little old man answered: "They owe me \$185,000. How much is your claim?"

The Tomb Spider.

The people of Italy believe in the existence of a wonderful creature which for the want of a better name is called the tomb spider. The entomologists know nothing of this queer beast and declare that it only exists in the fancy of the superstitious persons and those whose curiosity or business makes it necessary for them to explore old ruins, tombs, catacombs, etc. According to the popular account, the tomb spider is of a pure white color, has wings like those of a bat, a dozen horrid crooked legs and a body three or four times the size of that of the largest tropical American tarantula. The accounts of this queer insect and his out of the way places of abode are by no means common, and on that account the information concerning him which we will be able to give is very meager. Any Italian will tell you that such a creature exists, however, and that he is occasionally met with in old mines and caverns as well as in tombs and subterranean ruins.

Goldsmith's Showy Clothes.

Goldsmith was ludicrously fond of showy clothes. When he sought to take orders in Ireland he tried to dazzle his bishop by a pair of scarlet breeches. While studying medicine in Edinburgh he wore "rich sky blue satin," "fine sky blue shalloon" and silver hat lace. Before Johnson, Reynolds and Garrick he strutted about bragging of his bloom colored coat, and when his reputation had been made by his two principal poems he blazed forth in purple silk small clothes, a scarlet greatcoat and a physician's wig. He carried a gold headed cane, and a sword hung by his side, a weapon so disproportioned to his diminutive stature that a coxcomb who passed him in the strand called out to his companion to "look at that fly with a long pin stuck through it."

No Thoroughfare.

Characteristic of the readiness of the Celt is a reply noted in "Leaves From the Diary of Henry Greville."

"I cannot get over your nose," said a frank American woman to the Irish novelist, Colley Grattan, whose nose was flattened.

"No wonder you can't," he retorted, "for the bridge is broken."

SCHEMES OF THIEVES

TRICKS OF THOSE WHO OPERATE IN JEWELRY STORES.

The Way One Place Was Completely Cleaned Out—How Show Windows Are Broken—Getting a Safe That Was Bolted to the Flooring.

A number of jewelers were dining together and with the cigars the talk turned on jewelry thieves and their methods.

The first story was told of an individual who was seen lounging about the plate front window of a jewelry store. No particular attention was paid to the man at the time, but the clerks recalled the incident after the robbery. In this instance the man appeared a number of times in front of the store. One evening soon after dark there was a sudden crash, and a robber was actively engaged in scooping in jewels with a hooked stick. In thirty seconds he was done and away. Bystanders stood as if petrified until the man struck out at a run. Then the store people and the bystanders realized what had occurred and shouting "Thief!" started after the man.

The man dropped his bag. The pursuers stopped and seized the bag. They returned to the store with the bag in high glee, remarking incidentally that there was no need in chasing the thief because here were the goods. The proprietor of the store and all the clerks had followed, but, having farther to go than the crowd, were behind and were met by the people with the bag. Proudly the bag was opened. It contained a brick. The thief had dropped it to check the pursuit. Realizing the trick had succeeded, the crowd, headed by the salesmen and proprietor, went back to the store, only to discover that the window had been cleaned of stock and the counters were bare of a number of costly articles.

A policeman on duty said that after the proprietor and clerks of the store ran for the departing thief a neatly dressed gentleman, with all the airs of a member of the firm, gave directions to two other men, to get the stuff out of the windows and told him (the officer) that this was being done as a precaution against theft while the window was broken. In some first class stores there is a regular danger signal arranged, and the men are drilled each week. When the danger gong sounds one man takes his place at the door, another at the telephone to send word to the police, another with running qualities makes for the door in readiness to pursue, and so on.

Among other stories told were some relating to the tricks and devices of the jewelry thieves. The robber often works at night or sometimes during a crowd by cutting out a disk of glass near where some costly goods are shown. He may reach in and secure something and be off before detected if he is quick. Sometimes he has a long instrument hidden under his coat, so that he can reach in and pick up a watch. Often again he uses a simple stick with a slightly turned end, hooking into a ring.

The process of crushing in a plate front during the intervals of the patrol of the police, at the same time making no noise, is done by pasting cloth or heavy paper on the glass. A wood mallet is used, the hammer ends being securely bound up in a heavy woolen fabric stuffed with excelsior or kindred material. With this soft headed mallet it is possible to bang away noiselessly at the glass until the pane begins to crumble. Unless the plate is usually thick an opening can be made



When you plan your meals you never think of bread, yet you always have it, and if it is left off the table it is the first thing that is missed.

You can live without bread, but you can live without any other food with less hardship—think along these lines and the absolute necessity of bread comes home to you.

And because it is a necessity, its quality should be the best—quality in bread depends largely upon the flour.

Royal Household Flour

has convinced the women of Canada that it is the best for pastry as well as for bread.

Try Ogilvie's Royal Household. Your grocer recommends it, because it gives such good results.

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"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 150 pages of excellent recipes, some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.
154

with songs which became famous—"Old Kentucky Home," "Massa's In De Cold, Cold Ground," "Old Dog Tray," "Willie, We Have Missed You" and "Sweet Ellen Bayne." But the song that is best known in many lands is "The Swanee River," for which Christie's minstrels gave him at the beginning \$50. In addition he received royalties on its sale of over half a million copies and the honor of knowing that eminent singers like Jenny Lind sang it to applauding thousands.

His last song, a negro melody, "Old Black Joe," is still a favorite. A fourth of his 150 songs were in negro dialect, among which were "Nellie Bly," "Nell Was a Lady" and "Nancy Tile."

THE ELYSEE PALACE.

Checked Career of the White House of France.

The Elysee palace, situated in the Rue Faubourg Saint-Honore, is a cross between a country house and a hotel. It has had a checked career since its erection in 1718 and has harbored some queer characters. Louis V. presented it to Mme. de Pompadour. Who knows how many lettres de cachet went out of the gates to imprison those who lampooned her? Under Louis XVI. it was called the Elysee Bourbon. During the revolution it became national property, was put up for sale, found no purchaser and was turned into a government printing office. During the directory there were gay doings in the fine old rooms, and the merveilleuses and incroyables danced and gambled from sunset to sunrise. The rooms were let to a syndicate who made a large fortune out of the speculation. Since then the palace has been occupied by Murat, Napoleon I., Louis Bonaparte and Queen Hortense, Alexander I. of Russia and the Duc de Berri. After the revolution of 1830 it remained unoccupied until Louis Napoleon made it his residence while he was president of the republic. Nearly all the subsequent presidents of the present republic have added to it. The large glass awning seen from the Faubourg, called by the scoffers "the mon-

Losine

And doing nothing to keep it? Most women like thick, heavy hair; long,

Losing Your Hair?

And doing nothing to keep it? Most women like thick, heavy hair; long, luxuriant hair. Don't you? Then use Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. You save what hair you have and get more at the same time. For the whiskers and moustache we make BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. It colors a rich brown or a soft black. R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

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DOUGLAS & CO., Napanee, Ont., Canada.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Eastern Standard Time.				No. 28		Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.					
Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.				Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.							
Stations.		Miles	No.1	No.4	No.6	Stations.		Miles	No.1	No.4	No.6
			A.M.	A.M.	P.M.				A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Ave	Bannockburn	0	6:30	1:30	4:30	Ave	Deseronto	0	7:00	12:35	—
	Yarker	9	6:45	1:45	4:45		Yarker	9	7:20	1:15	—
	Deseronto	18	7:00	2:00	5:00		Deseronto	18	7:40	1:25	12:10
	Napanee	27	7:15	2:15	5:15		Napanee	27	8:05	1:40	12:25
	Tamworth	36	7:30	2:30	5:30		Tamworth	36	8:20	1:50	12:35
	Stoco	45	7:45	2:45	5:45		Stoco	45	8:35	2:00	12:45
	Yarker	54	8:00	3:00	6:00		Yarker	54	8:50	2:17	1:00
	Deseronto	63	8:15	3:15	6:15		Deseronto	63	9:05	2:27	1:10
	Napanee	72	8:30	3:30	6:30		Napanee	72	9:20	2:38	1:15
	Tamworth	81	8:45	3:45	6:45		Tamworth	81	9:35	2:48	1:20
	Stoco	90	9:00	4:00	7:00		Stoco	90	9:50	2:59	1:25
	Yarker	99	9:15	4:15	7:15		Yarker	99	10:05	3:10	1:30
	Deseronto	108	9:30	4:30	7:30		Deseronto	108	10:20	3:21	1:35
	Napanee	117	9:45	4:45	7:45		Napanee	117	10:35	3:32	1:40
	Tamworth	126	10:00	5:00	8:00		Tamworth	126	10:50	3:43	1:45
	Stoco	135	10:15	5:15	8:15		Stoco	135	11:05	3:54	1:50
	Yarker	144	10:30	5:30	8:30		Yarker	144	11:20	4:05	1:55
	Deseronto	153	10:45	5:45	8:45		Deseronto	153	11:35	4:16	2:00
	Napanee	162	11:00	6:00	9:00		Napanee	162	11:50	4:27	2:05
	Tamworth	171	11:15	6:15	9:15		Tamworth	171	12:05	4:38	2:10
	Stoco	180	11:30	6:30	9:30		Stoco	180	12:20	4:49	2:15
	Yarker	189	11:45	6:45	9:45		Yarker	189	12:35	5:00	2:20
	Deseronto	198	12:00	7:00	10:00		Deseronto	198	12:50	5:11	2:25
	Napanee	207	12:15	7:15	10:15		Napanee	207	1:05	5:22	2:30
	Tamworth	216	12:30	7:30	10:30		Tamworth	216	1:20	5:33	2:35
	Stoco	225	12:45	7:45	10:45		Stoco	225	1:35	5:44	2:40
	Yarker	234	1:00	8:00	11:00		Yarker	234	1:50	5:55	2:45
	Deseronto	243	1:15	8:15	11:15		Deseronto	243	2:05	6:06	2:50
	Napanee	252	1:30	8:30	11:30		Napanee	252	2:20	6:17	2:55
	Tamworth	261	1:45	8:45	11:45		Tamworth	261	2:35	6:28	3:00
	Stoco	270	2:00	9:00	12:00		Stoco	270	2:50	6:39	3:05
	Yarker	279	2:15	9:15	12:15		Yarker	279	3:05	6:50	3:10
	Deseronto	288	2:30	9:30	12:30		Deseronto	288	3:20	7:01	3:15
	Napanee	297	2:45	9:45	12:45		Napanee	297	3:35	7:12	3:20
	Tamworth	306	3:00	10:00	1:00		Tamworth	306	3:50	7:23	3:25
	Stoco	315	3:15	10:15	1:15		Stoco	315	4:05	7:34	3:30
	Yarker	324	3:30	10:30	1:30		Yarker	324	4:20	7:45	3:35
	Deseronto	333	3:45	10:45	1:45		Deseronto	333	4:35	7:56	3:40
	Napanee	342	4:00	11:00	2:00		Napanee	342	4:50	8:07	3:45
	Tamworth	351	4:15	11:15	2:15		Tamworth	351	5:05	8:18	3:50
	Stoco	360	4:30	11:30	2:30		Stoco	360	5:20	8:29	3:55
	Yarker	369	4:45	11:45	2:45		Yarker	369	5:35	8:40	4:00
	Deseronto	378	5:00	12:00	3:00		Deseronto	378	5:50	8:51	4:05
	Napanee	387	5:15	12:15	3:15		Napanee	387	6:05	9:02	4:10
	Tamworth	396	5:30	12:30	3:30		Tamworth	396	6:20	9:13	4:15
	Stoco	405	5:45	12:45	3:45		Stoco	405	6:35	9:24	4:20
	Yarker	414	6:00	1:00	4:00		Yarker	414	6:50	9:35	4:25
	Deseronto	423	6:15	1:15	4:15		Deseronto	423	7:05	9:46	4:30
	Napanee	432	6:30	1:30	4:30		Napanee	432	7:20	9:57	4:35
	Tamworth	441	6:45	1:45	4:45		Tamworth	441	7:35	10:08	4:40
	Stoco	450	7:00	2:00	5:00		Stoco	450	7:50	10:19	4:45
	Yarker	459	7:15	2:15	5:15		Yarker	459	8:05	10:30	4:50
	Deseronto	468	7:30	2:30	5:30		Deseronto	468	8:20	10:41	4:55
	Napanee	477	7:45	2:45	5:45		Napanee	477	8:35	10:52	5:00
	Tamworth	486	8:00	3:00	6:00		Tamworth	486	8:50	11:03	5:05
	Stoco	495	8:15	3:15	6:15		Stoco	495	9:05	11:14	5:10
	Yarker	504	8:30	3:30	6:30		Yarker	504	9:20	11:25	5:15
	Deseronto	513	8:45	3:45	6:45		Deseronto	513	9:35	11:36	5:20
	Napanee	522	9:00	4:00	7:00		Napanee	522	9:50	11:47	5:25
	Tamworth	531	9:15	4:15	7:15		Tamworth	531	10:05	11:58	5:30
	Stoco	540	9:30	4:30	7:30		Stoco	540	10:20	12:09	5:35
	Yarker	549	9:45	4:45	7:45		Yarker	549	10:35	12:20	5:40
	Deseronto	558	10:00	5:00	8:00		Deseronto	558	10:50	12:31	5:45
	Napanee	567	10:15	5:15	8:15		Napanee	567	11:05	12:42	5:50
	Tamworth	576	10:30	5:30	8:30		Tamworth	576	11:20	12:53	5:55
	Stoco	585	10:45	5:45	8:45		Stoco	585	11:35	13:04	6:00
	Yarker	594	11:00	6:00	9:00		Yarker	594	11:50	13:15	6:05
	Deseronto	603	11:15	6:15	9:15		Deseronto	603	12:05	13:26	6:10
	Napanee	612	11:30	6:30	9:30		Napanee	612	12:20	13:37	6:15
	Tamworth	621	11:45	6:45	9:45		Tamworth	621	12:35	13:48	6:20
	Stoco	630	12:00	7:00	10:00		Stoco	630	12:50	13:59	6:25
	Yarker	639	12:15	7:15	10:15		Yarker	639	13:05	14:10	6:30
	Deseronto	648	12:30	7:30	10:30		Deseronto	648	13:20	14:21	6:35
	Napanee	657	12:45	7:45	10:45		Napanee	657	13:35	14:32	6:40
	Tamworth	666	1:00	8:00	11:00		Tamworth	666	13:50	14:43	6:45
	Stoco	675	1:15	8:15	11:15		Stoco	675	14:05	14:54	6:50
	Yarker	684	1:30	8:30	11:30		Yarker	684	14:20	15:05	6:55
	Deseronto	693	1:45	8:45	11:45		Deseronto	693	14:35	15:16	7:00
	Napanee	702	2:00	9:00	12:00		Napanee	702	14:50	15:27	7:05
	Tamworth	711	2:15	9:15	12:15		Tamworth	711	15:05	15:38	7:10
	Stoco	720	2:30	9:30	12:30		Stoco	720	15:20	15:49	7:15
	Yarker	729	2:45	9:45	12:45		Yarker	729	15:35	16:00	7:20
	Deseronto	738	3:00	10:00	1:00		Deseronto	738	15:50	16:11	7:25
	Napanee	747	3:15	10:15	1:15		Napanee	747	16:05	16:22	7:30
	Tamworth	756	3:30	10:30	1:30		Tamworth	756	16:20	16:33	7:35
	Stoco	765	3:45	10:45	1:45		Stoco	765	16:35	16:44	7:40
	Yarker	774	4:00	11:00	2:00		Yarker	774	16:50	16:55	7:45
	Deseronto	783	4:15	11:15	2:15		Deseronto	783	17:05	17:06	7:50
	Napanee	792	4:30	11:30	2:30		Napanee	792	17:20	17:17	7:55
	Tamworth	801	4:45	11:45	2:45		Tamworth	801	17:35	17:28	8:00
	Stoco	810	5:00	12:00	3:00		Stoco	810	17:50	17:39	8:05
	Yarker	819	5:15	12:15	3:15		Yarker	819	18:05	17:50	8:10
	Deseronto	828	5:30	12:30	3:30		Deseronto	828	18:20	18:01	8:15
	Napanee	837	5:45	12:45	3:45		Napanee	837	18:35	18:12	8:20
	Tamworth	846	6:00	1:00	4:00		Tamworth	846	18:50	18:23	8:25
	Stoco	855	6:15	1:15	4:15		Stoco	855	19:05	18:34	8:30
	Yarker	864	6:30	1:30	4:30		Yarker	864	19:20	18:45	8:35
	Deseronto	873	6:45	1:45	4:45		Deseronto	873	19:35	18:56	8:40
	Napanee	882	7:00	2:00	5:00		Napanee	882	19:50	19:07	8:45
	Tamworth	891	7:15	2:15	5:15		Tamworth	891	20:05	19:18	8:50
	Stoco	900	7:30	2:30	5:30		Stoco	900	20:20	19:29	8:55
	Yarker	909	7:45	2:45	5:45		Yarker	909	20:35	19:40	9:00
	Deseronto	918	8:00	3:00	6:00		Deseronto	918	20:50	19:51	9:05
	Napanee	927	8:15	3:15	6:15		Napanee	927	21:05	20:02	9:10
	Tamworth	936	8:30	3:30	6:30		Tamworth	936	21:20	20:13	9:15
	Stoco	945	8:45	3:45	6:45		Stoco	945	21:35	20:24	9:20
	Yarker	954	9:00	4:00	7:00		Yarker	954	21:50	20:35	9:25
	Deseronto	963	9:15	4:15	7:15		Deseronto	963	22:05	20:46	9:30
	Napanee	972	9:30	4:30	7:30		Napanee	972	22:20	20:57	9:35
	Tamworth	981	9:45	4:45	7:45		Tamworth	981	22:35	21:08	9:40
	Stoco	990	10:00	5:00	8:00		Stoco	990	22:50	21:19	9:45
	Yarker	999	10:15	5:15	8:15		Yarker	999	23:05	21:30	9:50
	Deseronto	1008	10:30	5:30	8:30		Deseronto	1008	23:20	21:41	9:55
	Napanee	1017	10:45	5:45	8:45		Napanee	1017	23:35	21:52	10:00
	Tamworth	1026	11:00	6:00	9:00		Tamworth	1026	23:50	22:03	10:05
	Stoco	1035	11:15	6:15	9:15		Stoco	1035	24:05	22:14	10:10
	Yarker	1044	11:30	6:30	9:30		Yarker	1044	24:20	22:25	10:15
	Deseronto	1053	11:45	6:45	9:45		Deseronto	1053	24:35	22:36	10:20
	Napanee	1062	12:00	7:00	10:00		Napanee	1062	24:50	22:47	10:25
	Tamworth	1071	12:15	7:15	10:15		Tamworth	1071	25:05	22:58	10:30
	Stoco	1080	12:30	7:30	10:30		Stoco	1080	25:20	23:09	10:35
	Yarker	1089	12:45	7:45	10:45		Yarker	1089	25:35	23:20	10:40
	Deseronto	1098	1:00	8:00	11:00		Deseronto	1098	25:50	23:31	10:45
	Napanee	1107	1:15	8:15</							

HAIR AND COLOR.

Red Is Much Nearer Allied to Black Than to Blond.

The color of the hair, says the Grand Magazine, is usually transmitted from parents to child. This is especially true when both parents have the same complexion. Instances, however, are not uncommon where children have hair black as ebony, while the hair of both parents is a burning red. Instead of disproving the theory that a child takes after its parents, so far as the color of the hair is concerned, this fact, it has now been ascertained, is all in favor of the doctrine. Red hair, in fact, is by its structure and composition much nearer to black hair than to blond.

Very often if the hair of a very dark complexioned person be examined attentively a few quite red hairs will be detected in the mass. On the other hand, it would be time wasted to seek for black hairs in the locks of a fair person. Similarly it is not infrequent to notice children whose hair, red at birth, becomes as they grow older quite dark. When, too, after some serious illness, the production of the coloring pigment of the hair falls off, black hair becomes not blond, but red. Fair hair, which to a casual eye appears to have much more affinity to red hair than to black, is, on the contrary, quite distinct.

Valued Religious Relics.

The collection of religious relics to be seen in the church of the Corsican village of Sisco is undoubtedly unique. The inhabitants of this pretty little place are exceedingly devout and very simple, which probably accounts for the possession of such a remarkable collection. A writer in L'Independence Belge gives the following list of the principal items: The horn used by Moses to call together the children of Israel while in the desert, a tuft of that red hair which was the pride of Esau and the despair of Jacob, a piece of the nail of the little toe of the left foot—the statement is very precise—of Enoch, the patriarch; the bib worn by the infant Jesus, the curb and crupper of the ass that took the holy family into Egypt and several relics of various saints.

An Explorer's Stratagem.

Sir Harry Johnston, the famous explorer, once escaped from a very tight corner in Africa by a queer stratagem. A score or two of murderous natives had surrounded his tent, into which, before rushing it, they sent an envoy. The envoy was told the smallpox was in the camp, and a wretched Albino was sent out as the awful example. In five minutes the scared tribesmen had vanished. As Sir Harry well knew, they feared the "white disease" more than all the inventions of Maxim.

His Works.

"A man is known by his works," declared the irrepressible reformer, who was addressing a large and enthusiastic audience.

"Yours must be a gas works!" shouted a rude, uncultured person who occupied a back seat.

Obligated to Move.

"What, you are not going to move again?" said Mr. Jones to his brother. "I thought you liked your little flat."

"So we did when we moved in, but my wife has gained ten pounds, and we need more room."

Good nature is the very air of a good mind, the sign of a large and generous soul and the peculiar soil in which virtue prospers.—Goodman.

RICHMOND MINUTES

The Council met at Selby. The members present were Z. A. Grooms, Reeve, and Councillors Fred Sxxsmith, Chas. Anderson, E. R. Sills, and Alf McCutcheon.

The Reeve presided. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Moved by Chas. Anderson and seconded by A. McCutcheon and resolved that the Reeve and Treasurer of the Corporation of the Township of Richmond, be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to execute on behalf of said Corporation, a discharge of the mortgage given by Robert Edgar McCaul to the said Corporation.

Moved by Chas. Anderson and seconded by A. McCutcheon, that the Reeve and Councillor Sills be a committee to investigate the terms upon which all moneys deposited in the bank, by the Township, can be obtained in the various Banks of Napanee and report to this Council at its June session.

Moved by Chas. Anderson, seconded by E. R. Sills, that Road Section, No. 77 be abolished and that T.V. Anderson be added to Road Section No. 29 and No. Wm. French be added to Road Section 69. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon and seconded by E. R. Sills, that Frank Smith be appointed Pathmaster in place of David Brown in Road Section No. 9, and that the By-law be amended accordingly. Carried.

Moved by Chas. Anderson and seconded by E. R. Sills, that whereas the act respecting noxious weeds was amended in 1904 whereby the owners of lands adjacent to the highways of the municipality are required to cut the weeds to the centre of the said highways the ratepayers of the Township are hereby notified of the said Amendment Act of 1904, also that Robert Shetler is the Inspector for that part of the township south of the 5th concession line, and Jas. Windover, Inspector for the Township north of the 5th concession line. The By-law appointing the said Inspectors provides that the remuneration for services, under the Act shall be thirty cents per hour while on duty Sec. 5 and Sub-Section 2 and 3 of the Act respecting the destruction of noxious weeds upon notice of the Inspector shall pay the expenses incurred in the destruction of the said weeds. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon and seconded by E. R. Sills, that the Collector's time be extended until the first Monday in June, and that he be required to continue the collection of unpaid taxes Carried.

Moved by Fred Sxxsmith and seconded by A. McCutcheon, that the following accounts be paid: R. Harrington work on Napanee and Sheffield Road at Brandon's bridge, \$27.20; Wm. Brandon 34 loads of stone \$3.40; H. Baker, blasting stone for road \$1.10 John Bruin, for coffin and burial expenses of Simon J. Sexsmith, an indigent person \$28.00; E. T. Anderson for work on Napanee and Sheffield road in Selby. Carried.

The Council adjourned to meet on the first Monday in June, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. at which time the Court of Revision will be held.

A. WINTERS, Clerk.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the hearing and determining of appeals against the assessment of the Township of Sheffield for the year 1906, will be held in the Town Hall, Tamworth, on MONDAY, JUNE 4th, 1906, at 10 a. m. and all persons having business at the said Court will govern themselves accordingly.

JAS. AYLSWORTH, Clerk.

COURT OF REVISION TOWNSHIP

A PRETTY CANADIAN GIRL

Regained Health and Beauty by Use of Pe-ru-na.



Miss Louise Moore, 36 McGill St., Toronto, Can., writes:

"I wish to express my gratitude to you for giving to suffering humanity your wonderful medicine, Peruna. I was an invalid from catarrh of the liver. I was despondent, my skin was sallow, I had a bad taste in my mouth in the morning, my tongue was coated a dark brown and my breath was very bad at times. I was subject to sick headaches and vomiting. My bowels were irregular and I was wretched. I doctored for some time without becoming much better and finally, at the suggestion of friends I tried Peruna. The result was magical and within four months I was completely cured."—Miss Louise Moore.

THOUSANDS of women suffer from systemic catarrh. This is sure to produce such symptoms as cold feet and hands, sick headache, palpitation of the heart and heavy feelings in the stomach.

Then begins a series of experiments with medicine. They take medicine for sick headache. They take medicine for nervous prostration, for palpitation of the heart, for dyspepsia. None of these medicines do any good, because they do not reach the cause of the complaint.

Peruna at once mitigates all these symptoms by removing the cause.

Systemic catarrh is the trouble. Systemic catarrh pervades the whole system, deranges every organ, weakens every function. No permanent cure can be expected until the systemic catarrh is removed.

This is exactly what Peruna will do. Good health is the basis of beauty. Clean skin, clean mucous membranes, these are the true source of beauty and symmetry.

A Woman in Morocco.

All the life of a woman in Morocco is really passed behind the walls of its prison-like houses. She sees nothing, knows nothing, is wholly sunk in ignorance. She has no social life, no afternoon "at home." A writer says: "Most of the ladies' calls are roof to roof visitations, and very much they are at getting over the low partition walls, even dragging a ladder up and down with them if there are high ones to be crossed. The reason is that the roofs, or, rather, terraces, are especially reserved for women folk, and men are not even allowed to go up except to do repairs, when the neighboring houses are duly warned."

Strange Pledges.

London pawnbrokers are frequently asked to take strange things in pawn, such as a pair of slippers, a comb, a watch, etc.

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Female catarrh is the most beauty-destroying disease in existence. Peruna cures by removing the cause. Peruna strikes at the source of all these hateful disfigurements.

Never Looked So Well

As Since Taking Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. Mary A. Brown, 48 Wells Ave., Dorchester, Mass., writes:

"Every one that looks at me says, 'I never saw you look so well as you do now.' I then told them I have been taking your medicine. I thank you for the kind letters I have received from you. I will always praise Peruna and Maudslayi."—Mrs. Mary A. Brown.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, of Columbus, O., gives advice to women free during the summer months.

All correspondence held strict confidential.

WANTED—A reliable agent for Napanee and surrounding country. Good pay weekly, exclusive territory. Simple case, or outfit free. Our terms are the best in the business. We need a man of good character and ability during 1906 and we pay monthly over on account. The character and merit of our line of stock are of course, an added inducement to come, call, and see, and get prices. Each seller's stock is offered for the first time. Write now to THE PELHAM SUPPLY CO., Toronto, Ont.

SEASON OF 1906. UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STR. REINDER

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS: LEAVE Pelham, Ont. at 8 a. m. for Napanee and all ways there. Leave Pelham at 8 a. m. for Toronto and all ways there. Leave Napanee at 11 a. m. for Toronto and all ways there. Leave Toronto at 11 a. m. for Napanee and all ways there. Leave Napanee at 11 a. m. for Toronto and all ways there. Leave Toronto at 11 a. m. for Napanee and all ways there. Leave Napanee at 11 a. m. for Toronto and all ways there. Leave Toronto at 11 a. m. for Napanee and all ways there.

Good nature is the very air of a good mind, the sign of a large and generous soul and the peculiar soil in which virtue prospers.—Goodman.



Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

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MANN & CO. 351 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 225 F St., Washington, D. C.

E LIFE

Are Susceptible to Many telligent Women Prepare Their Experiences.



Mrs. E. Powless

I took it for five months and then off and on until the critical period had passed, and it restored me to perfect health. My advice to suffering women is to try your Vegetable Compound, and they will not be disappointed. —Mrs. E. Powless, Deseronto, Ont.

Another Woman's Case.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"As I love my splendid health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I am very pleased to write and tell you my experience with it. I am the mother of three children grown to womanhood, and have safely passed the change of life, and feel as young and as strong as I did twenty years ago, and I know that this is all due to your woman's friend, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I used it before my children were born, and it greatly assisted nature and saved me much pain during the change of life. I took it, off and on, for four years, and had but little trouble and sickness that most women have to endure."

—Mrs. James K. Mann, 800 Bathurst St., Toronto, Canada.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Powless and Mrs. Mann, it will do for other women at this time of life.

It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

In the Town Hall, Tamworth, on MONDAY, JUNE 4th, 1906, at 10 a. m. and all persons having business at the said Court will govern themselves accordingly.

JAS. AYLSWORTH, Clerk.

COURT OF REVISION TOWNSHIP OF RICHMOND.

Notice is hereby given that a Court for the Revision of the Assessment Roll for the Township of Richmond, will be held at the Town Hall of the said Township, in Selby, on Monday June 4th, 1906, commencing at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having business at said court will govern themselves accordingly.

A. WINTERS, Clerk.

Selby, May 14th, 1906.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Napanea, on

Tuesday, 5th June, 1906,

at 2 o'clock p.m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned, not later than Tuesday, 5th June, 1906, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON, County Clerk.

Dated May 17th, 1906.

Lincoln the Lawyer.

It is conceded by all his contemporaries that Lincoln was the best all around jury lawyer of his day in Illinois. Undoubtedly his knowledge of human nature played an important part in his success. He possessed another quality, however, which is almost if not quite as essential in jury work, and that is clearness and simplicity of statement. His logical mind marshaled facts in such orderly sequence and he interpreted them in such simple language that a child could follow him through the most complicated cause, and his mere recital of the issues had the force of argument.—Frederick Trevor Hill in Century.

Lloyd's Historic Bell.

The bell used to insure silence at Lloyd's, in London, when the arrival of an overdue vessel is announced to the anxious underwriters is of naval origin. It belonged to the Lutine, which was wrecked near the Zuyder Zee toward the end of the eighteenth century, when England was at war with Holland. As it was customary in those days to send bullion and specie by men-of-war, the Lutine carried a valuable consignment of specie, and the underwriters at Lloyd's were able to arrange with the Dutch government to salvage the cargo and recoup themselves for their loss on insurance. Over £50,000 was recovered, and among other relics brought to shore was the Lutine's bell, to ring out good cheer for anxious underwriters who hear the safe arrival proclaimed by Lloyd's crier as silence follows the ringing of the bell.

Leather and Shoes.

The leather that makes the most comfortable shoes and the most lasting as well is the old fashioned tan bark cow leather, greased good and hard every Saturday with tallow fat. Oil is the life of leather, and a shoe should be oiled at least twice a month, as it readily evaporates. The man who walks a great deal should change his shoes every other day if he can afford it, and he should make some sacrifice to do it, as the benefit to his feet will be immeasurable. Shoes should fit the feet well and snugly. The feet should be the last part of a man's anatomy to tire from walking, and they won't if the proper care is taken of them.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchard* The Kind You Have Always Bought

are duly warned.

Strange Pledges.

London pawnbrokers are frequently asked to take strange things in pawn. The other day a Holborn pawnbroker lent \$100 on a fine horse, which one of his daughters rode until it was redeemed. The same pawnbroker once took in pledge a medical chest of poisons that were strong enough to kill 10,000 men. It was, however, a valuable deposit, as some of the poisons were very rare. A Kensington (England) pawnbroker about three weeks ago lent a sum of money on a number of autographs of dead celebrities.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Of all the words in the English language "don't tell" are paid the least attention.

The only trouble with experience as a teacher is that the knowledge she gives comes too late.

The trouble with the average father being prepared for a rainy day is that his daughter's wedding day gets him first.

Don't cultivate that habit of looking for something to worry about. You may some day have your search rewarded.

Sometimes people complain of their individuality being crushed out when it would really be the best thing that could happen to them.

Gratitude is a strange thing. You never find it where it should be found, but in cases where there is seemingly little or nothing to be grateful for it abounds.

By Heart.

Gladys—How is it one never forgets a love affair? Aggie—Because that is something you always learn by heart.

There is only one sort of love, but there are a thousand different copies of it.—La Rochefoucauld.

at 10.40, connecting with G.T.R. noon train going East and West.

RETURNING will leave Napanea at 1.15 p.m., connecting at Deseronto with Steamers "Varuna" for Belleville and Trenton. Leave Deseronto at 2.30 p.m., Pictou at 4.30 p.m. for down the bay.

This boat can be chartered for excursions on very reasonable terms.

For further information apply to

JAMES COLLIER, Captain.

Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte Steamboat Co., Limited.

Str. "ALETHA" between

BELLEVILLE-PICTON-KINGSTON

Commencing April 17th steamer will leave Deseronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7.30 a.m. for Kingston, Pictou and intermediate Bay of Quinte points.

Returning steamer will arrive on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8.45 p.m., and will leave for Belleville.

Right reserved to change time with or without notice.

Freight handled promptly and with care.

For further information apply to

E. E. HOISEY, THE RATHBUN CO., General Manager, Agents Kingston, Ont. Deseronto, Ont.

Vapo-Cresolene

Established 1879.

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

When a cough has been established and standard remedy for the disease has failed, it cures because the air is rendered strongly antiseptic by passing over the diseased surfaces of the bronchial tubes with every breath, giving prompt and potent treatment. Those of a consumptive tendency, or sufferers from chronic bronchitis, find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price.

A Vapo-Cresolene outfit including a bottle of Cresolene (1 lb.), 50¢; and a bottle of Vapo-Cresolene (1 lb.), 50¢. Sent for free. Illustrated booklet, "Cures While You Sleep," 10¢. Agents, The S. J. Jones Co., Montreal, Canada.

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"



"Your Servants, Madam!"

The Gold Dust Twins are always ready to work; they are certainly artists in the cleaning line. There's nothing cleanable which

Gold Dust Washing Powder

will not clean—and do it better, more quickly and more economically than anything else can. You are not serving your best interests if you're trying to keep house without GOLD DUST.

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST | Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleaning bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

THE WAY OF STRENGTH

It Is Part of Man's Highest Duty to Be Strong.

Quit you like men; be strong.—I. Cor. xvi., 13.

This is a call that wakes a response in every breast. Our common human instinct for progress, the cause of all our advancement, leads to the universal admiration of strength. Might does not make right, but might is the right of every man. Religion glorifies strength; it demands of every man that he shall be the best he may. It seeks to show him the way into the fullest, largest life.

Only the abnormals, the diseased, and the failures in life's workshop attempt to glorify weakness. Sickly souls may have imagined that piety found its most perfect expression in pain-racked, impotent bodies, in weak minds wandering through strange hallucinations. They have sought to glorify the Creator by debasing the creation. They have forgotten that old story of one who looked on all his works and delighted in their goodness.

But religion looks toward the man who shall be perfect in all his faculties, realizing all his possibilities and dwelling in a world where the will of infinite love is perfectly done. It sees in everything that makes man healthier and stronger the coming of that day and that Kingdom. It serves the Creator by seeking to bring all things in the creation to the perfection indicated in their design and presaged by their progress.

Then as man grows and comes into higher life he learns that there is a call for strength far superior to the physical. Many a giant is but a weakling in all that makes worth while strength. No man is strong

UNTIL HE IS STRONG WITHIN.

It is but a crude world where men are measured by their muscles. The race comes up from the level of the brutes, establishing superiority the one over another by tooth and claw, to the struggle of mind and brain.

Progress and the passion for strength lead men on to the acquisition of that which is higher still, the might to will the right, the power of making and following right moral choices. This is the need of which every truly growing man is most conscious. He despises neither brain nor brawn, but he knows that the great battles are fought not with the sword but with the will, that the great conquests come not by the strong arm nor even by the keen brain, but by the heart that loves truth, the mind that

determines aright, the will to do the best one knows.

Then the man asks, How shall I gain this strength of heart? And he finds the same general laws holding for the making of the full man here as in the lower realm. Soul strength is but the product of soul health. That inner, bracing atmosphere of honor, that glow of self-respect and fellow reverence, those lofty ideals and aspirations, that consciousness of royal dignity and rights; these are the things that make men quit themselves like men, the things that underlie strength.

Struggle, too, is one secret of strength. He who uses his muscle finds them, hardens them. He who flees temptation, who hides from those trying questions, those soul-searching crises of life misses the best that life can give. These make the gymnasias of the soul. It is easy to berate this as a wicked world; it might be a much worse one if it was only so good as to grow the vines of summer alone instead of some of the oaks of winter's struggles.

He who seeks strength will seek the strong. The soul finds itself in the atmosphere of greater souls, in touch with the things and thoughts that are infinite.

FOR SPIRITUAL STRENGTH

there must be touch constantly with spiritual being, the constant nearness in thought and desire to those unseen forces and that life which even the most unthinking must realize at times.

A man will find moral strength in the remembrance of his moral dignity. He will enter that saying which calls him the son of the Most High; he will seek to carry himself as worthy of the family name. If the Father of spirits is his father may he not bear the likeness of that father? May he not find full strength through the natural outliving, the realization constantly of the best that is born in him?

The great need of this world is not for folks who will try to carry themselves like angels, but for those who will quit themselves like men, who will find moral strength through human service. They never can be other than weak and purposeless, morally flabby in muscle, who think only of themselves, only of perfecting their own character. Much religion is like a stage gymnasium. True strength is found in natural work; many a man who goes out to do something for another comes back to find he has done much more for himself. He has found strength within.—Henry F. Cope.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,

MAY 20.

Lesson VIII. Death of John the Baptist. Golden Text: Eph. 5. 18.

LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version issued as a basis for these Word Studies.

Intervening Events.—Several events intervene between the last lesson and this one. Returning from the country of the Gerasenes, across the lake to Capernaum, Jesus was welcomed by a great multitude who had heard of his marvelous works. Shortly afterward he raised from the dead the daughter of Jairus, a ruler of the synagogue (Mark 5. 21-43). From the account of which we

23. Swore—Swore. Compare the oath of Ahasuerus to Queen Esther. Esther 5. 3.

24. And she went out, and said—Literally, and she, having gone out, said.

25. Straightway with haste—The daughter evidently partook of the mother's nature and tastes. The haste of the women was lest the king's ardor should cool, it being well known to them that the granting of the request they were about to make was entirely contrary to the king's own desire.

Platter—The word charger, used in the Authorized Version, has become entirely obsolete in this sense, though at one time it meant just what our word platter now means.

29. His disciples—The disciples of John, some of whom later became the disciples of Jesus.

QUEER LOTS AT AUCTION.

MILLIONAIRES ARE FEW SQUANDERING OF MONEY

INTERESTING LIST IN THE INCOME TAX RETURNS.

Nineteen Pay Taxes on Incomes Over \$500,000—Where Bulk of Tax Comes From.

To the average novelist, especially the lady novelist, of the old three-volume order, dukes and earls come very cheaply; almost as cheaply, in fact, as to W. S. Gilbert, who sang of "Dukes at three a penny."

The average novelist, too, often attaches an income of \$50,000 a year to one or more of the titled personages figuring in his or her pages. Which says a great deal for the novelist's powers of imagination, as according to a Parliamentary return just issued there are only 19 persons in Great Britain (not Ireland) whose incomes are assessed at over \$50,000 a year. So that millionaires are not so very plentiful after all.

The total annual income of these very fortunate 19 people is \$1,968,442. In the same class are 113 firms with a gross assessed income of \$12,321,406, 794 public companies with an income of \$145,220,365, and 45 municipal corporations and other local authorities with a total income of \$7,544,887. So that there is no real reason for panic among the income-tax collectors.

Coming to those comparatively poor people with incomes of \$10,000 to \$50,000 the report says there are 219. They have an aggregate income of \$4,122,532. Then there are 433 unfortunate people who only earn anything between \$5,000 and \$10,000 annually, and their income only totals \$3,028,829.

PRIVATE INCOME EARNINGS.

Here is the complete list of private incomes assessed under "Schedule D":—

	Persons.
\$50,000 and over	19
\$10,000 to \$50,000	219
\$5,000 to \$10,000	433
\$4,000 to \$5,000	290
\$3,000 to \$4,000	551
\$2,000 to \$3,000	1,401
\$1,000 to \$2,000	6,044
\$900 to \$1,000	2,600
\$800 to \$900	2,041
\$700 to \$800	4,019
\$600 to \$700	4,778
\$500 to \$600	8,562
\$400 to \$500	17,302
\$300 to \$400	34,281
\$200 to \$300	96,659
\$100 to \$200	140,154
The total of the assessed incomes is	\$123,592,622.

The figures are striking. Most people, for instance, if asked how many other people earned incomes of \$1,000 or more would certainly guess a good many more than 6,000.

PAYERS OF INCOME TAX.

Perhaps the most interesting list in the return is the following. It shows very clearly where the income tax for Great Britain comes from:—

Salary.	Persons.
Not exceeding £160, but not exempt	137,913
£160 to £200	68,717
£200 to £300	77,248
£300 to £400	29,635
£400 to £500	16,589
£500 to £600	7,857
£600 to £700	4,498
£700 to £800	3,610
£800 to £900	1,644
£900 to £1,000	3,139
£1,000 to £2,000	4,213
£2,000 to £3,000	537
£3,000 to £4,000	179
£4,000 to £5,000	113
£5,000 and over	90

Ireland has another grievance. No one is able to confess grudgingly to the income-tax collector that he possesses an income of £50,000 or over. But there are six happy people with assessed incomes from business of over £10,000, and three with incomes between £5,000 and £10,000.

MOST REMARKABLE CASES OF EXTRAVAGANCE ON RECORD.

Wealthy People Have Different Ways of Getting Rid of Their Money.

When people have more money than they know what to do with they sometimes develop a remarkable ingenuity in devising methods of squandering it, as in the case of the French marquis, who, according to the papers, has her bed strewn with rare and exquisite orchids at a cost of several thousand francs a week.

Even more remarkable is the story told of a wealthy Frenchman who dines twice a week at a famous Parisian restaurant. His appetite is of the poorest, but he always insists on having a tureen filled with a specially-prepared soup placed before him. Next comes a huge joint of meat, from which he cuts one tiny slice; then follow four quails or a large chicken, of which he eats one mouthful. His dessert consists of four grapes and a cup of coffee; while during his meal he just moistens his lips from a bottle of expensive claret and another of the finest champagne. At the conclusion of each meal, for which he pays 120fr., he hands 40fr. to the head waiter, 20fr. to the waiter who has attended to him, ten to the lady-cashier, and

FIVE TO THE PORTER.

Not long ago the son of an American millionaire gave a dinner to twenty-two friends in Paris. Each guest was driven to and from the hotel in a sumptuous carriage; while before him were placed a whole leg of mutton, a whole salmon, a fowl, a basket of peaches, and several bottles of wine. During desert a bag was passed round, from which each guest was invited to draw a souvenir, consisting of pearl studs, emerald links, and gold cigarette-cases encrusted with jewels. About the same time another youthful Croesus commissioned eight of the most famous artists in America to paint a fan which he wished to present to a lady, the ultimate cost of the fan being \$100,000.

A weird form of extravagance was that of a lady named Hillier, who recently buried her husband in a \$20,000 coffin. The casket was made of richly-carved mahogany with solid gold mountings—a single knob costing \$1,750—and lined with silk which is said to have cost \$1.08 an inch. Another coffin, which was recently made for a Chinese mandarin, was so lavishly decorated with gold and precious stones that its value was said to be \$65,000.

There are some men who are in a position to carry a small fortune on their heads. Mr. Manderson, of Nebraska, is the proud owner of

A HAT MADE OF "GREENBACKS"

of the value of \$20,000; this costly head-covering, we are told, weighs 20oz. and "looks exactly like the white hats worn by many gentlemen in summer-time." The late Chinese Minister at Washington used to wear a hat, valued at \$5,000, in front of which was a large opal set in diamonds; while another expensive hat made of spun glass, which took two years to make and is said to be worth \$5,000, is the property of Mr. Sherard.

The Nizam of Hyderabad has a set of false teeth for which he paid a Madras dentist \$3,500, and Mr. Dixie W. Thompson, a wealthy rancher of Santa Barbara, Cal., not long ago spent \$3,750 on a saddle, which is of the finest embossed leather, heavily and most elaborately mounted with silver. Mr. Henry G. Marshall lavished \$50,000 on a grand piano, exquisitely painted by Sir L. Alma-Tadema and studded with precious stones. Jan Van Beers has a piano, a miracle of painting, precious metals, and jewels, which cost him \$30,000; and Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt

one. One returning from the country of the Gerasenes, across the lake to Capernaum, Jesus was welcomed by a great multitude who had heard of his marvelous works. Shortly afterward he raised from the dead the daughter of Jairus, a ruler of the synagogue (Mark 5. 21-43), after the account of which we should doubtless insert into Luke's narrative the stories of the healing of the two blind men and of the dumb demoniac told in Matthew 9. 27-34. The rejection at Nazareth reported in Matt. 13. 54-58 and Mark 6. 1-6 was doubtless a second event similar to but not identical with the rejection at Nazareth recorded in Luke 4. 16-30, the former belonging apparently to the earlier part of his ministry. This second rejection at the hands of his own townsmen at Nazareth was followed by a preaching tour (the fourth, or rather the third continued) in Galilee (Mark 6. 6; Matt. 9. 35); and the sending of the twelve on their first independent mission tour (Mark 6. 7-13; Matt. 10. 1-34; Luke 9. 1-16). It was upon the return of the twelve from this tour that word was brought to Jesus by the disciples of John the Baptist of their master.

John the Baptist is called Elijah (Matt. 3. 2), the forerunner of Christ (Isa. 40. 3; Mal. 3. 1). "a burning and a shining light" (John 5. 35). He was a son of Zacharias and Elisabeth, of the priestly tribe (Luke 1. 5); preached and baptized in the wilderness (Matt. 3. 1, Luke 3. 2); baptized Jesus (Matt. 3. 13); reproved Herod Antipas (Matt. 14. 4; Mark 6. 18); was beheaded by Herod and buried by his disciples (Matt. 14. 10-12). Jesus calls him the greatest among those born of women (Matt. 11. 11; Luke 7. 28).

Verse 15. Herod Herod Antipas, the tetrarch of Galilee. His official residence was at Tiberias, on the southwestern shore of the lake.

15. Elijah—The prophet Malachi had foretold the return of Elijah: "Behold I will send you Elijah the prophet before the great and terrible day of Jehovah come (Mal. 4. 5)."

Others said—The fame of both Jesus and John the Baptist was widespread, the opinions concerning both were diverse.

A prophet, even as one of the prophets—A prophet, yet not an ordinary prophet, but one of the great and well-known ancient prophets.

16. John is risen—Even so wicked a man as Herod could not escape the compunctions of a guilty conscience, and it was natural for him, with this consciousness of guilt resting upon his mind, to behold in any and every pure and holy man and wonder of miracles the embodiment of this same John whom he had caused to be beheaded.

17. The remaining verses, 17-29, are really parenthetical to the main narrative of Mark. They are inserted to explain the allusions to Herod's fancy and fear mentioned in verses 14-16.

Bound him in prison—Probably in the dismal dungeon of the Castle Machærus, known also as the "Black Fortress," and situated on the eastern coast of the Dead Sea, one of the palaces of Herod.

Herodias, his brother Philip's wife—She was also the niece of both her husbands, being the daughter of Aristobolus, another of the sons of Herod the Great. As Gould has pointed out: "The marital relations of the Herodian family were a most extraordinary mixture, though belonging to the general license of the age. This is one of the places where the gospels bring us into contact with the Gentile world, the Herodians being Gentile in their extraction and spirit, though nominally Jews in their religion, and the note of that Gentile world was open vice and profligacy, while of the Jewish leaders it was hypocrisy."

21. A convenient day—An opportune moment for the carrying out of her purpose.

22. The daughter of Herodias herself came in and danced—An almost unprecedented thing for women of rank or even of respectability.

She pleased Herod—Better, it pleased Herod, that is, the dancing.

John, some of whom later became the disciples of Jesus.

QUEER LOTS AT AUCTION.

A Church, a Panorama and Gigantic Carpet Under Hammer.

There were three very strange auctioneers' sales in London recently—an incongruous mixture. They are relics of Earl's Court, bankrupt stock from Olympia, and a church. In each case the "lots" are far too big to handle, and will not really come "under the auctioneer's hammer." The bidders will have to bring their imagination into play.

The most interesting of the three sales is the one at Earl's Court. Pleasure seekers will no longer be able to embark on H. M. S. Python for a "voyage round the Mediterranean." The vast canvases, over a mile long which enabled Londoners, on the payment of a mere sixpence, to imagine themselves many hundred miles from Charing Cross, is to be sold.

The panorama cost over \$25,000 to paint. Letters concerning the panorama came from all over the country, and several bids came from America.

The miniature railway, too—the delight of countless thousands of children—is to change hands.

Distorting mirrors, too, are included in the sale, but it is not expected that there will be a big run on these for private houses. The sale, in fact, is quite a showman's sale, and Earl's Court is clearing out its old stock, amongst it being a model of the Roman Forum.

The most interesting lot to be sold at Olympia is the huge 5,000 square yard carpet which covered the arena. To give an idea of its immensity, the carpet is larger than the regulation football field, and when rolled up is loftier than a house.

The third queer sale is somewhat pathetic. St. Michael's Church, Burlington street, in which daily service has been held for 100 years, comes under the unimpassioned hammer of the auctioneer. There is expected to be a brisk bidding for this strange "lot."

SAFETY OF THE SUBMARINE.

Signal by Which Boat May Give Notice of Distress.

Special precautions are to be taken for the safety of the British submarine boats. Not only will there be with them at their manoeuvres a tender, equipped with powerful derrick and booms for lifting a disabled submarine to the surface, but it is proposed to furnish each submarine with a floating signal, arranged with a spool of light wire carried on the outside of the submarine shell and connected with the interior, so that in time of disaster the imprisoned persons may release the floating signal, which will appear on the surface of the water and indicate that the submarine is in distress. It has been pointed out by the experts that a submarine might really be unable to get to the surface, and that by the nature of the exercises no one would be aware of that fact until it was too late to render assistance. By the means of the floating signal, which, of course, could burn a light at night, in an emergency, a sign could be given from the bottom without observers being obliged to wait an extraordinary long time for the reappearance of the submarine. In addition to which advantage the floating signal would also indicate the location of the sunken boat. It might easily be arranged that in time of action a signal appearing on the surface might indicate that the submarine was out of service; that it appealed for rescue, which, of course, would be equivalent to a surrender. The scheme lessens the peril of service on the submarines, although there have not been lacking officers and men who are anxious to volunteer for that kind of duty.

One seldom meets a strong-minded thinker who is capable of whistling a popular tune correctly.

one is able to confess grudgingly to the income-tax collector that he possesses an income of £50,000 or over. But there are six happy people with assessed incomes from business of over £10,000, and three with incomes between £5,000 and £10,000.

SERVIA'S THRONE SHAKES

IF KING ABDICATES CROWN PRINCE WILL NOT SUCCEED HIM.

Great Britain Refuses to Discuss Diplomatic Matters With Servia.

Sir Gilbert Parker asked in the House of Commons the other day if England were ready to resume diplomatic relations with Servia, and if so, what would the conditions of such resumption be.

Sir Edward Grey replied that the question of the renewal of diplomatic relations with Servia cannot be discussed between the two Governments so long as the regicides hold official position. In the event of diplomatic relations being renewed, and these officials being withdrawn from their position, and this country agreeing to send a representative to Belgrade, it should be understood that the officers in question would not be reinstated.

REGICIDES OPPOSED.

Events are moving rapidly to a crisis in Belgrade, and serious politicians are discussing how long King Peter will be allowed to occupy the throne. He is now absolutely without personal influence in State politics, and wavers between his support of the men who murdered King Alexander and Queen Draga and his duty to remove them from the high offices in the army which they continue to hold.

If the King abdicates, it may be taken almost for granted that the Crown Prince will not succeed him. Prince Waldemar, of Denmark, is being mentioned as a suitable occupant of the throne.

At present the regicides have the upper hand, but the revolt against them in the press and throughout the army is growing stronger—a fact that they begin to realize.

They are indeed being driven to the most desperate methods by the violence of the press. Captain Novakovich, the editor of the Fatherland, and the editor of Justice, have received notices that

THEY WILL BE ASSASSINATED.

before the meeting of the Parliament, owing to their hostility to the regicide regime.

Some journalists have already been stabbed by "robbers," and others have been sent to prison or expelled from the country. I have received an anonymous note from a "well-wisher," suggesting that my personal safety might be consulted by a more favorable attitude towards the murderers of the late King and Queen, says a correspondent.

At the next meeting of Parliament the Cabinet will be obliged either to throw in its lot with the regicides and resort to government by force, or to withdraw and leave the issue to be decided by the country. Either alternative is fraught with danger for the dynasty.

TREES THAT DEFY FIRE.

The giant sequoias of California, which are thousands of years old, have been preserved to this day because of their enormously thick bark. From time to time, in the course of ages, vast forest fires have swept through the big-tree lands, destroying everything, yet only scorching for a couple of inches' depth or so the almost fireproof bark of these huge trees. The flames, having carbonized that much of the bark, could not penetrate farther, for the carbonized portion formed an absolutely fireproof covering for the remainder of the interior bark.

Henry G. Marshall lavished \$50,000 on a grand piano, exquisitely painted by Sir L. Alma-Tadema and studded with precious stones. Jan Van Beers has a piano, a miracle of painting, precious metals, and jewels, which cost him \$30,000; and Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt paid \$17,500 for another gorgeous instrument.

IN HIS PALATIAL HOME

In Fifth Avenue, New York, Commodore Gerry has a beautiful staircase of purest marble, the value of which is estimated at \$100,000, each step costing its owner \$2,500; while Mr. S. S. Murchand, the American millionaire, spent nearly \$1,000,000 in the equipment of a single bed-room. The bedstead, of massive ebony, with elaborate ivory carvings, took over two years to make and cost \$190,000; \$64,000 was spent on the decoration of the walls; the wardrobe, washstand, dressing-table, and a few other fittings accounted for \$265,000; and the ivory chairs, inlaid with ebony and gold, represent another \$40,000.

One of the most remarkable cases of extravagance on record was the indulging by the Sultan of Turkey of a child's whim. One day the Sultan found his small son in tears because, though he had been promised to be made an admiral, he could not see his flag hoisted on a particular ship from his nursery windows. The Sultan promptly had the vessel brought up and moored in front of the Dolma-bagicheh, to the child's great delight. In order, however, to bring the vessel to the required position it was necessary to pull down a newly-constructed bridge, which at the Sultan's bidding was done at a cost of \$500,000.

"ALL ABOARD," SAYS FISHER.

The First Lord of the Admiralty the Cause of Gossip.

Sir John Fisher, the First Lord of the Admiralty, who, when in command of the North American station, was very well known in Canada, is now at work making the British fleet an even finer fighting machine than it has been in the past. He is a complete illustration of the old adage, "Once a sailor, always a sailor." He has been overheard to say that if the Admiralty were but a battleship and the Horse Guards parade the Mediterranean, he would feel very much more at home.

The first Sea Lord is striving to be as realistic as possible, and his room at the Admiralty, says The London Daily Express, is like nothing so much as the sea quarters of a flag officer.

It recently occurred to him that a direct entrance to this room, which is at the back of the Admiralty buildings, from the Park would be a convenience. This suggested the possibility of a genuine nautical touch. The stairway, erected by the first Sea Lord's own instructions, is a perfect reproduction of a warship's gangway ladder, of teak, with abundant brasswork.

An Admiralty official, in showing this flight of steps to an Express representative the other day, said, smilingly, that he wondered Sir John did not have a boatswain's mate to "pipe him over the side" in regular man-of-war style.

"Never was a man's heart more in his calling," he said. "At every possible opportunity Sir John is off to Portsmouth, or anywhere else within sight of the sea and ships."

"It was reported a short time ago that he intended to get all the Admiralty messengers rigged like bluejackets, but we have heard no more of this."

"To watch him mount that ladder you would make sure that he feels the heave of the ship under his feet. There is the poise of the deep-sea roll in his every movement. He is a genuine son of the sea, and everybody here loves him for it."

LOVE'S ALTRUISM.

"Do you think your daughter could live on my salary?" "Perhaps she could. But what would you do?"

YOUNG FOLKS

A BUSY DAY.

My papa has a little sign,
Printed in black and gray;
It's only just a single line:
"This Is My Busy Day!"

And sometimes when I creep to look,
He's writing with a pen;
Or quietly reading in a book—
He calls that busy then!

Why, when I'm busy I just race
Downstairs then, like as not,
I fly back to the other place
For something I forgot!

Then I slide down the banisters,
And from the porch I spring
(Perhaps I tumble in the burs)
Then go and take a swing.

And then I race Jack Smith to town,
Or climb the garden wall;
And though I'm sure to tumble down,
Nobody minds a fall.

But if I sat still in a chair,
It wouldn't be my way
To say with such important air:
"This Is My Busy Day!"

DICK'S PRACTICE TIME.

"Mamma, is it fifteen minutes yet?"
called Dick from the piano stool.

"No, dear. Don't talk, but practice,"
answered from the other room.

"But, mamma, my shoe hurts my foot
and I can't think what I'm doing," said
Dick, appearing at the door with a very
forlorn look on his face. "I guess I'll
have to take the shoe off."

"Richard, you have lost five minutes
now. Go right back to the piano and
play your exercises. You will have
plenty of time to look after the shoe
after a while." Mamma's tone was firm,
so Dick gave a sigh and went back to
his task.

One! two! three! Bang! bang! bang!
Dick was getting down to work at last.
Just outside the window a boy shouted
and he had to run to see who it was.
"Hello, Charley," he called cheerfully.
"I'm pretty near done with my playing.
Wait a few minutes and I'll be out."

"Got to go to the grocery for my
mamma," said the boy. "Won't take
me very long."

"Richard!" said the warning voice
from the next room, and Dick sat heavily
down to hunt up the place in the ex-
ercise book once more.

When the clock struck three a very
smiling little boy appeared at the door
to say, "Now my time's gone. You
promised to read to me, mamma, from
Robinson Crusoe for half an hour after I
finished my playing."

"All right," said mamma, taking up
the book. "Where was I? Oh, yes,
where Crusoe finds his man Friday! I
believe I want a drink," and she put
down the book to go out to the dining-
room. Dick sat patiently waiting for
her and when she came it took a long
time to find the place once more.

After she had read a few lines she
saw a lady passing and said, "I must
speak to Mrs. Page a minute. Don't
lose the place." But when she got up
the book flew shut and it took Dick a
long time to find the picture of Friday
as he did not know the page.

"Let me see," said mamma when she
had read almost a page, "Isn't this the
afternoon for the boy to call for the
laundry?"

"No, he comes on Tuesday, and this
is Monday," said Dick. "Please do read
very fast, mamma, for I am anxious
to hear about Crusoe."

"I'll begin just as soon as I look after
that shoe that hurt your foot," said
mamma. "Which one—"

"It doesn't hurt a bit now mamma.
Honest it doesn't. Please read."

"Time is up," said mamma as the
clock struck the half hour. "I was only
to read twice as long as you practised."

Fashion Notes.

SEASONABLE FANCIES.

Pear slides in all sizes, the larger
ones for belt buckles and the smaller
for fastening ends of braid or decorat-
ing bow centres, will be a feature of
summer trimmings.

One of the new fabrics is a lovely
sheer silk and wool material, called
silk warp Lansdowne, that comes in
plain, checked and two-toned effects
in all the beautiful color combinations
of the season. For house, luncheon,
simple evening gowns and children's
frocks it is very desirable.

Colored footwear is largely to replace
the sombre black this spring and sum-
mer, not only for house and evening
wear, but for streets as well, although
the change is noted more particularly
in the dressier styles than in the street
shoes; although even the latter cloth
tops to match gowns are to be decidedly
smart.

Some long, loose evening coats in
process of making for summer wear
are decidedly novel. The material
used is a cotton crepon, which sounds
less expensive than it is, although such
coats cannot actually be called costly.
They are very much trimmed with em-
broidery and lace, cheap varieties, of
course, being tabooed.

The short "pony" coat announced
with such eclat late in the winter has
already fallen from grace as a highly
fashionable garment. It was taken
up with great fervor and so widespread
a welcome that it has already lost its
cachet among those who desire only
exclusive garments. Its place now is
for shopping and walking.

NEW BLUE SHADES.

This spring fashion decrees that all
shades of the tones known as Sevrès
blue and pervenche shall be worn, also
that pale shades of beige, lime green,
a lovely wine color called Bordeaux,
soft, deep shades of vieux rose, and
various shades of dim, pale, cigar
browns shall be considered chic. Among
these tones it is surely possible to find
several which will suit a woman of
any coloring.

ACCORDIAN PLAITS.

Accordion plaited skirts seem to be
a perennial fashion. They are shown
again this spring and particularly ef-
fective in the fine checked silk. A
novel and attractive combination ap-
pearing among the French models is a
plaited skirt of checked silk, worn with
a little eon jacket of heavier silk in
plain color. This was very charming
in a green check skirt and jacket of
dark green.

BOWS OF TURTLE.

Nothing could be more charming than
the revival of the crisp little bow of
white cambric or tulle under the chin.
This is a fresh, dainty mode of neck
dressing and looks particularly well
with the spring tailored suit. The ties,
when of cambric or lawn, are long
enough to go twice around the neck
and tie. They must, of course, be im-
maculately crisp and fresh or their
charm is lost. The dainty, ethereal
whisp of tulle, such as girls wore a year
or more ago, has again been adopted
by those who find it becoming.

WATERPROOF NOVELTY.

Malinette is a novelty of a season
that will undoubtedly prove a great fa-
vorite not only for hat trimming and neck
ruches, but also for evening gowns. It
is a water-proof maline, and is guaran-
teed not to be injured by either damp-
ness or rain. From tests of this dainty
diaphanous material, all that is claim-
ed for it seems to be true, and conse-
quently it is bound to have a tremend-
ous vogue, for all women know the sad
effect that fog or any kind of dampness
has on a tulle gown or a maline trim-
med hat.

TAFFETA DRESS.

A pretty little dress, fit for a girl or
a young woman, which could be copied
quite inexpensively, was made of pale
blush rose-pink taffeta, the full skirt

EUROPE'S RICHEST BABY

HE IS HEIR TO THE SECOND DUKE OF WESTMINSTER.

Edward George Hugh Grosvenor Will Have Three Splendid Homes and Huge Income.

Edward George Hugh Grosvenor is
the richest baby in Europe. He is heir
of the second Duke of Westminster and
was born on Nov. 16, 1904. The christ-
ening took place at Westminster and
was a splendid affair. The baby's robes
on this important occasion were made
of handspun Irish linen and rare point
lace. King Edward was his Godfather
and loaded him down with money and
rare silver, and many more things a
royal baby should have. But this was
only a small part of his gifts, which in-
cluded large sums of money, rare sil-
ver service, and such jewelry as could
be given to a baby. These were given
by indulgent grand-parents and royal
friends of the family.

Just now this third duke of Westmin-
ster is a healthy, happy baby with gold-
en hair and blue eyes. He is perfectly
unconscious of his great chests filled
with enough fine dresses and baby out-
fits to clothe a half-dozen infants, and
smiles quite as contentedly when his
English nurse forgets the gold beads
and baby pins set with diamonds and
other precious stones.

The money and the splendid dresses
and jewels that have been given him
are nothing if compared with what he
will enjoy some day. His father's year-
ly income is \$1,000,000, which will dou-
ble itself in thirty-five years and he
greatly increased by the time he gets
the fortune. He will have three splen-
did homes; two are country estates that
cover 30,000 acres, and 600 acres more
in London.

ANCESTRAL HOME LIKE A PALACE.

His home in London will be Grosven-
or house, as this has long been the an-
cestral home. It is one of the most
splendid houses in London and is won-
derfully spacious. On each gate is the
talbot, the figure of the family animal,
an almost extinct species of white
hound. Under the stone arch rests
the family motto, "Virtue, Not Ancestry."

The house within is in keeping with
the splendid exterior. The rooms are
all spacious, decorated handsomely, and
embellished with rare object d'art
brought from many parts of the world.
This house has a great ballroom, where
the King, Queen and the greatest lords
and ladies of England are entertained
frequently.

In the western wing of this mansion
is the finest private gallery in London.
The collection now includes specimens
by nearly all the great masters. Al-
though the gallery is noth thrown open
to the public, the duke often grants
strangers the privilege of seeing his
rare collection of paintings. The library
is quite as valuable as the gallery. It
is stocked with books splendidly bound
and rare editions.

Most interesting of all are the chil-
dren's apartments looking out on the
garden. These include two bedrooms
and a playroom adjoining. The bed-
rooms are furnished with small beds
draped in real lace and the walls are
hung with the works of great masters.
The dressers are covered with silver
toilet articles and the chests of drawers
are filled with hand-made clothes and
lace dresses.

HEIR TO IMMENSE ESTATES.

The duke's little sister is a few years
older than he and is more capable of
appreciating the splendor she enjoys.
Little Lady Ursula Mary Olivia Gros-
venor is a quaint little girl, and for four
years, until the stork brought to her
parents an heir and to her a baby bro-
ther, she ruled the house alone. She
is fond of him and does not feel that the
arrival of a boy and heir has dethroned
her from the queenship that was hers
as the first baby.

The third duke of Westminster's es-

HEALTH

TREATMENT OF APPENDICITIS.

A statistical study of cases of appen-
dicitis has been made by Dr. Chauvel,
the medical inspector of the new French
army. By far the most valuable infor-
mation brought out by this investiga-
tion is the result of medical treatment
for the disease. Although there is a
theory that there is no such thing as
medical treatment for appendicitis, it is
claimed that medical treatment cures 99
out of every 100.

In 1802 668 patients suffering from ap-
pendicitis were received in the military
hospitals of France. Out of this num-
ber 188 were treated according to the
surgical rite and 480 received purely
medical treatment. Of the number op-
erated upon 23 died, while out of the 480
not operated upon there were but three
deaths.

Dr. Chauvel also made investigations
to find out the cause of appendicitis.
He compared the figures furnished by
the French army in the metropolis and
those of the army in Algiers. In 1901
the Nineteenth Corps of the army in
France showed a record of one case to
every thousand, while the Nineteenth
Corps in Algiers had two less. The next
year these figures were larger, but the
difference was exactly the same.

Pushing his inquiries still further,
Dr. Chauvel found that the French army
in Algiers included both Europeans,
French and natives. In five years, out
of 14,000 men, there were among the
French and Europeans 137 cases of ap-
pendicitis, while in the same space of
time out of 17,000 natives, there were
but thirteen cases. This shows that the
disease is two times more frequent
among the French in France than the
French in Algeria, and is ten times less
frequent among the natives. The differ-
ence is too great to be accidental. Dr.
Chauvel thinks the reason is in the
alimentation.

The Arabs are a sober people who eat
little and are vegetarians. When they
eat meat it is cooked to shreds. So it
happens that among the Arabs leading
their ordinary life the disease is almost
unknown. It is seen more frequently
among the auxiliaries. It is because the
regime of the latter is no more the re-
gime of the Arab, but more like that of
the French trooper. But this does not
explain why the European transplanted
to the soil of Africa, where his regime
hardly differs from that of the metro-
polis, should likewise be immune from
the disease.

Other medical men have testified to
the rarity of appendicitis among people
who eat less meat than we. Dr. Sny-
der, who has been attached to the Per-
sian court for more than ten years, has
been called upon to treat only five cases
of this malady at Teheran, three of
which were Europeans and only two
Persians. He also attributes the rarity
of appendicular accidents to the mode of
alimentation of the Persians. At Te-
heran abstinence from pork is obliga-
tory and the meat of cattle is almost
unknown. Their meats are usually
chicken or mutton, and these are always
cooked to shreds.

ARTERIAL DEGENERATION.

In comparing the human body to a
machine, which must so often be done
to make its workings plain to those who
have not studied medicine, the arteries,
upon the good condition of which so
much depends, have sometimes been
likened to rubber tubing.

The arteries have to dilate and con-
tract as the blood pumps through them,
and in order to facilitate this they are
composed of very elastic material. It
is not difficult for any one to under-
stand that if they were simply hard and
rigid tubes the sort of force-pump ac-
tion the blood makes in flowing through
them would result in a constantly sus-

...mamma. "Which one—"
 "It doesn't hurt a bit now mamma. Honest it doesn't. Please read."
 "Time is up," said mamma as the clock struck the half hour. "I was only to read twice as long as you practised."
 "But you haven't read two pages," said the disappointed little boy. "You lost ever so many minutes of the half hour. I wonder—Are you doing this mamma, to show me that I lose time too?"

"What do you think about it?" asked he mother with a smile.
 "I'm going right back to play fifteen minutes and see what happens," said Dick. "I think I know what it will be."
 When the honest fifteen minutes were gone, mamma was waiting with a slice of bread and jam for Dick and the open book in her hand. Dick thinks the time goes over so much faster since he doesn't whine and ask questions and waste the moments, and I really believe he is right about the matter.

MUSICAL DEPUTIES.

Australian Diet Became an Orchestral Concert.

An extraordinary scene occurred at Innsbruck, Austria, at the sitting of the Tirol Provincial Diet. There was a debate on suffrage reform, and the Slovenian party, who feared that the Serbians would gain if the proposals were carried, determined to prevent the debate at all costs.
 They armed themselves with musical and unmusical instruments, and on entering the Chamber played them with great enthusiasm. Some rang cowbells, one beat a great drum, two clashed cymbals, another worked a loud gramophone, others sounded motor-car horns, bicycle whistles, and used rattles, so that the party looked like an orchestra.
 These instruments were played for our hours uninterruptedly to prevent their opponents speaking.
 After the adjournment of the sitting or lunch the disturbance began again, the Mayor of Innsbruck acting as conductor. The friends of the demonstrators, including ladies in the gallery, joined and sang.
 The President of the Chamber passed the time in reading newspapers. The liberals declare they intend to continue these tactics throughout the session.

SICK-ROOM CLOCK.

A Munich professor has invented a remarkable sick-room clock. When a button is pressed an electric lamp behind the dial throws the shadow of the hands and hands, magnified, upon the ceiling, so that an invalid can see it from his bed without craning his neck.

TAFFETA DRESS.

A pretty little dress, fit for a girl or a young woman, which could be copied quite inexpensively, was made of pale pink rose-pink taffeta, the full skirt quite plain, the bodice swathed and finished off by a deep berthe of narrow Mechlin lace mounted in tiers of frills or, a foundation of net, and by a huge rose of pink chiffon, with leaves of silver and a fringe of pink and silver buds.

DANCING GOWNS.

Cotton bobinet is considered quite the thing for dancing gowns, and in truth makes up charmingly over china silk slips, at a very moderate cost. It will prove attractive for that very reason to students planning white gowns for wear at their graduating exercises. A few two-inch tucks on the skirt foot and a round full bodice, with girdle or sash of pretty ribbon, sum up the greater part of the outfit for the occasion.

STRIKING CREATION.

A striking gown exhibited in one of the shops just now is of silvery grey tulle, spangled with a decoration of wheat and poppies. The wheat ears are formed of silver sequins and the poppies of puffed grey silk, corded with chenille. This decoration runs down the entire front of the princess gown and across the bodice. The latter is cut low and edged across the top with two up-standing frills of silvery grey lace, which edge also finishes the brief little puffed sleeves.

NEW SILK JACKET.

Quaint and charming are the little jackets of silk, embroidered linen or lace so plentifully shown in the shops. Most of these are the shape of a bolero, either rounded or cut into deep points, with short, flaring sleeves. A striking example is of white silk, cut into deep points, like a diminutive kimono. The jacket is embroidered with pale green, yellow and brown silks, forming a border all around it. Lace medallions are inserted in the front, back and short wide sleeves of the jacket, and around each medallion is embroidered a circle of yellow and white daisies, with brown centres and green leaves. It is a most oriental, coquettish little affair.

FIRE ITS OWN EXTINGUISHER.

A curious outbreak of fire occurred late at night recently in the bar of the Clarence Gardens Hotel, Scarborough, England. The heat of the flames melted a leaden water-pipe, and the result was that when the water gushed out it completely extinguished the fire. It was not till some hours later that the manager, attracted by the smell of burnt wood, discovered the outbreak.

parents an heir and to her a baby brother, she ruled the house alone. She is fond of him and does not feel that the arrival of a boy and heir has dethroned her from the queenship that was hers as the first baby.

The third duke of Westminster's estates are as splendid as the city home. Both the duke and the duchess love country life and find their most congenial interests in their beautiful Cheshire home. The stables here are the finest in the country; the kennels, the home farm, and the dairy are a source of great delight to the owners of the estate and their guests.

They usually open the hunting season with a meet at the hall, and the duke and duchess are constantly out with the hounds. This baby's father is a hall fellow and next to his family he likes hunting. He feels much at home in the saddle and is an excellent rifleman. He and his friends enjoy some excellent pheasant, snipe, and wild duck shooting at Eaton, and "the hall" is a noted and pleasant centre for the sport. The season usually ends with a great ball, and the splendor of the entertainment naturally is in keeping with the magnificence of the state apartments.

HIS MOTHER'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS.

The duchess of Westminster is a splendid horsewoman and accompanies her husband on some of his wildest hunts. Above everything else the duchess is distinguished for her love of animals and is known to have a remarkable power over them. She is full of fun and amuses her children and herself by the hour teaching dogs tricks. She is teaching her little daughter to ride a Shetland pony, and will probably begin with the Loy as soon as he is large enough to hold on.

Gardening is another of her favorite occupations. As Miss Shelagh Cornwallis West she acquired a habit of spending long mornings with her mother among the flower beds at Ruthen Castle. She is doing the same with her children. When at Eton hall they pass much time in the gardens.

The duchess is an interesting, clever woman. She might be called distinguished appearing rather than handsome. She has dark brown hair and eyes. She is a slender figure and carries herself with great dignity. Though it is often necessary for her to give great balls and splendid entertainments she is happiest with her family. She loves to romp and play with her little daughter, and entertains her husband with her singing and playing.

FATHER PROUD OF BABY BOY.

The duke is also happy in his home, where he spends much time with his children and reading, and he is proudest of all of his baby boy.

If the third duke of Westminster inherits the virtues of his parents he will be a splendid type of English manhood. He will be tall and sturdy of muscle and possess energy and courage. He will be devoted to horses and the hunt, and will find his finer recreations among his pictures, books, music, and a love for nature. It is likely that the richest heir of Europe will not grow up to be a selfish man. His father has a sympathetic nature and devotes much time and money to charity. The duchess is simple in her tastes and is interested in many philanthropic movements. She is above all anxious to teach her children through example that money is not the all-in-all.

NATION OF BEEF EATERS.

The world's greatest animal food producer is the ox, including, of course, the female of his species. It is impossible to get at exact figures for the whole world, but it is generally believed to be about 15,000,000 tons a year, and of this more than half is beef. Great Britain eats between 40th. and 50th. of beef a year, out of a total of, perhaps, 120th. of various kinds of meat and poultry per head.

There is one thing in the homely girl's favor; she seldom acquires a reputation as a flirt.

and in order to facilitate this they are composed of very elastic material. It is not difficult for any one to understand that if they were simply hard and rigid tubes the sort of force-pump action the blood makes in flowing through them would result in a constantly sustained shock to the general system. The smaller arteries are made up largely of muscular tissue, and they are all the time contracting and relaxing, like the pupil of the eye. When they need an extra supply of blood they dilate to receive it.

This arterial mechanism is extremely delicate, and if any part gets out of order trouble will follow. One of the first signs by which it is discovered that the body is wearing out is that these marvelous elastic tubes begin to grow hard and stiff and lose their elasticity, so that the blood is sent to the different parts with increasing difficulty and in decreasing amounts.

This is what is meant by the saying that "a man is as old as his arteries"—his rubber tubing, through which the heart-pump must send the life-fluid of the blood, is growing hard and brittle, and may break down entirely.

There is no definite age at which a person's arteries give out, although it is properly a disease of old age. Some persons at thirty have arteries as much worn as others at seventy. This may mean that they started with an inferior grade of tubing, and poor arteries may run in families; but it is much more likely to mean that good arteries have been abused and worn out before their time. Gout is one of the diseases which always more or less affects the arteries, and overindulgence in alcohol is believed to be another frequent cause. Persons who eat a great deal and lead sedentary lives, and also persons who do very severe muscular work suffer from early arterial degeneration. Because both, although in different ways, give the arteries too much to do. Another potent factor in the production of arterial disease is worry.

A LEGION OF LOST BABIES.

Terrifying State of Affairs in the Great City of London.

The number of little children missing from London homes must be appalling. In the year 1904 the number of lost persons restored to home was 18,662, most of them being little children who had been kidnapped for begging purposes.

A sensational proof of the fact that thousands of children are lost in London was supplied recently. A three-year-old boy, well dressed, wearing a white fur coat, was found by a policeman, and taken to the workhouse, where he became ill and died of acute meningitis, due to an injury to the forehead as the result of a blow or fall.

A description was circulated, but the child was not claimed, and, after the inquest, the unknown little body was buried by the workhouse authorities.

Since the finding of the child was made public the City Road police station has been besieged by inquirers. Distracted parents, relatives, and friends have come to see the photograph taken after the death of the child, who was, they feared, their own missing boy. In fact, thousands of people have been there to see the photograph, but the child still is unknown.

The question arises, Where is this lost legion of children? That a thousand or even a hundred little ones can be spirited away from their homes and all of them lost absolutely is comprehensible, and to parents a terrifying state of affairs.

INVOLVED.

"Skinner declares he's selling everything below cost. I wonder what he means by that?"

"I think he means below what they ought to cost his customers if his customers were to pay as much as he pretends the goods are worth."

"Doctor, I wish you'd prescribe for my complexion." "Certainly, madam," returned the doctor, and he wrote: "Let it alone."



Charles Baker

"I suppose your wife, like other women, always has the last word?"
 "Worse than that; she has all of them."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

\$5,000 reward will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Equally good with hard or soft water.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

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According to the last surveys of the Dominion government it has been shown that Hudson Strait is navigable from the 1st of July until about the middle of October, and the bay itself is said to be an open sea the year round. The idea is to build great storage elevators at Fort Churchill and to have a line of steamships moving in and out from there to Liverpool during the open season. If this can be done the saving will be enormous, and it will give the Canadian wheat great advantages over United States in the markets of Europe.

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Hudson Bay is so far north on the globe that the distance between it and Liverpool is remarkably short. It is only about 2,000 miles from Fort Churchill to Port Simpson, and, if a railroad should be built, the Hudson Bay route would be by far the shortest from Asia to Europe and very much shorter from parts of the United States to Europe than the routes now used. The distance from Winnipeg via Hudson Bay to Liverpool is 3,600 miles, whereas by Montreal it is 4,228 miles. From Duluth to Liverpool via Hudson Bay is 3,728 miles and the same point by way of New York is 4,200 miles. When this route is opened passengers from St. Paul and Minneapolis can go to Great Britain by traveling 4,100 miles and they will save a railroad journey of at least five or six hundred miles. The distance from Vancouver to Liverpool by Hudson Bay will be 1,300 miles shorter than it is now by the Canadian Pacific Railroad, and passengers from all parts of our great West will be able to go quicker and with a shorter rail journey by that way.

The great advantage of this new commercial highway will be in the transportation of grain and other freight. It will bring the wheat of the new Northwest a thousand miles nearer salt water. The United States produced last year something like 700,000,000 bushels of wheat. It is not extravagant to believe that the great grain belt of the British Northwest will produce as much at some time in the future. Its yield last year was about a hundred million bush-

be, and this is added to by the winds from the Atlantic, which blow in the icebergs off the shores of Greenland.

From the middle of October until June this strait is sure to be full of ice, at least it will not be safe to go through it at such times. Captain Wakeman, who was sent by the Dominion government here to investigate its navigation a few years ago, reported that the strait was blocked for about 250 miles from the 23rd of June to the 8th of July. The jam consisted of heavy ice sheets which had drifted one sheet on top of another and jammed up in such a way that a heavily laden vessel could not possibly have gone through it. The sheets were from three to thirty inches thick. Shortly after this time the ice broke and passed away, and the straits were open for the next three months. Captain Wakeman estimated that the open season would be three and a half or four months.

Dr. Bell of the Canadian geological survey says it is not safe to rely upon Hudson Strait being open later than the first week in October, and Captain Gordon, who commanded one of the exploring parties, says that vessels especially constructed for the purpose will have to be used and that they should not be more than 2,000 tons. They should be fortified against the ice and have small propellers well down in the water. It would take a vast number of such steamers to handle the Canadian wheat crop, and unless great whale-backs or the modern grain steamers can be used for the traffic it would hardly pay as a grain route.

FAST TRACTS UNEXPLORED.

There is no doubt, however, that some of these railroads will be completed. The Grand Trunk Pacific, which is now building, will run only 200 or 300 miles from James Bay, and the Ontario Government road will surely be pushed northward to open up the clay belt to settlers. The probability is that we shall have railroad connection with Hudson Bay within a couple of years or so and that a large part of the game for Toronto, New York and Chicago will come down over these roads. The country will then be filled with tourists and the Hudson Bay region may be a favorite summer resort for the North American continent. The woods are full of game. There are caribou by the thousand, plenty of moose, many kinds of deer and no end of wild birds. With steamers on the bay one will be able to take wonderful tours to the least explored parts of the world and a vast mineral region may be opened up. The country is as yet unprospected and unknown. From talks which I have had with Hudson Bay traders and explorers the land about the bay is rocky in places, and in others it is covered with muskeg and swamps. Near James Bay there are vast bogs of peat, some of which are twenty feet deep. This could be made into briquettes such as are used in Europe, and it may possibly form the fuel of the country.

As to hunting and fishing, these Hudson Bay railroads will open up the chief game resort of the world. The fur wealth is so great that the Eskimos bring in several hundred skins of musk-oxen every season in addition to bales of polar bear skins, caribou, wolves and foxes. Some of the finest furs of the world may be seen stacked up like hay on the shores of Hudson Bay, awaiting their transportation to the trading posts. In one locality about the bay the Eskimos trapped in one year more than a thousand white foxes, besides wolves, wolverines and other animals.

ESKIMOS IN THE WILDS.

At present most of the hunting is being done by Eskimos and Indians, who make it a life business. These Eskimos are much like our natives of Alaska. The men average about five feet three inches high and the women less than five feet. They have black eyes and hair, and their hair is straight and as coarse as horse hair. They have flat noses, high cheek bones, and eyes which are Chinese in shape. The teeth of the older women are worn almost to the gums from chewing sealskin, in order to make it soft and more easily

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Your Money Refunded
by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

\$5,000
reward will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Equally good with hard or soft water.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

KING EDWARD IN AN EARTHQUAKE.

When Prince of Wales He Went Through a Shake in the Riviera.

King Edward's experience of earthquakes, although of a restricted character, is sufficiently entertaining to be placed on record. It may be remembered that about fifteen years ago there was quite a severe earthquake along the French and Italian Riviera, which bowled over a number of badly constructed buildings, knocked others out of plumb and created a good deal of alarm. It came during the night time, very suddenly. Every room in the hotel where King Edward, then Prince of Wales, was staying groaned with its walls, creaked with its floors and rattled with its furniture. All the dogs in it howled together, and the noisy macaw in the manager's office screeched at the top of his voice. Then came a lull, as sudden as the disturbance, and the smothered sound of many a slipped foot and soft, rustling dressing gowns were heard hurrying along the corridors and down the marble stairs. And the Prince? At the first suggestion of danger his faithful equerry, General Sir Stanley Clarke, bounded out of bed, and, making his way across the smoking saloon knocked at the door of the Prince's bedroom.

"What's the matter?" asked a drowsy voice.

"There's an earthquake! Come, sir!" was the shouted reply.

"Then why don't you send it away?" was the royal answer.

"Won't you come outside, sir?" "Outside? No, certainly not! I'm in bed. Go away!"

The equerry, his duty performed, followed the hurrying crowd out into the open air, under the deep blue sky and tranquil stars. After an hour of this peaceful scene alarm died away and every one had returned to the hotel to dress, when

THE SECOND SHOCK CAME.

driving them all out again into the garden.

The equerry's thoughts again at once flew to the sleeping Prince. The heir apparent to the throne of Great Britain was, in a measure, in his special charge. How had he acquitted himself of his shrewd stewardship? A twinge of conscience made him feel uncomfortable as he sat out there in the still garden on an inverted watering pot, expecting

STARVED WHILE OWNING £10,000.

The Strange Tale of Two Hermits at Bexley Heath, England.

William Ison and his brother James for thirty-three years lived a lonely, eccentric life at their residence in Lewinroad, Bexley Heath, England. William recently died of blood-poisoning at the age of seventy-nine years, and James, ten years his junior, soon followed from locomotor ataxy in the hospital of the union workhouse, Dartford. Their property, consisting of securities to the value of over £10,000 and cash £70, is in the keeping of Mr. Baynes, solicitor, Bexley Heath.

The house where the brothers dwelt has been visited by the local sanitary authorities, and its condition when they entered is described as the worst in the records of the district.

Receiving no answer to his repeated knocks, a neighbor entered the house and found the two old men slowly starving to death in an upstairs room which they used as a sleeping apartment. Disease in both cases had grown so bad that the men were unable to move or summon assistance. A half-consumed loaf, a tiny bit of butter in a crumpled paper, a tin of condensed milk—that was all the food in the house. There was no fuel, and the bed on which the men lay was a heap of filthy loose feathers on the floor in a corner.

BIRDS THE ONLY COMPANIONS.

The only other inmates of the horrible den were several little Indian song-birds in a cage. The neighbors say that one of these little prisoners used to be allowed out of the cage and was accustomed to go to the back window and sing most delightfully. On a mahogany sideboard in the front room, where the dust lay inches deep, were found several volumes of a work on ornithology.

It was while the sanitary staff were clearing away the rubbish accumulated in the house corners for more than a quarter of a century that securities inscribed with the name of Parr's Bank, Limited, were discovered. In the iron safe were found other securities on other financial institutions, four £10 crisp Bank of England notes, and £36 in sovereigns, mostly of 1902.

Mr. Baynes succeeded in discovering relatives of the two brothers in Kentish Town, and has communicated with

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Hudson Bay is so far north on the globe that the distance between it and Liverpool is remarkably short. It is only about 2,000 miles from Fort Churchill to Port Simpson, and, if a railroad should be built, the Hudson Bay route would be by far the shortest from Asia to Europe and very much shorter from parts of the United States to Europe than the routes now used. The distance from Winnipeg via Hudson Bay to Liverpool is 3,600 miles, whereas by Montreal it is 4,228 miles. From Duluth to Liverpool via Hudson Bay is 3,728 miles and the same point by way of New York is 4,200 miles. When this route is opened passengers from St. Paul and Minneapolis can go to Great Britain by traveling 4,100 miles and they will save a railroad journey of at least five or six hundred miles. The distance from Vancouver to Liverpool by Hudson Bay will be 1,300 miles shorter than it is now by the Canadian Pacific Railroad, and passengers from all parts of our great West will be able to go quicker and with a shorter rail journey by that way.

The great advantage of this new commercial highway will be in the transportation of grain and other freight. It will bring the wheat of the new Northwest a thousand miles nearer salt water. The United States produced last year something like 700,000,000 bushels of wheat. It is not extravagant to believe that the great grain belt of the British Northwest will produce as much at some time in the future. Its yield last year was about a hundred million bush-

be, and this is added to by the winds from the Atlantic, which blow in the icebergs off the shores of Greenland.

From the middle of October until June this strait is sure to be full of ice, at least it will not be safe to go through it at such times. Captain Wakeman, who was sent by the Dominion government here to investigate its navigation a few years ago, reported that the strait was blocked for about 250 miles from the 23rd of June to the 8th of July. The jam consisted of heavy ice sheets which had drifted one sheet on top of another and jammed up in such a way that a heavily laden vessel could not possibly have gone through it. The sheets were from three to thirty inches thick. Shortly after this time the ice broke and passed away, and the straits were open for the next three months. Captain Wakeman estimated that the open season would be three and a half or four months.

Dr. Bell of the Canadian geological survey says it is not safe to rely upon Hudson Strait being open later than the first week in October, and Captain Gordon, who commanded one of the exploring parties, says that vessels especially constructed for the purpose will have to be used and that they should not be more than 2,000 tons. They should be fortified against the ice and have small propellers well down in the water. It would take a vast number of such steamers to handle the Canadian wheat crop, and unless great whale-backs or the modern grain steamers can be used for the traffic it would hardly pay as a grain route.

FAST TRACTS UNEXPLORED.

There is no doubt, however, that some of these railroads will be completed. The Grand Trunk Pacific, which is now building, will run only 200 or 300 miles from James Bay, and the Ontario Government road will surely be pushed northward to open up the clay belt to settlers. The probability is that we shall have railroad connection with Hudson Bay within a couple of years or so and that a large part of the game for Toronto, New York and Chicago will come down over these roads. The country will then be filled with tourists and the Hudson Bay region may be a favorite summer resort for the North American continent. The woods are full of game. There are caribou by the thousand, plenty of moose, many kinds of deer and no end of wild birds. With steamers on the bay one will be able to take wonderful tours to the least explored parts of the world and a vast mineral region may be opened up. The country is as yet unexplored and unknown. From talks which I have had with Hudson Bay traders and explorers the land about the bay is rocky in places, and in others it is covered with muskeg and swamps. Near James Bay there are vast bogs of peat, some of which are twenty feet deep. This could be made into briquettes such as are used in Europe, and it may possibly form the fuel of the country.

As to hunting and fishing, these Hudson Bay railroads will open up the chief game resort of the world. The fur wealth is so great that the Eskimos bring in several hundred skins of musk-oxen every season in addition to bales of polar bear skins, caribou, wolves and foxes. Some of the finest furs of the world may be seen stacked up like hay on the shores of Hudson Bay, awaiting their transportation to the trading posts. In one locality about the bay the Eskimos trapped in one year more than a thousand white foxes, besides wolves, wolverines and other animals.

ESKIMOS IN THE WILDS.

At present most of the hunting is being done by Eskimos and Indians, who make it a life business. These Eskimos are much like our natives of Alaska. The men average about five feet three inches high and the women less than five feet. They have black eyes and hair, and their hair is straight and as coarse as horse hair. They have flat noses, high cheek bones, and eyes which are Chinese in shape. The teeth of the older women are worn almost to the gums from chewing sealskin, in order to make it soft and more easily

How had he acquitted himself of his shrewd stewardship? A twinge of conscience made him feel uncomfortable as he sat out there in the still garden on an inverted watering pot, expecting the tall chimneys of the diplomat's house across the square to come toppling down over him. He had not aroused the Prince at the second shock. So he got up, returned to the hotel, and, passing through the public rooms—his Royal Highness was on the ground floor, in a sort of annex, that projected into a private flower planted court—reached the Prince's door and knocked. There was no response. He knocked again. Still no answer. A third, louder than before—loud enough, in fact, to arouse all the Seven Sleepers. But still no answering voice. And then the horrid truth, sudden as was the earthquake shock, flashed into the wretched eunuch's mind. Something was wrong. Had the Prince perished? In an instant he had flung the door open and dashed across the anteroom. The curtains at the door of the bed chamber were drawn close together. With a frenzied hand he seized them and drew them apart. As he did so something—but whether an aerolite, a thunderbolt or a falling beam he knew not—struck him full in the face. Strange lights danced before his eyes. His head swam, and in a momentary faintness he leaned against the door. But the next moment a voice fell on his ear, grave and reproachful:

"Look here, Clarke, I won't have any more of this, and if you don't shut up making that beastly row, and let me go. More wives would respect their husbands to sleep. I'll shy the other boot at you."

FASTEST AND BIGGEST.

Two new Cunarders, which are to be the fastest and biggest passenger boats in the world, are now in course of construction on the Tyne and the Clyde. A trip down the Tyne reveals in some slight degree the huge proportions of the new vessel, which is expected to do the journey between Queenstown and New York in four and a half days. The Tyne-built vessel is 790 feet in length, and the two masts will rise 210 feet above the keel, or within 24 feet of the top of the great dome of St. Paul's Cathedral. The four funnels will tower 154 feet above the keel, and their diameter will be huge enough to allow two ordinary locomotives to pass each other inside. Her accommodation will be sufficient for 500 first-class, 500 second-class, and 1,300 third-class passengers, with a crew of about 800.

SETTLED OUT OF COURT.

Mr. Russell Sage, the American millionaire, has a horror of lawsuits. A clerk of Mr. Sage's said the other day: "I sought out the chief one morning in his office.

"You remember, sir," I said, "my complaint against Mr. wife's uncle?"

"Yes," he answered.

"Well," said I, "the man is obdurate, and I think of bringing suit against him. What do you advise?"

"Mr. Sage was silent a moment, frowning thoughtfully. Then he said: 'Listen. When I was a clerk in Froy I had a case against a man that seemed quite as good as yours. I visited a prominent lawyer, and laid the whole matter before him in detail. When he was through he told me that he would be delighted to take the case—that it was a case that I couldn't lose.

"It can't lose," said I.

"It can't lose," he repeated.

"I rose, and took my hat. I thanked the lawyer, and told him that I wouldn't bring suit, after all. And then I explained that it was my opponent's side, and not my own, which I had laid before him."

An old hen was pecking at some stray carpet tacks in the back yard. "Now, what do you suppose that fool hen is eating those tacks for?" said Homer. "Perhaps," rejoined his better half, "she is going to lay a carpet."

crisp Bank of England notes, and £36 in sovereigns, mostly of 1902.

Mr. Baynes succeeded in discovering relatives of the two brothers in Kentish Town, and has communicated with them. The brothers came originally from London, and, although eccentric in their habits, dressed and behaved like gentlemen when they went out walking, as they frequently did until advancing infirmity prevented this. On a Sunday morning they would appear clad in frock coat, clean linen, neatly-polished boots, and silk hats, and carrying a small portmanteau, as if bound somewhere to spend the day. In the house they preserved profound quiet, no sound ever being heard to issue from the dwelling.

The house itself is a two-storey one of substantial appearance with a pleasant garden at the back. No woman had ever crossed its threshold since the two brothers entered into occupation thirty-three years ago, until a neighbor went in to dress the elder brother's leg. Once, a lady cousin, it was learned, called to see them, but she was refused admittance.

Both men indeed lived a life absolutely apart from human interests and affairs save that they took in regularly a daily newspaper, which was delivered.

One eccentricity of the brothers, a neighbor states, was that when they went out they would not walk together, but one on each side of the road.

GAINS FROM GUNS.

The yearly income of "Queen" Bertha Krupp, who inherited the famous ironworks at Essen, Germany, is steadily increasing, it having amounted in 1905 to about \$5,000,000. Miss Krupp manages her great properties with remarkable ability. Her business is expanding, and the number of those dependent on her for employment and subsistence is now fully 300,000. To protect the works she has a small army of 900 men, armed and under strict military discipline. She also has police and a secret service.

SOLDIERS' GRAVES.

The English Government does, to a certain extent, look after the graves of our soldiers who have perished in foreign wars. The sum of \$1,000 is paid yearly for the maintenance of the cemetery situated on Cathcart's Hill, in the Crimea; \$35 is voted for keeping the English graves in order at Suakin; \$25 is spent yearly for attending to the seamen's graves at Lissa. There is also a caretaker at Isandhlwana, whose wage amounts to \$10 per annum; while for looking after the Guards' tomb at Bayonne a solitary \$5 is spent.

NEW YORK AND ITS DOCTORS.

In New York there are several physicians receiving more than double the salary of the President of the United States. Six of them at least can truthfully confess to incomes of \$125,000 a year. That city also boasts ten physicians with incomes of \$50,000, and some fifty more who earn and pocket \$25,000. Treading their trail are upwards of 200 who garner \$12,500 annually, leaving about 2,000 doctors and surgeons who barely earn a livelihood, the average income of a metropolitan physician not exceeding \$2,000 a year.

SCHOOL FOR JUDGES.

They are evidently anxious to secure sound legal judgments in France. A school for judges has been opened in Paris. Make-believe trials are held by pupils of the Law School under the direction of distinguished attorneys. The whole procedure, from the issuing of a warrant for arrest to the pronouncing of judgment, is gone through. One pupil acts as judge, another as advocate for the defence, a third as prosecuting attorney, and so on. The mock trials are held in all earnestness, and no outsiders are allowed to attend.

wheat. It is not extravagant to believe that the great grain belt of the British Northwest will produce as much at some time in the future. Its yield last year was about a hundred million bushels, and not one-fiftieth of the land is under cultivation. If the wheat can be transported by way of Hudson Bay, it is said that the saving might be as much as 15 cents per bushel, and this on a hundred-million-bushel crop would mean a saving of \$15,000,000 per annum. Is it any wonder that the possibility of the route is seriously considered?

In addition to grain would be the enormous supplies which will be needed for the British Northwest. This country will eventually support about twenty million people, and they will be among the best customers on the globe. The port would also take away from and supply goods direct to the United States. It would be especially valuable in the shipping of live stock, as the climate is cool and the sea voyage short.

DELAY IN OPENING REGION.

There has in the past been a strong opposition to all schemes for the utilization of Hudson Bay. A great secrecy has been preserved about the bay, and strangers have been kept from exploring it. There have been two corporations especially interested in this matter; one was the Hudson Bay Company and the other the Canadian Pacific Railway. The Hudson Bay Company were anxious to keep matters quiet because they were getting a half million dollars' worth of furs out of this region, which they had monopolized for 200 years. The Canadian Pacific people knew that if wheat and other freight could be sent via Hudson Bay to England their long freight line across the continent would lack traffic. And, therefore, both were interested in keeping the conditions as they were.

As to the possibilities of navigation, these can only be tested by experiment. There is no doubt but that ships can go in and out of this great inland water way during a part of the year. The Hudson Bay Company sailing vessels have been doing so for 274 years. In that time they have had in operation 750 vessels, ranging in size from seventy tons to small boats, and so far they have lost only two.

The difficulty of navigating Hudson Bay lies not in the bay itself, but in Hudson Strait, which leads to it. Hudson Bay, as I am told, is never frozen. It is like a great ocean, and some short distance from the shore is open all the year round. It is an enormous body of water. It is 1,300 miles long and 1,600 miles wide, and its area is one-sixth as big as the whole United States. It has by far the largest drainage basin of all British America. Some of its waters come from the Rocky Mountains, some from Labrador and some from the Height of Land, on the other side of which the waters flow to the great lakes and the Gulf of Mexico. The basin includes about 3,000,000 square miles.

Hudson Bay has icebergs and ice floes, but its waters are deep, and it has some good harbors. One of the best harbors is Fort Churchill, and it has been picked out as the port for the probable railroads. It will be the best place to reach Winnipeg. A railroad could easily be built along the route and it is said that much of the land through which it would go is suitable for vegetable raising and small farms.

ICE MENACE TO BOATS.

The greatest dangers of the Hudson Bay route lie in Hudson Strait, which forms the entrance to Hudson Bay. It is five or six hundred miles long and about one hundred miles wide, opening out on the Atlantic a little below the end of Greenland. It is right in the track of the great icebergs and ice floes which come down through Baffin Bay and Davis Strait from the Arctic Ocean, and which are liable to be blown into Hudson Strait by the winds. Just as the shores of Ireland, England, and the northern part of the European continent are warmed by the Gulf Stream, so the regions here are cooled by the arctic waters, and these icebergs and seas of floating ice. They make Hudson Strait colder than it would otherwise

be. These people live in snow houses during the winter and in sealskin tents in the summer. They subsist largely on seal meat or whale blubber, and their fires are oil lamps. They have but few domestic animals except dogs, although it is said that here and there a moose has been harnessed up and made to work.

I hear much about the fisheries of Hudson Bay. Captain Hall, one of the Hudson Bay traders, tells me that the stories concerning their value are overdrawn, but the explorers sent by the government and the vast amount of whale oil and other products brought out by the fishermen lead one to suppose them about the most valuable on the continent. A large amount of the whaling has been done by Americans from Bedford, Mass. These men go through the strait and winter at Marble Island in Hudson Bay, near the west coast. They spend one season harpooning whales and buying furs and fish, taking their cargoes out the following year. Among the whales caught are the bowheads, which produce some of the finest whalebone known to the world. A full-grown whale will yield about 1,500 pounds of bone, and as the whalebone sells for \$14,000 a ton, a whale of that kind brings in bone worth about \$10,500. In addition to this the oil of the whale is valuable, so that a single whale may yield \$20,000. Our statistics show that our whale fisheries there have already realized in ten years \$1,371,000. There were fifty voyages the average voyage realizing more than \$27,000.

It is from Hudson Bay that the quills of England still come, and this region for generations furnished the most of the pens of Europe. Quills are still used in England government offices as well as in the houses of parliament, and it was with a Hudson Bay quill that King Edward signed his coronation oath. The gathering of the quills have been always done by the Hudson Bay Company, which has shipped as many as ten tons of wild goose feathers in a single year. Only three ounces of such feathers can be gotten from one bird, and it required 120,000 geese to furnish those quills. I had a bunch of the pens presented me, and it may interest you to know that I sign this letter with a feather from the wing of a goose which once ate rice on the shores of Hudson Bay.

POINT IN MILITARY ETIQUETTE.

It has always been a moot point in Austria as to how an officer ought to salute a brother-officer when he has a lady on his arm. This delicate point, however, has now been settled by the issue of an official army order. In future, if the lady is taking the arm of an officer, then he can, and must, give the salute with his left. But if, as a favorite custom is, the officer is taking the lady under the arm, he has to disengage himself and salute regularly with his right.

QUAINT HOUSE.

One of the best-known houses in Northamptonshire, England, was designed to represent the days, weeks, and quarters of the year. It has four wings facing the four quarters of the heavens to represent the four quarters of the year; 365 windows, one for each day; fifty-two chimneys, one for each week; and seven entrances to represent the seven days of the week.

MOUNTAINS AS A TOMB.

Martin Evans, a Tennessee millionaire, has bought Government Peak, in the Colorado Range, near Pueblo, and has named it the Evans mausoleum. He has decided to reserve it as the monumental burial-ground of his family.

SOME QUEER ACCIDENTS

EXTRAORDINARY OCCURRENCES IN REAL LIFE.

Strange Death of a Little Boy—Terrible End of a Bride of a Week.

Half the extraordinary predicaments in which a novelist places his hero or heroine, said a well-known writer recently, have been taken from real life, and many a romancer has thanked his stars for some chance accident reported in the Press which has given him the very idea he wanted for an exciting incident.

Here, for instance, is the story of a remarkable occurrence which compassed the death of a little three-year-old boy named Morris Murkowitz while he was playing on the banks of a canal. The father, mother, and child were seated on the pier near a string of canal boats, when the child began doing gymnastics on one of the hawsers which stretched from the boats to the piles. He was balancing his body on the rope when he slipped and fell just as the long swell which had been flooding the slip receded with a rush. The boats, of course, dropped down with the lowering water, bringing the hawser, on which the boy had been swinging, over his body and pinning him to the ground. He screamed once and his father and mother frantically endeavored to drag him away, but he was caught in an unyielding vice, and before the rope could be cut the little fellow was dead. When he was examined it was found that all his ribs were broken and he was

PRACTICALLY CUT IN TWO.

Here is another accident which would look well in a modern novel—a bride slain by the pin used to hold her bridal veil in position. The lady was a Mrs. Kate Carroll, and in fastening the soft folds of tulle in her hair on the morning of the wedding she ran the long brass pin which she was using into the palm of her hand. In the excitement of the wedding she gave no attention to the wound, until it began to fester. Then she treated it with some home remedies, but it rapidly became worse until the frightened husband called in a physician. It was then found that gangrene had set in, and she was removed to the hospital. A few days later lockjaw manifested itself, and though injections of anti-toxin were given she gradually sank and died a terrible death within a week after her wedding.

A mysterious accident recently happened to a Mr. Charles B. Kettredge, a bank clerk, who was shot dead by his own pistol as he lay in a closed satchel on the ground. Mr. Kettredge was on his way to the bank, carrying with him a small bag containing money, notes, and a loaded pistol. When near the bank he noticed that his boot-lace was unfastened, and, pausing for a moment, he placed the satchel on the ground while he tied the string. But the slight jar which occurred as the bag struck the ground discharged the weapon, and the bullet, taking an upward course, entered his abdomen and passed through the spine. He was taken up unconscious and died a few minutes later.

WITHOUT SPEAKING.

Many jokes have been written about people being tied up in folding beds, but here is an instance which occurred as recently as December last, when an elderly couple became so firmly locked in a big folding bed, which closed suddenly upon them, that before their cries were finally heard the old lady was strangled. The husband was just breathing when rescued, and after recovering was unable to say how the accident had happened. It was shown, however, that the balancing weights had in some way become displaced, causing the bed to close with a tremendous snap.

Perhaps the most extraordinary death on the railway which has ever been re-

THE YOUNG KING OF SPAIN

HAS BEEN TRAINED TO BE A THOROUGH GENTLEMAN.

Life Story of the Young Man Who is to Marry Princess Ena of Battenberg.

Young King Alfonso, who is not yet twenty years of age, and who is going to marry Princess Ena of Battenberg, an English Princess, has probably had a more careful and closely-watched training than any other living Royal personage. Born after his father's death, when his dynasty was in danger, everything depended upon his being brought up safe and sound and as a good and popular Spaniard. That object has been abundantly achieved.

When he was a little baby he was given over to the care of a young peasant woman, who came from a small village near the old city of Toledo, and this humble nurse acted, curiously enough, under the instructions of an Englishwoman, Mrs. Davenport, who was nurse-in-chief. The Spanish nurse was very much attached to the kindly baby, and one night, when she was putting him to bed, she was surprised by a punctilious duenna in the act of kissing him. The Spanish lady remonstrated severely with her.

"How dare you kiss the King?" she said. "Why, even we would not dream of taking such a liberty!"

"I nurse him, and I love him as if he were my own child," said the woman. "Why shouldn't I kiss him?"

In reply the duenna simply said that if she ever did such a thing again she would be sent home in disgrace.

At that moment the Queen-Mother entered the room to take a peep at the baby on her way down to dinner and

FOUND THE NURSE IN TEARS.

Learning the cause she exclaimed, "Of course poor Ama wants to kiss the baby she nurses. This is a matter in which etiquette must be forgotten, and you will favor me, ladies, by not interfering again."

Ever since then the nurse's own child has had the privilege of spending a few weeks each year with the Royal Family, and has been granted the further privilege of calling the King "thee" and "thou" as if she were his sister.

When he was about nine years of age the young King's training passed from the hands of women to those of men. One of his first male guardians was a chaplain of Leo XIII. His chief tutor was almost of Ministerial rank, and was known as the "Director de Estudios." This high personage lived in an apartment in the palace, where there were quarters assigned also to the other principal officers in charge of the King's education, these being Colonel Loriga, Colonel Castejon, and Rear-Admiral Aguirre de Tejada.

It was considered necessary above everything that the King should be trained to soldierly instincts and ideas. These three officers were for years the close companions of the monarch, and one of them always slept in his bed-chamber. One or other of them always escorted him when he did not go out with his mother or sisters, and were often present when he received his lessons from his other professors. To enable him to thoroughly understand soldiering,

A REGIMENT OF BOYS

was raised at San Sebastian for his special benefit. These youthful warriors were equipped in every way like full-grown soldiers, even down to having their own special band. Young Alfonso took a great interest in this boy regiment. He attended drill mounted on his pony, and he was always particular about the kind of music the band played.

His education was very practical and thorough. As a child he was taught to speak English, French, German and

HOUSE OF MANY COLORS

ONE IS NOW BEING BUILT IN LONDON, ENGLAND.

Palace of Peacock Hues and Stately Design is Being Erected for Wealthy Merchant.

A house for Mr. E. R. Debenham, of the well known drapery firm of Debenham & Freebody, is being built in the west end of London, England, that makes every other house in that aristocratic neighborhood look insignificant and colorless and cheap.

It is nothing less than an Italian palace—on a moderate scale as regards size—and when it is finished it promises to eclipse any house on that side of the Atlantic or the other in stateliness of design, richness of color, and exquisite beauty of proportion and internal decorativeness.

It is planted, like any ordinary London box of bricks and mortar, in Addison road, half-way between Kensington High road and Shepherd's Bush.

It is a square building, with its "face" to the road, but each face is as rich as the others in design and material.

EMERALD GREEN TILES.

The square face towards the road is made up of four bays, or slightly recessed spaces, running up nearly to the cornice, and round-arched at the top. They are divided by pillars of cream-white terra cotta, from which the arches, of the same material, spring. The four spaces, save for the long, severely cut windows, are made of highly glazed bricks, of a rich sea color.

Above the arches and below the cornice there runs a kind of deep plain frieze of sapphire—also of glazed brick; while the smaller band between the cornice and the roof is a blue of the most gorgeous peacock hue. The ribbed roof, of emerald green tiles—especially imported from Italy in about sixty great crates—rises from projecting eaves of cream-white terra cotta. The stately chimneys are of white terra cotta, with spaces of blue tiles.

The effect of the masses of rich color, cooled by the pillars and arches and cornice of cream-white terra cotta, is one of splendid harmony, and the whole house crystallizes into a picture of perfectly balanced parts and the most beautiful hues.

DECORATED FRONT.

The "front" of the house is like the road face, save that at each extremity projections, something of the "bow-window" type, but running up from ground to cornice, have been skillfully added. There is the same wealth of color and masterly design.

The sides are further dignified with arched, recessed porticos, of great height, the main entrance being at one side, and a garden entrance at the other.

The centre of the interior is a large and lofty hall, the walls of which are now in course of being faced with peacock-blue tiles, of deep tints. The lofty roof is domed, and through arched spaces below the dome one sees a gallery on three sides of the hall, giving access to the upper rooms.

Most of the rooms in the house are of comparatively modest dimensions, but the library, overlooking the garden, is a royal apartment.

DEATH OF MR. GARNETT.

Was For Fifty Years in Library of the British Museum.

The death has occurred at Hampstead at the age of seventy-one, of Dr. Richard Garnett, C. B., who was identified for almost fifty years with the British Museum. Born at Litchfield, the birthplace of Dr. Johnson, Dr. Garnett entered the service of the Museum as a lad of sixteen. His father, a clergyman, was also an official of the Museum, and from him Dr. Garnett inherited a love

BISSELL'S

"Cyclo" Bearing Carpet Sweeper

is the modern, sanitary labor saving appliance for every day use in sweeping carpets or rugs. The corn broom simply scatters the fine dust never cleaning a carpet whereas the rapidly re-

of a Bissell lifts the grit out of the carpet in the pass, the dust. If the true value

and grit, or rug, involving brush fine dust and pet, depositing and confining all a woman could realize of the Bissell sweeper, she would not let a day pass until she had purchased one. It reduces the labor of sweeping 95%, confines all the dust, does the work in one-quarter of the time a corn broom requires, protects your curtains and fine furniture from dust, in fact, makes sweeping a pleasure instead of a drudgery. For sale by all first-class dealers. Prices, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$5.00.

Buy a "Cyclo" Bearing Bissell now, send us the purchase slip and receive a neat, useful present free. Bissell Carpet Sweeper Co., Grand Rapids, Mich., Dept. 77. Largest Sweeper Makers in the World.

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

The death is announced of Mr. Mark Markland, for 45 years Midland locomotive superintendent at Peterborough. The estate of the late Mr. Robert Whitehead, inventor of the Whitehead torpedo, has been valued for probate at £900,000.

Rear-Admiral Sir Percy Scott has received £8,000 from the Admiralty for his inventions in connection with naval gunnery.

It is estimated that 30,000 extra cotton operatives will be required in Lancashire if the present boom in trade continues.

Of Queen Victoria's many granddaughters but four, in addition to the Princess Patricia of Connaught, now remain unmarried.

An instructor in kite-flying is to be appointed for the British army. The post of marble expert is, we understand, still open.

The Lord Mayor of London started his business career at the age of fifteen, when he entered the service of the National Provincial Bank.

In Hoxton, London, there is a narrow, dingy street bearing the name "The Land of Promise." It leads to the rear entrance of the workhouse.

At the time of Trafalgar the capital value of the British navy was £10,000,000. In 1902 it was £100,000,000. Now the cost of each vessel approaches £2,000,000.

There are over 4,000 race horses in England, Scotland and Ireland whose training quarters are fully known, and they are stabled in 244 establishments.

Mr. Vyell Edward Walker, of Taylor Walker & Co., brewers, has left estate to the value of £1,598,177. Under his will nearly £25,000 is bequeathed to various charities.

A startling decrease seems to have taken place in recent years in the number of candidates who compete for woman and girl clerkships in the London post-office.

The fact that Great Britain leads the world in fast railway runs is remarkable when it is taken into considera-

was unable to say how the accident had happened. It was shown, however, that the balancing weights had in some way become displaced, causing the bed to close with a tremendous snap.

Perhaps the most extraordinary death on the railway which has ever been recorded occurred in America a few months ago, when a platelayer on the Grand Central Railroad was caught between two trains proceeding in opposite directions. This man, whose name was Rogers, was standing on the tracks when he saw bearing down upon him an express train on the up grade. As he turned he probably also noticed another train coming in the opposite direction, but instead of climbing the bank he stood between the two pairs of rails, thinking, perhaps, that when one train had passed he would be able to step between the vacated metals and allow the second to go by.

But as ill-luck would have it the two engines reached the point where he was standing at almost the identical instant, with the result that he was thrown by the force of the wind from one train to the other.

BACKWARDS AND FORWARDS,

so long as the two trains were passing each other. Then, when the last coach was reached, he was hurled over the track without a sound bone in his body.

Another remarkable accident of a rather different nature is also one which comes from the States. The victim in this case was a Mexican named Pedro Sancho, who, at Southford, Connecticut, was held by the foot for twelve hours by a turtle. He was found in the woods nearly dead from exhaustion, and the turtle had literally to be cut in pieces before it would release its victim. When he recovered Sancho told a remarkable story. He said he was driving a team of horses and a wagon with two black bears in a cage when a storm came on, and the lightning frightened the horses, which ran away, upsetting the cage and liberating the bears. In his fright Sancho fell into a big pool, known as Husker Meadow Pond, and, as it was dark, he for a long time floundered about in mud and quicksand. At last he reached the shore, where he promptly put his foot on a sleeping turtle, which immediately awoke and grabbed him by the heel of his shoe. All his efforts to get rid of the turtle failed and his heel gradually became a bruised mass. He lost consciousness and was found twelve hours later by his companion, James McGovern, who had been dragging the pond for him. Ultimately the poor Mexican's foot had to be amputated to save his life.

ADDITION BY TYPEWRITER.

A German genius has perfected a typewriter which performs the duties of an accountant through an ingenious arrangement of wheels. By the use of this machine a bill may be made out on the typewriter, and, instead of a laborious addition being required to arrive at the total, a set of indicators at one side shows exactly the sum of the columns of figures. The adding device is not new, but the means whereby the figures are registered is exceedingly ingenious.

THE LARGEST PICTURE.

M. Roussel Geo has completed the largest picture ever painted. It measures exactly 807 square feet. The artist had to beg the loan of a studio of suitable size from the State, and he and his easels, some 20ft. high, were accommodated in the Galerie des Machines, the largest one-spanned building in the world. The picture represents the Paris crowd in 1789 rushing to the Hotel de Ville, led by Lafayette, after the taking of the Bastille, and contains over 1,000 life-size figures. It will be hung in a suburban town-hall, that of Ivry.

A man may want to be able to work, but that is no sign that he wants to work.

regiment. He attended drill mounted on his pony, and he was always particular about the kind of music the band played.

His education was very practical and thorough. As a child he was taught to speak English, French, German and Italian, and was master of them all by the time he was twelve. He was subjected to a careful discipline all through his youth. He was made to turn out of bed never later than seven and often much earlier, and from that time until one o'clock he was kept closely at his studies, with only an hour's interval for exercise.

Side by side with his mental training he was carefully coached in all athletic and mental exercises, and he is probably the most athletic prince in Europe. Of his agility a curious demonstration was given in Buckingham Palace one night during his visit to England last year. Queen Alexandra, attended by the Duchess of Portland, was saying "good-night" to him in one of the corridors before retiring for the night, when he suddenly said to Her Majesty: "I am an acrobat; would you like to see me perform?" Surprised and amused, she said she would; whereupon the youthful Sovereign turned a succession of somersaults all the way

DOWN THE CORRIDOR.

He is by no means so weak physically as has often been suggested. Once when a medical congress was being held at Madrid, Professor Adolph Lorenz had the honor of being received by His Majesty, when he was able to convince himself of the erroneous statements that had been made in this respect. When he expressed his pleasurable surprise to the Queen-Mother the young King exclaimed, "Strength, you say! Well, look here." Thereupon he lifted his mother up in his arms and, holding her carefully as if she were a child, carried her three times round the room without showing the least sign of fatigue.

Best of all, the Queen-Mother trained him to be a thorough gentleman in the truest sense of the word, and it is the common remark of those who have come into contact with him that here is a King "without an inch of side."

CHILDREN FACTORY SLAVES.

Parents, Employers and Themselves Evade the Law.

The report just issued by the Prussian Ministry for Trades and Commerce of work done by factory inspectors during the last year in the Berlin district again deals fully with the employment of children.

Inspectors, it states, experience extreme difficulty in bringing to book the employers of children under the legal age, for not only the employers, but the children themselves and their parents or relatives use every means of evading the watchfulness of the authorities. Inspectors are also aware of the fact that a very large number of quite young children are illegally employed in home industries, especially in the manufacture of paper goods, cigarette boxes, toys and ready-made clothes. Fines have in many cases been imposed on persons who regularly employ children, even under 10 years, compelling them to work from eight to ten hours per day.

Inspectors also record the fact that complaints are increasing every year in every branch of industry of the lack of young people of both sexes willing to become apprentices. They prefer to seek employment in large enporiums, which are becoming such a great feature of business life, where no apprenticeship is required, and where they are paid wages from their entrance. After a few years' time many, it is true, return to industrial occupations, but then they are too old to acquire the necessary aptitude.

Possibly all men may be born free and equal, but it is impossible to keep some of them in that condition.

almost fifty years with the British Museum. Born at Litchfield, the birthplace of Dr. Johnson, Dr. Garnett entered the service of the Museum as a lad of sixteen. His father, a clergyman, was also an official of the Museum, and from him Dr. Garnett inherited a love of books, which grew until the keeper of 2,000,000 printed works was able to put his finger on almost any volume wanted in the overwhelming library.

In 1875 he became superintendent of the reading room, from 1881 to 1890 he controlled the catalogue, and from 1890 till he retired in 1899 he was keeper of printed books. He invented or adopted the invention of the sliding-press for museum uses, so that space can always be found for the daily flood of fresh publications. But his greatest work was the completion of the author catalogue, and the substitution of printing for manuscript, whereby space was economized and accessibility increased. Such a work will be rivalled only when a subject catalogue on as huge a scale is ready for use.

In the catalogue Dr. Garnett's name appears as the author of sixty works. He began as a poet in 1858, and a chaste and melodious muse continued to be his till 1904, when he published "Shakespeare, Pedagogue and Poacher," a drama for the cabinet. Lives of Carlyle, Emerson and Milton, translations from German and Italian, an invaluable history of Italian literature, and articles innumerable (notably in the "Encyclopaedia Britannica") came from his pen, while he edited with Mr. Gosse the International Library of Famous Literature.

IRON CANES LATEST.

Carrying Them as Good as a Ten-Mile Walk.

The latest fashion in ultra-fashionable London is to carry a hooked iron bar in place of the ordinary walking cane. Quite a smart business is being done in the West End in these sticks, which are being sold at about 5 shillings each.

To all intents and purposes the iron canes, which are japanned, are ordinary walking sticks. They look like the ordinary ebony canes which have been so fashionable for many years, but, unlike real ebony sticks, they are objects of use as well as adornment. They weigh about ten pounds. As instruments of defence they are invaluable, but they possess another quality which is even more important.

If carried regularly and swung in the way in which one swings an ordinary cane they bring into play muscles which would remain undeveloped.

After the first week or so the weight of the cane becomes unnoticeable, but its value as an athletic implement increases, and it is claimed if one is used regularly it will do as much for the system as an hour's digging in the garden every day or a ten-mile walk.

DRAIN MEXICAN LAKE.

Cortez Had a Fleet on It at Conquest of Mexico.

Historic and picturesque Lake Zumpango, near the City of Mexico, is to be emptied of its waters and its fertile bottom given over to tillers of the soil. This lake is one of the most beautiful bodies of water in the world, nestling above the clouds at an altitude of 8,000 feet. It is considerably higher than the city of Mexico.

In the times of the Aztecs and when Cortez made his conquest of Mexico the lake was much larger than it is now. When flooded, it was a serious menace to the city below.

By means of a fleet which he operated upon Lake Zumpango, Cortez was enabled to push his advance upon the capital of Montezuma. The body of water has an important place in the history of the country.

Much of the basin has been drained since those early days by earthquakes and the work of engineers. Now the water is to be drawn off entirely, and the site is expected to prove one of the world's richest garden spots.

taken place in recent years in the numbering of candidates who compete for woman and girl clerkships in the London post-office.

The fact that Great Britain leads the world in fast railway runs is remarkable, when it is taken into consideration that there is far more traffic on British than on American and continental roads.

On the roll of the new House of Commons Mr. John Murphy, M.P., has signed his name in Gaelic. This is the first time that a member of Parliament has signed the roll in other than English characters.

Every horse in the British army is numbered and has a little record kept. The number is branded upon the animal's hind feet—the thousands on the near hind foot, and the units, tens and hundreds on the off hind foot.

The British Museum has declined to purchase the Nelson memorandum outlining the plan of the Battle of Trafalgar, which was recently sold at auction for \$18,000 and offered to the museum by the purchaser at the same price.

An improvement in the latest London "tube" is stations painted distinctive colors, so that passengers may recognize them without hearing their names called. Not much of a change, suggests an English paper—merely the substitution of a hue for a cry.

Sir John Brunner has arranged for Wilmington, Norwich, what is called "a bonus scheme for healthy babies." Every birth will be reported upon, and at the end of twelve months Sir John will make a grant of 20 shillings to the mother or the guardian of each child that has made satisfactory progress. The object of the scheme is to reduce the infant mortality.

TESTING CIGARS.

The American Department of Agriculture are employing a mechanical smoker with the intention of improving the quality of cigar tobacco. The machine takes five cigars at a time, and smokes them with more regularity than a human being. It takes a ten seconds' even draw, gives a puff, and then waits half a minute before it draws again. Each cigar is watched carefully during the process of combustion, and every detail affecting the filler, binder, wrapper, ash, and aroma is noted down. Where the best results are obtained the seeds of the particular plants used in the manufacture of the cigars are put aside for next year's planting. In this way the department are convinced they will finally produce an unrivalled tobacco.

FRANCE'S LARGEST CLOCK.

The works of a clock made for the cathedral of St. Gervais d'Avranches weigh two tons; there are five sets of wheels, and the hours are struck on a bell weighing over six tons by a clapper of 220 pound. For the quarters and the carillon there are 22 other bells, the weight of the quarter bells ranging from 13 cwt. to two tons. There are four faces to this clock, which is the largest in France.

DISAPPEARING BEDS.

No one ever sees a bed in any of Mme. Patti's private rooms until the evening, when what might be taken to be a handsome wardrobe with a mirror becomes a bedstead. The housemaids, after making the bed in the morning, touch a spring, which causes the bed to sink down into the frame of the bedstead, and it is then drawn up so as to give it the appearance of a wardrobe.

GILDED FOWLS.

In Mexico a gold-mine has just been sold for \$150,000, for the discovery of which chickens are entitled to full credit. A few months ago the value of the property was unsuspected, but one day the employees of Albert Palos, a merchant, of Tapalpa, found grains of gold in the crops of his fowls, and immediately took steps to acquire the land where the birds roamed.

Victoria Day Soft Hats

Are Your Feet Ready for
Victoria Day ?

You can't enjoy the holiday unless your feet are comfortably attired. We've everything for the foot comfort of mankind.

Our moderate prices will enable you to place your feet in handsome and comfortable quarters without depleting your appropriation for the 24th.

Also a full line of Trunks, Suit Cases,
Club Bags, and Valises.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest dealers in this section of the country.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market. When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and **BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR** always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best **ANTHRACITE COAL**. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

NAPANEE,
15th January, 1906.

...Paul's...

WALLPAPER



For the 24th

Almost everybody will celebrate the 24th, as it is the first summer holiday.

What about a soft hat—no doubt you want one. We are showing all styles suitable for men or boys.

Prices for men's hats of good appearance, and that will give satisfaction, start at

\$1 and up to \$2.50

Boys' Hats at

50c., 75c., & \$1

Soft Shirts in all styles and sizes at 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and up.

We are exclusive agents for the celebrated W. G. & R. Shirts.

J. L. BOYES.

Does it so Easy.

Corn-off will take off more corns and do it easier—no pain—than any Corn Cure on the market. Price 15c at WALLACE'S Red Cross Drug Store.

Royal Hotel Block.

F. S. Scott's shop strictly up-to-date in every respect. A call solicited.

Wanted.

Good boy to learn the trade. One that shows signs of life. Apply at **BOYLE & SON.**

The Salvation Army Emigration.

Blank application forms for farmers who wish to apply to The Salvation Army for farm help may be had at this office.

Concert.

A concert of unusual merit will be given in the Western Methodist Church Tuesday evening next May 22. Miss Alys Bateman, Soprano, Miss Grace Merry, Elocutionist, and Mr. Edward Parlovitz Pianist, will appear before a Napanee audience for the first time and an excellent programme is promised. Tickets 50c Children 25c.

Stunned by Lightning.

While Mr. Thos. Pybus was returning home on Saturday night during the storm, he was stunned by lightning a short distance from his home. He managed to reach his house but sank exhausted on reaching it. A doctor was summoned and nothing serious will result. Mr. Pybus was able to be down town on Monday though severely shaken up.

Victoria Day Celebration at Kingston.

The great annual event of Central Canada—the Celebration of Victoria Day will be held at Kingston, on Thursday, May 24th. This is a demonstration which attracts thousands of visitors to the Limestone City. The Celebration this year promises to excel anything that has heretofore been held. Special features will be the Military Parade and Sports, Horse Races, and Motor Boat Races. The fastest Motor boats on the St. Lawrence will participate. Reduced Rates will be made from everywhere.

One gallon of Prism Brand Paint will cover 360 sq. ft., two coats. Every can guaranteed. The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

Get it at Wallace's

If it is in the Drug line and it is to be had in Napanee, you will find it at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

Johnny Get Your Hair Cut.

J. N. OSBORNE will cut it right, or give you a nice shave. t f

Paint and Oil.

We sell the best floor paints put up. Every can guaranteed. Full line of house paints at **BOYLE & SON.**

A Big Egg

Mr. Frank Vandebogart showed us on Friday last, a monster in the way of a hen's egg. The egg weighed 4 ounces measured 8 inches by 9 inches. It was from a white Orpington pullet.

Don't Miss Seeing.

The lady with the long beautiful hair in Fred L. Hooper's Drug Store window. Demonstration at this store by the Seven Sutherland Sisters, for two weeks beginning Monday, May 14.

Parish of Camden.

Services Sunday, May 20th, as follows: Camden East—St. Luke's church, 11 a.m.; Yarker—St. Anthony's church, at 8 p.m.; Newburgh—St. John's church, 7 p.m. Rev. S. Seasmell, of Kingston, will preach at all the services (D. V.) All are welcome.

Excursion to Picton.

The Steamer Reindeer will run an excursion to Picton, on Victoria Day, May 24th. Steamer leaves Cressy at 7.30 a. m.; Conway 8 a. m. Return fare 40c, Bongard's, 30c; H. Allison's 30c; Adolphustown, 8.30 a. m., 30c. Returning will leave Picton at 5 p. m. Horse Races and other attractions will be held at Picton on this date.

What Do You Think of That.

She said to her husband as they passed Fred L. Hooper's Drug Store, where a lady was standing in the window combing her long beautiful hair. Just to think of it, one woman having so much hair, and I have not enough to keep my hat on well. Her husband said "You can have more if you use what they do. That lady is one of the Seven Sutherland Sisters."

The Late Mrs. Ernest Loyst.

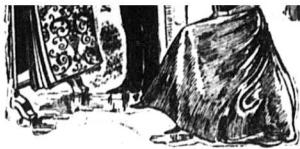
Martha Jane Russell, wife of Ernest Loyst, Napanee, died, on May 10th, after an illness of three months. She succumbed to a relapse of pleuro-pneumonia. Deceased was the eldest daughter of Nelson Russell, of Empey Hill, Richmond, and was in her forty-first year. Besides her husband she leaves three small children, all under six years of age. Mrs. Loyst was a loving wife and mother and a consistent member of the Western Methodist church.

Killed While at Play.

A very sad death occurred on the Deseronto road, on Tuesday, when little Lizzie Hudson, daughter of Mr. John Hudson was instantly killed. The little girl was playing around the house and climbed up on some steps which were out of use and had been stood up against the house. Her weight overbalanced the steps and they fell over on top of her, one of the steps catching her under the chin, causing instant death. The young husband and his wife have the sympathy of all in their sad bereavement. The funeral took place on Wednesday to the Western Cemetery.

Alys Bateman Coming.

This eminent London Soprano, whom experts claim will take the place of Madame Patti, accompanied by Mr. Edward Parlovitz and Miss Grace Merry, Toronto's most famous elocutionist, will give a concert in the Western Methodist Church, Tuesday evening, May 22. Miss Bateman has appeared before Royalty and was a great favorite among the aristocracy. Her rendition of "Caro Nome" (Patti's celebrated song) never fails to arouse the audience to remarkable enthusiasm by her finished and effective methods. Apart from a marvellously beautiful voice, she has a strongly marked



We present this style to let you know,
What lovely styles we have to show,
No time to hang them better than now,
You'd better see us for WE KNOW
HOW.

A. E. PAUL,

The Wallpaper Man.

**NOTICE,
PLYMOUTH COAL!**

**STOVE WOOD AND
CORDWOOD**

FOR SALE.

Steam Coal and Blacksmith Coal also on
hand.

CHAS. STEVENS,

1-tf Office, West Side Market Square

**STOP!
READ,
THINK.**

Can you afford to experiment, with
your eyes? You can eat with false
teeth, or walk with a artificial limb,
but a glass eye is useless. More eyes
are ruined by wearing mislitted glasses
than from natural causes. Be careful
to whom you intrust your eyes.

H. E. Smith

is an Optician of many years experience,
has satisfactorily fitted thousands
of difficult cases.

"Consult Him."

Smith's Jewellery Store

Seeds

For 1906

Seeds to buy!

Seeds to Sell!

Poultry Supplies of all kinds.
Bibby's Cream Equivalent, the World's
Calf Feed
Condition Powders.
Herbageum, Blotchfords, etc.

—AT—

SYMINGTON'S

South Side Dundas Street, Napanee, Ont.

At The Downtown Office of the
NAPANEE CANNING CO., Limited,

funeral took place on Monday.

Hazel Mildred, only daughter of Mr.
and Mrs. Perry Huffman passed away
on Monday afternoon after a long ill-
ness due to rheumatism and heart
trouble. The little girl was aged 4
years and eleven months, and the
sorrowing parents have the sympathy
of a large circle of friends in their sad
bereavement. The funeral took place
on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock
to the Western Cemetery.

A Great Work of Philanthropy.

The United Counties of Lennox and Ad-
dington according to the latest report of
the Registrar General for Ontario, there
were 31 deaths from tuberculosis in the year
from the United Counties, with a popula-
tion of 23,500. This is nearly 1.3 deaths
per 1000 people, and is almost twice the
number from any other disease. Of these
31 deaths, 17 were male and 14 female, 29
Canadians, 2 foreigners, 15 were single and
16 married, 4 were under 12 years of age,
and the average age at death was 24 years.

Statistics also show that the greater
mortality is among the younger married
women, and but impresses the fact, that
in looking to the future generations of this
county, every care known to science should
now be taken to check this terrible disease,
and every assistance be given to the work
now being carried on.

Since the Muskoka Hospitals started
eight years ago the Registrar General
Reports a decrease in the number of deaths
from consumption of over 20 per cent.
This is a splendid record and also shows
that with more Sanitariums and skilled
treatment, the disease can, before very
many years be entirely stamped out.

At present every help should be given by
each municipality and private citizens who
are able to do so to the free hospital for
consumptives at Muskoka. This hospital is
for poor patients and no one has been
refused admittance on account of poverty.
A number of counties have endowed beds,
at cost of \$200, in this hospital, so the con-
sumptive poor of their county may have
free treatment. The United counties of
Lennox and Addington will this year be
asked to do likewise, and it is hoped they
will follow the example of other counties
in this respect.

Mr. G. L. Jennings, Field Secretary of
the Free Hospital for Consumptives at
Muskoka, is in town for a week or so in
the interests of endowing a bed from Napa-
nee. He has been assured of the interest of
the townspeople in the matter, and a grant
will also be asked from the town council.
A branch association will be formed of
those interested in the work, the names of
which will be given later. All subscrip-
tions of whatever size will be most grate-
fully received, and acknowledged in the
local press.

BEAVER LAKE.

Mrs. Fred York of Napanee is spend-
ing a couple of weeks with her sister-in-
law Mrs. Wm. Kirkpatrick, who
has been very ill with pneumonia but
is slowly recovering.

Miss Rhoda York is spending a
couple of weeks with her niece, Mrs.
John Richmond of Leinster.

Mrs. John Johnson took a trip to
Napanee last Saturday.

Mr. Charlie Williams wears a smile.
"It's a boy."

Our school is progressing under the
management of Miss M. Hinchey.

Mr. Claud Williams, of Arden, spent
Sunday at Mr. Nathaniel Hinchey's.

Mr. Wilbert Clement of Moscow and
Mr. Elmore Hilland of Reidsville spent
Sunday at Mr. Geo. McKnight's.

Mr. David Reid, sr, is no better but
is growing weaker.

Addison Kellar and Miss Pearl Card
are on the sick list.

I wonder how the ladies of Bachelor's
Island would like to have the Beaver
Lake ladies to help them in their
baseball club?

CASTORIA.

Bears the
Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher

One gallon of Prism Brand
Paint will cover 360 sq. ft., two
coats. Every can guaranteed.
The Medical Hall.—Fred L.
Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat
ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene
tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists

Cord wood and Block wood
for sale. Robt. Light

21-t-f



The way to catch 'em

at least to "clinch things."

No girl that's worth having will marry
you for your diamonds, but few will say
"No" when given them.

Think it over, and then come in and se-
lect from our superb stock of engagement
and wedding rings, set with all varieties of
stones, at all prices.

QUALITY ALWAYS GUARANTEED.
Marriage Licenses as well. Strictly private.

F. CHINNECK'S
JEWELLRY STORE.



OUR SALE OF

Men's Shower-Proof Coats

will close on Saturday night.

If you care to get a nice up-to-date
coat at wholesale price come in on
Saturday.

C. A. Graham & Co.

great favorite among the aristocracy.
Her rendition of "Caro Nome" (Patti's
celebrated song) never fails to arouse
the audience to remarkable enthusiasm
by her finished and effective methods.
Apart from a marvellously beautiful
voice, she has a strongly marked
personality combining a most fascinat-
ing appearance with an irresistible
charm of manner and exquisite taste
in dress.

Miss Bateman will be accompanied
by Mr. Edward Parlovitz, of London,
England, late of the Watkin Mills
Quintette party who have made a
famous ten months tour of the world.

Miss Grace Merry, the popular
Toronto Reciter, has during three
seasons established herself as Canada's
leading elocutionist. She has been
especially engaged for the Bateman-
Parlovitz party's tour in preference to
any other artist in the profession.
Don't forget the date Tuesday May 22.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Glass,
Best Boiled Oil, Elephant Brand
White Lead and Ready Mixed Paint.
It pays to buy the best.

MADOLE & WILSON.

New Books at the Library.

The following are a few of the latest
books added to our Public Library.
They touch upon various themes and
departments and thus appeal to the
various tastes of readers.

1. "Stories of the Good Green Wood"—
An interesting nature book for
children.
2. "House of Morilles."—An interest-
ing story of a boy's life from infancy
to manhood.
3. "For the Queen in South Africa."—
Exciting struggles of individuals
for the Queen against her enemies.
A boy's book.
4. "Jessica Trent."—A young girl's en-
deavours to uphold the honor of
her father after his sudden death.
5. "Heart of Lynn."—Struggle of a
mother, three daughters and one
son to gain a livelihood, their lu-
diculous mistakes and ultimate
successes well told. A good book
for girls.
6. "Monopolies Past and Present"—A
concise, readable and instructive
book, on a subject of live interest
at present.
7. "Our Young Folk's Plutarch."—A
well written book giving the sub-
stance of Plutarch's Lives. Lovers
of history will find this interesting.
8. "The Turk and his lost Provinces."—
An excellent and very readable
book dealing with the life and rule
of the "Sick man of Europe."
9. "Salve Venetia," by Marion Craw-
ford.—A beautiful description of
Venice.
10. "The Missions of California."—An
interesting history of Pioneer Mis-
sion Life upon the Pacific coast.
11. "Business Philosophy."—A series
of heart to heart talks with busi-
ness men.

Bookkeepers Supplies.

Sections, Broods and Foundation
Comb, Smokers &c.

MADOLE & WILSON.

SIRATHCONA

George Haycock has been at West
Lake, Prince Edward for the past week
at the bedside of his aged father, who
is slowly sinking.

Miss Shirley Fox had a slight stroke
of paralysis on Saturday last. She is
some better at present.

Mrs. Harrington was taken with
hemorrhage of the stomach. Tuesday.

Go to Kelly's Grocery

for the best 25c. Green Tea in town
also Pure Coffee, ground as desired 40c.
a lb. Choice California Prunes 10c. a
lb., Green Gage Plum 10c. a can, good
Laundry Starch 4 lb. jar 25c., and for
Good Bread, try the Hungarian Patent
Flour

At Kelly's. It is Certainly
Good.

SCOTCH TWEED —AND— HOMESPUNS.

Nothing is more
tasty or stylish
for summer
wear than a
Scotch Tweed,
or Homespun
Suit.
We can make
you up a Suit at
money saving
prices.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

SHARPTON.

Stock of all kinds have been returned on the pastures except working horses. There is a large surplus of last year's hay left over.

There is a young son at Peter Mohan's. Mr. Garrison, Colebrook, who is drilling wells in the vicinity, passed through here.

Israel Babock has moved into Mr. Maine's house.

An unusual number of stallions travel the road.

Miss M. Smith of the city, is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. Somerville.

D. Parks has gone to work in Dexter, N. Y.

Mrs. J. Koen is visiting her mother, Mrs. Drumm, Belleville.

DENBIGH.

Rev. G. Daechsel bought a nice span of bronchos, in Bancroft, and is now able to make the trips to his distant Missions with more comfort and in less time. He made a trip to Eganville last week, accompanied by his daughter, Magda, and improved the opportunity by enjoying a visit at Rev. G. Brackenbusch, of that town.

Emil Stain and Adolph Warlich, who left for the North-west about a month ago have advised their friends of their safe arrival at Saskatoon.

Mr. Jas. Lane, Proprietor of the Denbigh House, and one of the first and most prominent settlers in this part of the country, has sold his Public House and 140 acres of land, near this village, to Mr. John A. Dool, who is already in possession of the property. Mr. and Mrs. Lane are moving to Ottawa, where two of their daughters reside.

Mr. Geo. W. Pennock has moved on the farm lately purchased from Willet Hanes, and has leased his homestead of 300 acres in the township of Raglan to his sons, James and Joseph Pennock.

Mr. Walter Thompson is building a new frame dwelling house. Mr. Albert Crabtree is the architect, which is a guarantee that the workmanship will be in first-class style.

Rev. A. Huffman, of Arden, conducted Divine Services again at the Methodist church, last Friday evening.

A lively time is expected at this year's Court of Revision for this Municipality, which will be held at Veneuchar on the 2nd of June next. An unusually large number of appeals against the assessment have been filed with the Township Clerk.

Gas and Gasoline Stoves.

Quick meal and Detroit Vapor Gasoline and Oxford Gas Stoves,
MADOLE & WILSON.

Not in the Same Class

PERSONALS

Miss Elliot, Kingston, spent a few days in town this week the guest of Miss Cartwright.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Hodson were in town on Friday and Saturday last. Mrs. Hodson will remain here for the summer.

Mr. Chas. Conger, of Farnham, Que., spent Sunday and Monday in town attending the funeral of his uncle.

Mrs. Jas. Madill, Kingston spent the week in town the guest of her sister Mrs. Madill.

Mr. S. D. Abell, Toronto, spent Sunday with his family in town.

Miss Jennie Dryden, Deseronto spent Sunday the guest of Miss Olive Hambly.

Master Miles Miller entertained a number of his young friends on Friday last.

Miss Olive Hambly, Belleville spent Sunday with her parents in town.

Miss Florence Schryver, Chambers, spent Sunday the guest of Miss May Steacy.

Mr. Nicholas Vanalstine who has been seriously ill of pleuro-pneumonia is recovering nicely.

Mr. Maurice Smith, Chicago, is visiting his parents in town.

Mrs. Geo. Breckenridge, Brighton, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Manly Jones.

Mr. Earn. Gibson left on Monday for the west.

Mr. Joe Bennett, was down from Toronto on Saturday. His family left for Toronto on Tuesday.

Mrs. Ed. Smith, and little daughter Chicago, are expected in town next week to visit relatives.

Mr. Wm. Madill Kingston, spent Sunday the guest of his cousin Mr. Clarence Madill.

Mrs. Alfred Joyce, Deseronto, is home attending the bedside of her father.

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche, Deseronto, was in town on Monday.

Mr. Wm. Templeton, spent a couple of days in Toronto this week.

Miss Haney, Deseronto, is visiting friends in Kingston.

Mr. Wm. Woodruff, Close's Mills, was a caller at our office on Monday.

Mrs. V. Kouber will be "At Home" after June 15th.

Miss Janet Templeton leaves next week to spend some months with friends in England, Ireland and Scotland.

Mr. H. M. Lowe and Mrs. Low, Enterprise, left for Edmonton, Alta., on Friday last.

Miss Libbie Edwards is visiting friends in Watertown.

Messrs. D. H. Preston, W. T. Waller, and W. A. Rose, were in Kingston on Monday.

His Hon. Judge Price, held court in Bath on Monday.

Messrs. W. A. Grange, and W. S. Herrington, K. C. have been appointed Notaries Public.

Miss Mary Montgomery, Kingston, spent a few days last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Stratton.

Mr. G. L. Jennings, Field Secretary of the National Sanitarium Association is in town for a week in the interests of endowing a bed in the Free Hospital for consumptives, at Muskoka for poor patients from this near locality.

Mrs. William Francisco, Kingston, was the guest of Mrs. Nicholas VanAlstyne, on Wednesday.

Mr. Ezra VanAlstyne, Brockville, and daughter Mabel, returned home on Wednesday, after spending a couple of days at the bedside of his father, who is ill.

Mrs. Ed. Huff returned to her home in Peterborough, on Wednesday.

Misses Carrie and Helen Williams and Messrs. Wm. Shuster and Thos. Holgate, were in Picton on Wednesday.

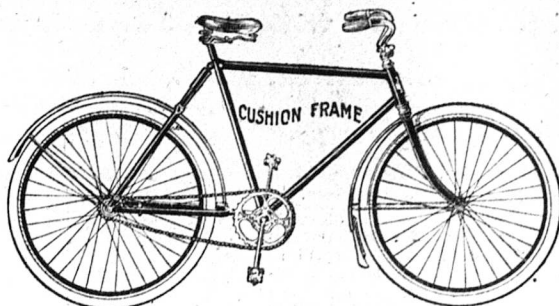
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Is it not better to select a piece of Furniture that you know is artistic?

The assortment of Furniture shown by us is selected carefully, each of some special point of merit.

You need not look through a mass of common things if you come to us. You can select anything and be certain it is in good taste.

The Gibbard Furniture Co.,
of Napanee, Limited.



THE WORKINGMAN

having set the seal of his approval on the bicycle, stamps it as an article of common sense and practical utility.

He knows that it places distant points at the turn of a pleasant spin.

That it soon pays for itself in saved car fares.

That it gives him fresh air and healthful exercise while going to and from his duties.

That it enables him to live in the outskirts and still be within a few minutes of his work.

That the "Silver Ribbon Massey" has no superior anywhere.

That he can procure it in either the famous Cushion Frame or ordinary style models.

Model 54, Cushion Frame	\$60.00
" 56, Ordinary "	50.00
" 58, Imperial "	40.00

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Quick meal and Detroit Vapor Gasoline and Oxford Gas Stoves.
MADOLE & WILSON.

Not in the Same Class

A Warning to Ladies who Use Package Dyes.

The WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., LIMITED, of Montreal, manufacturers of the world-famed DIAMOND DYES, would specially warn all users of DIAMOND DYES as well as retail merchants, that they have not the slightest connection with any firm or combination of people who are now putting up week-and-adulterated package dyes for home use.

The DIAMOND DYES, for their own interests, and for the welfare and protection of tens of thousand of Canadian women, find it necessary to denounce the reports circulated by manufacturers of certain crude dyes that their products are put up according to the formulae of the DIAMOND DYES.

The adulterated dyes manufactured by speculators (jealous of the success of DIAMOND DYES), are not in the same class with the popular DIAMOND DYES.

To insure complete success in home dyeing work, buy only the DIAMOND DYES, and see that the words DIAMOND PACKAGE DYES appear on every envelope.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., LIMITED MONTREAL, P. Q., will send FREE to any address their New Direction Book, Samples of Dyed Cloth, and Verse Story, entitled "The Longjohns' Trip to the Klondike."

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ONE-THIRD LESS THAN
THE USUAL PRICE.

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The Leading Shoe House
in Napanee.

Everything new and Up-to-Date.
A full line of Trunks and Valises.

FRED CURRY,
Proprietor.

J. C. Hawley, Manager.

and daughter, Helen, returned on Wednesday, after spending a couple of days at the bedside of his father, who is ill.

Mrs. Ed. Huff returned to her home in Peterborough, on Wednesday.

Misses Carrie and Helen Williams and Messrs. Wm. Shuster and Thos. Holgate, were in Picton on Wednesday.

The Misses Clark, of Rochester, are guests of Mrs. Geo. Smith.

Miss Myrtle Scott, Mr. Lester Scott, and Rev. Perry Scott left on Wednesday for Fargo, N. Dakota.

Rev. Father Connolly, Newburgh, was in Kingston on Tuesday.

Mr. Clarence A. Bogert the new General Manager of the Dominion Bank is a Napanee boy, a son of Ven. Archdeacon Bogert, formerly of Napanee, now of Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bowerman, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Gibson.

Miss Jean Daly is spending a month in Toronto.

Miss Edna Carson is visiting friends in Belleville.

Mr. E. R. Checkley, Yarker, spent Sunday in town.

Messrs. Richard Carr and J. F. Roblin Dorland were in town on Wednesday.

Mr. Thomas Johnston, of Napanee, spent a few days with friends in Toronto, this week.

Mr. Ed. Grange, of Toronto, was home Monday to visit friends, and left for Manitoba, Wednesday.

Mr. Fowler, of Scranton, spent last Sunday with his wife, and friends in Napanee.

Miss Allie Williams left this week to spend the summer at Long Island, N. Y.

Miss Cartwright, Deaconess, has resigned her position to become a Missionary among the Galicians, at Pagan, Alberta.

Mr. Travers, Odessa, Manager of the Crown Bank will occupy the house formerly occupied by Mr. Jas. E. Herring.

Mrs. L. Williams, Camden East, is visiting friends in New York State for a couple of months.

Mrs. Burritt, left Mexico City, Thursday and is expected in Napanee this week.

W. A. Warner, Trenton, was in town Thursday on business.

Mr. W. S. Herrington and A. T. Harshaw were in Picton, Thursday, on business.

Dr. Symington, and Miss Janet Templeton, of Napanee will leave next week for a trip to Scotland, via Montreal.

DEATHS.

HUFFMAN—At Napanee, on Monday May 14th, 1906, Hazel Mildred Huffman aged 4 years, 11 months.

LOYST—At Napanee, on Thursday, May 10th, 1906, Martha Jane Russell, beloved wife of Ernest Loyal.

CRANSTON—At Napanee, on Saturday, May 12th, 1906, Mrs. William Cranston, aged 26 years.

HUDSON—At Richmond, on Tuesday May 15th, 1906, Lizzie Hudson daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hudson, aged 2 years and 5 months.

ALLISON—At Adolphustown, on Tuesday, May 15th, 1906, David Wright Allison, in his eighty-sixth year.

Mrs. J. F. VanEvery, Owen Sound, as the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Templeton.

Mrs. James Richardson, is visiting her daughter Mrs. Elliot, Deseronto, who is quite ill.

Mrs. R. B. Shipman, has returned from a visit with friends in Toronto.

Belleville Portland Cement, Glazed Tile all sizes

at BOYLE & SON.

THE PLAZA

Up-to-date Barber Shop

A. WILLIS.

Made and guaranteed by

Canada Cycle & Motor Co.

LIMITED.

"Makers of the World's Best Bicycles."

General Office and Works, TORONTO JUNCTION, CANADA.

W. J. NORMILE, Napanee Bicycle Works.

Headquarters for Bicycle Repairing,
Tires of all Kinds a Specialty.

VICTORIA DAY CELEBRATION KINGSTON, THURSDAY, MAY 24th

Monster Military Parade.

Horse Races,

Motor Boat Races,

Polo Pony Races,

Sports of all kinds,

Special Reduced Rates from all Points.

MAYOR MOWAT,
PRESIDENT.

W. C. MARTIN,
SECRETARY.

Lawn mowers, Lawn Rakes, Lawn Shears, Lawn Hose Sprinklers, Nozzles All good. Lawn mowers \$3.00 \$4.00 & \$5.00 each. See them at
BOYLE & SON.

Sore Throat and Coughs

A simple, effective and safe remedy for all throat irritations is found in

Cresolene Antiseptic Tablets

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice.
10c. All Druggists 400.



DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

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BARRISTER,
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.
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HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.
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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street
26m Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 517

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.....DENTIST.....
34 YEARS EXPERIENCE
21 YEARS IN NAPANEE
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H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN
Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Town every Wednesday.

McMILLAN PIANOS
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NAPANEE